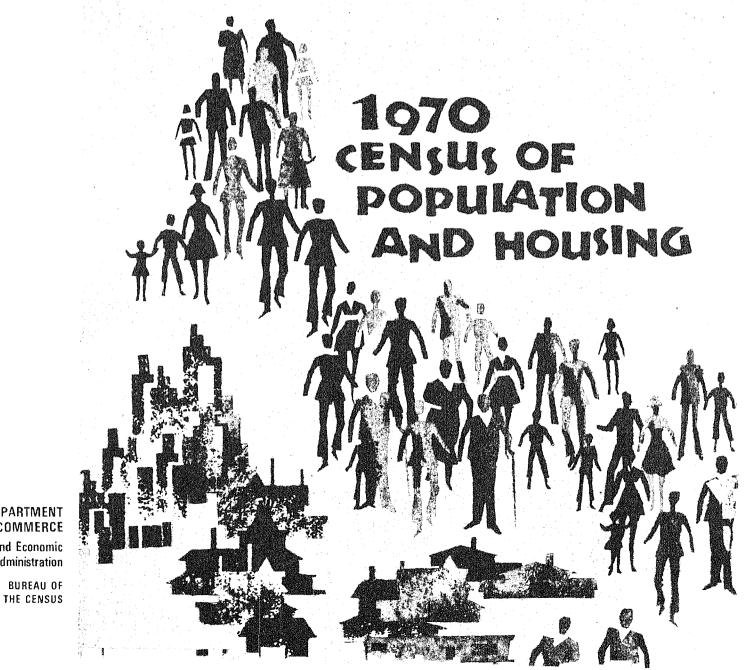
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PHC(1)-32

Census Tracts

BROCKTON, MASS. STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA



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1970 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING

Census Tracts

BROCKTON, MASS.
STANDARD METROPOLITAN
STATISTICAL AREA

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1	Abilene, Tex.	41	Charlotte, N.C.*	81	Great Falls, Mont.
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4	Albany-Schenectady-Troy, N.Y.	44	Cincinnati, Ohio-KyInd.	84	Greenville, S.C.
5	Albuquerque, N. Mex.	45	Cleveland, Ohio	85	Hamilton-Middletown, Ohio
6	Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PaN.J.	46	Colorado Springs, Colo.	86	Harrisburg, Pa.
7	Altoona, Pa.	47	Columbia, Mo.	87	Hartford, Conn.*
8	Amarillo, Tex.	48	Columbia, S.C.	88	Honolulu, Hawaii*
9	Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove, Calif.	49	Columbus, GaAla.	89	Houston, Tex.*
10	Anderson, Ind.	50	Columbus, Ohio	90	Huntington-Ashland, W. VaKy Ohio*
11	Ann Arbor, Mich.	51	Corpus Christi, Tex.	91	Huntsville, Ala.
12	Appleton-Oshkosh, Wis.	52	Dallas, Tex.	92	Indianapolis, Ind.
13	Asheville, N.C.	53	Davenport-Rock Island-Moline, Iowa-III.	93	Jackson, Mich.
14	Atlanta, Ga.*	54	Dayton, Ohio	94	Jackson, Miss.
15	Atlantic City, N.J.	55	Decatur, III.	95	Jacksonville, Fla.
16	Augusta, GaS.C.	56	Denver, Colo.	96	Jersey City, N.J.
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24	Biloxi-Gulfport, Miss.	64	Eugene, Oreg.	104	Lake Charles, La.
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30	Bridgeport, Conn.	70	Flint, Mich.	110	Lawton, Okla.
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35	Buffalo, N.Y.	75	Fresno, Calif.	115	Little Rock-North Little Rock, Ark.
36	Canton, Ohio	76	Gadsden, Ala.	116	Lorain-Elyria, Ohio*
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38	Champaign-Urbana, III.	78	Galveston-Texas City, Tex.	118	Louisville, Ky,-Ind.
39	Charleston, S.C.*	79	Gary-Hammond-East Chicago, Ind.	119	Lowell, Mass.
40	Charleston, W. Va.	1 80	Grand Rapids, Mich.*	120	Lubbock, Tex.

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umber	Area	number	Alfa		
121	Lynchburg, Va.*	161	Pine Bluff, Ark.	201	Spokane, Wash.
122	Macon, Ga.*	162	Pittsburgh, Pa.	202	Springfield, III.
123	Madison, Wis.	163	Pittsfield, Mass.	203	Springfield, Mo.
124	Manchester, N.H.	164	Portland, Maine*	204	Springfield, Ohio
125	Mansfield, Ohio	165	Portland, OregWash.	205	Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke, MassCo
120	McAllen-Pharr-Edinburg, Tex.	166	Providence-Pawtucket-Warwick, R.IMass.*	206	Stamford, Conn.
126	•	167	Provo-Orem, Utah	207	Steubenville-Weirton, Ohio- W. Va.
127	Memphis, TennArk.	168	Pueblo, Colo.	208	Stockton, Calif.
128	Meriden, Conn.		Racine, Wis.	209	Syracuse, N.Y.
129	Miami, Fla.	169	•	210	Tacoma, Wash.
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131	Milwaukee, Wis.*	171	Reading, Pa.	211	Tallahassee, Fla.
132	Minneapolis-St. Paul, Minn.	172	Reno, Nev.	212	Tampa-St. Petersburg, Fla.
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139	Nashville-Davidson, Tenn.	179	Saginaw, Mich.	220	Tuscaloosa, Ala.
140	New Bedford, Mass.	180	St. Joseph, Mo.	221	Tyler, Tex.
141	New Britain, Conn.	181	St. Louis, MoIII.*	222	Utica-Rome, N.Y.
142	New Haven, Conn.*	182	Salem, Oreg.	223	Vallejo-Napa, Calif.
143	New London-Groton-Norwich, Conn.*	183	Salinas-Monterey, Calif.	224	Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, N.J.
144	New Orleans, La.	184	Salt Lake City, Utah	225	Waco, Tex.
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	,			226	Washington, D.CMdVa.
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147	Newport News-Hampton, Va.*	187	San Bernardino-Riverside-Ontario, Calif.	228	Waterloo, lowa
148	Norfolk-Portsmouth, Va.*	188	San Diego, Calif.	229	West Palm Beach, Fla.
149	Norwalk, Conn.*	189	San Francisco-Oakland, Calif.	230	Wheeling, W. VaOhio
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			Conta Backers, Calif	231	Wichita, Kans.
151	Ogden, Utah	191	Santa Barbara, Calif.	232	Wichita Falls, Tex.*
152	Oklahoma City, Okla.	192	Santa Rosa, Calif.	233	Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pa.
153	Omaha, NebrIowa	193	Savannah, Ga.	234	Wilmington, DelN.JMd.
154	Orlando, Fla.	194	Scranton, Pa.	235	Wilmington, N.C.
155	Oxnard-Ventura, Calif.	195	Seattle-Everett, Wash.	236	Worcester, Mass.*
156	Paterson-Clifton-Passaic, N.J.	196	Sherman-Denison, Tex.	237	York, Pa.
157	Pensacola, Fla.	197	Shreveport, La.	238	Youngstown-Warren, Ohio*
158	Peoria, III.	198	Sioux City, Iowa-Nebr.	239	Mayaguez, P.R.
159	Philadelphia, PaN.J.	199	Sioux Falls, S. Dak.	240	Ponce, P.R.
160	Phoenix, Ariz.	200	South Bend, Ind.	241	San Juan, P.R.

INTRODUCTION

APPENDIXES

A.	Area Classifications	App-1
В.	Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics	App-3
C.	Accuracy of the Data	App-13
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GENERAL

This report presents statistics by census tract on the characteristics of the population and housing units as reported in the 1970 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1970, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957), which codified Title 13, United States Code. This report series contains 241 reports as listed on page II. Each report relates to a particular standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), and in some cases also covers certain areas adjacent to the SMSA. As stated on page App-2, there are 247 currently recognized SMSA's, including four in Puerto Rico. There are no reports in this series for six of these SMSA's because they were newly designated on the basis of the 1970 census results and census tracts had not been established for them previously.

This series of reports is one of the several series which present the information compiled from the census. For a description of the full data dissemination program see Appendix D, "Publication and Computer Summary Tape Program."

The content and procedures of the 1970 census were determined after

evaluation of the results of the 1960 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field pretesting. A number of changes were introduced in 1970 to improve the usefulness of the census results. For the characteristics shown in this report, the changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability of the 1970 data with those for 1960.

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D. C. 20233. Such information will also appear in later reports of the 1970 census.

Organization of the text.-The text consists of this introduction and four appendixes, which appear after the Appendix A describes area tables. classifications, defines census tracts, and traces some of the history of the development of census tract statis-Appendix B provides definitions and explanations of the population and housing subjects appearing in the report. Appendix C presents information on sources of error in the data, sampling variability, ratio estimation, and editing procedures. Appendix D summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1970 census.

Content of the tables.—There are two numbered series of tables. Tables P-1 to P-8 present population statistics and tables H-1 to H-5 present housing statistics. Tables P-5 to P-8 and H-3 to H-5 relate to Negroes and to persons of Spanish language or surname or persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; they include only those tracts that have a population of 400 or more for the particular group.

The tables include data for the component counties and places of 25,000 or more in the SMSA, as well as for the tracts. All tables are arranged in identical fashion. Summations are presented first for the SMSA, followed by the component counties in alphabetical order (within State, if the SMSA crosses State lines). Shown under each county is the summation for each component place of 25,000 inhabitants or more and the balance of the county. Following these summations are the data for individual tracts (arranged in the abovementioned geographic order) within the SMSA; and, in certain cases, for individual tracts in territory contiguous to the SMSA. When a tract crosses the boundary of a place of 25,000 inhabitants or more, statistics for the portion of the tract which lies inside the place are shown with the figure for the place; statistics for the remainder of the tract are shown as part of another place and/or under the county balance, as appropriate. The totals for each of these "split" tracts appear at the end of the table.

Sample size.—Tables P-1, H-1, and H-3 contain 100-percent data; the remaining tables contain data based on a sample of the population, with sampling rates of 20 percent or 15 percent. Figures for the total population or for some subgroups of the population (e.g., the population 5 years old and over) may differ from table to table or within the same table when the figures are tabulated from different samples. The sample size for each subject is stated in table C, Appendix C, "Accuracy of the Data." Appendix C also provides information on the sampling variability associated with the data.

Derived figures (percents, medians, etc.).-Percents, medians, and means, as well as certain rates and ratios are shown in these reports. For all types of derived figures in this report, the figure is not presented (but indicated by three dots "...") if the base is smaller than the minimum number prescribed for the sample on which the figure is based. The minimum bases are 5 (persons, families, households, or housing units) for figures derived from 100-percent tabulations, 25 for figures based on the 20-percent sample, and 33 for those based on the 15-percent sample. When a crosstabulation of two or more characteristics covers subjects based on different samples, the minimum base for the smaller sample applies, though figures are shown for all areas, except when the base is less than the specified minimum, the reader should exercise caution in the use and interpretation of data for very small areas or subgroups of the population; these data are especially subject to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors.

Percents which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but indicated as zero (i.e., "-"). The median, which is a type of average, is the middle value in a distribution, i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts-one-half of the cases fall below the median and one-half of the cases exceed the median. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-end distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$5,000," it is shown as "\$5,000-." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an open-end distribution, the method of

presentation is to show the initial value of the terminal category followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "75 years and over," it is shown as "75+." The mean is the arithmetic average derived by adding the values in a particular distribution and dividing by the number of units in the distribution.

Symbols.—A dash "—" signifies zero. Three dots "…" mean not applicable, or that the base for the derived figure is too small for it to be shown, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individuals. The symbol "U" means that the place is "unincorporated."

Boundaries.—Information on changes in the boundaries of tracts between 1960 and 1970 for this area appears after the Introduction. Information on boundary changes between 1960 and 1970 for certain types of areas other than tracts is given in the 1970 Population Census PC(1)-A report for each State.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1970 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. In 1960, self-enumeration was first introduced on a nationwide scale as a substitute for the traditional census direct interview.

A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every household several days before Census Day, April 1, 1970. This questionnaire contained certain explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction sheet; in areas with comparatively large proportions of Spanish-speaking persons, a Spanish version of the instruction sheet was also enclosed.

In the larger metropolitan areas and some adjacent counties, altogether containing about three-fifths of the population of the United States, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the form on Census Day. Approximately 87 percent of the householders did so. The mailedback forms were reviewed by the census enumerator (or, in some localities, a census clerk) and if the form was determined to be incomplete or inconsistent, a followup was made. The bulk of these followups were made by telephone, the rest by personal visit. For the households which did not mail back their forms, a followup was also made, in almost all cases by personal visit and in the remainder by telephone.

For the remaining two-fifths of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the form and give it to the enumerator when he called; approximately 80 percent did so. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit.

Three types of questionnaires were used throughout the country; 80 percent of the households answered a form containing a limited number of population and housing questions and the remainder, split into 15-percent and 5-percent samples, answered forms which contained these questions as well as a number of additional guestions. Some of the additional questions were the same on the 15-percent and 5-percent versions; others were different. A random procedure was used to determine which of the three particular household forms any answered.

In the metropolitan and adjacent areas, the designated type of questionnaire was sent to each household. In the remaining areas, the questionnaire

INTRODUCTION—Continued

with a limited number of questions was distributed to all households, and the enumerators obtained the additional information by interview in those households designated for the 15-percent and 5-percent samples.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1970 census questionnaires were specially designed to be processed by FOSDIC (Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in

predesignated positions that would be 'read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire onto computer magnetic tape with no intervening manual processing. A number of the items, however, required reviewing written entries to determine the proper code. Consequently, the processing involved a manual coding and editing operation in which clerks determined the appropriate codes and marked the specified positions on the questionnaire; for example, the clerks applied a 2-digit numerical code for the country-of-birth entry. marks, as well as those made by the respondent and enumerator, were read

by FOSDIC onto magnetic tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps (see Appendix C, "Accuracy of the Data"). One of the end results of this operation was a computer tape from which the tables in this report were prepared on a cathode-ray-tube phototypesetting machine at the Government Printing Office. Another end result was the summary tapes which are available for purchase, as described in Appendix D, "Publication and Computer Summary Tape Program."

Table A. Tract Comparability: 1970 to 1960

[Area tracted is the same as in 1960. The tables list only those census tracts for which the boundaries or identification changed between 1960 and 1970]

1970 trad	:t				1960 tract
4561					NC-0062 PART
4562	Ċ				NC-0062 PART
4563					NC-0063 PART
4564		:	:		NC-0063 PART
4571	:	:	:		NC-0061
5101		:	:	:	PC-0004 PART
5102		:	:	:	PC-0004 PART
5102			•	•	PC-0005 PART
			•	•	PC-0005 PART
5104	٠	٠	•	•	PC-0005 FART
5105	•	•	•	٠	PC=0006
5106			٠		PC-0007 PART
5107					PC-0007 PART
5108					PC-0008
5109					PC-0005 PART
					PC-0009 PART
5110					PC-0009 PART
5111					PC-0010 PART
5112		i			PC-0009 PART
	-	•		-	PC-0010 PART
5113					PC-0011
5114					PC-0012 PART
5115		Ċ			PC-0012 PART
					PC-0013 PART
5116	•	٠	٠	٠	PC-0014
5117	•	•	٠	٠	
					PC-0013 PART
5201	•	•	٠	٠	PC-0020 PART
5202	٠	٠	٠	٠	PC-0020 PART
5211		٠	٠	٠	PC-0019 PART
5212	٠	٠	٠	٠	PC-0019 PART
5221	•	٠	٠	٠	PC-0028
5231	٠	٠		•	PC-0018 PART
5232		٠			PC-0018 PART
5241	٠	٠	•	٠	PC-0015
5251					PC-0016 PART
5252	:	:	:		PC-0016 PART
5253	:	:			PC-0017
1	•	•	٠	•	PC-0016 PART
6001					BC-0001 PART
6002		•	•		BC-0001 PART
0002	•	•	•	•	PG-0001 (5001

Table B. Tract Comparability: 1960 to 1970

[Area tracted is the same as in 1960. The tables list only those census tracts for which the boundaries or identification changed between 1960 and 1970]

Area tracted is the s	dille as in 1900.	The fautes fist on
1960 tract	1970 tract	
BC-0001	6001	
NC-0061	6002	1
NC-0062	4571 4561	
NC-0002	4562	}
NC-0063	4563	
	4564	1
PC-0004	5101	ł
	5102	l
PC-0005	5103	
	5104	1
	5109 PART	
PC-0006 PC-0007	5105	
Pc-0007	5106	ļ
D= 0000		j
PC-0008 PC-0009	5110	
#C-00031 · ·	5109 PART	
	5112 PART	
PC-0010	5111	
	5112 PART	
PC-0011		
PC-0012	5115	
PC-0013		
PE-0013	5117 PART	
PC=0014		
PC-0015		
PC-0016		
	5252	
	5253 PART	
PC-0017	5253 PARI	
PC-0018	5231 5232	
PC-0019		
PC-0019	5212	
1		
PC-0020.	5201	
_	5202	
PC-0028	5221	

CORRECTION NOTE

The data presented for certain tracts in this SMSA contain errors which were found too late for retabulation to be feasible. The corrected 100-percent population and housing unit counts listed below for the affected tracts (and other areas) are not reflected in the tables of this report. County and place corrections shown here are consistent with (or revise) the information provided in the PC(1)-A and B, and HC(1)-A, State reports.

	Popula	tion	Housing	units
	As shown in table P-1	Corrected	As shown in table H-1	Corrected
Plymouth County (part):				
Tracts:				
5101	5,687	6,016	1,441	1,522
5102	6,092	5,761	1,898	1,816
5103	3,679	3,700	1,434	1,463
5104	4,359	4,196	1,535	1,472
5105	6,791	8,693	2,227	2,809
51.06	4,487	2,753	1,335	808
51.07	5,035	5,102	1,682	1,706
5108	6,262	6,204	2,433	2,413
5109	3,016	2,872	1,657	1,618
5110	2,813	3,021	835	895
5111	13,146	6,868	3,600	1,679
5112	4,449	4,533	1,284	1,307
5113	4,930	6,938	1,653	2,065
5114	11,688	4,000	3,421	1,486
5115	3,682	4,062	1,388	1,556
5116	2,455	6,637	845	2,317
5117	469	7,684	122	1,858

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970

					Plymouth Co		Part in Brist			Part i	n Norfalk Ca	unty	
Census Tracts	Total	Part in Bristol	Part in Norfolk	-			Tract	Troct	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Trac
	SMSA	County	County	Total	Brockton	Balance	6001	6002	4561	4562	4563	4564	457
RACE		36.389				" 0 0/0					4 700	7 704	
White	189 820 185 864 3 260	12 157 12 081 53	28 754 28 235 435	148 909 145 548 2 772	89 040 86 515 2 162	59 869 59 033 610	6 594 6 547 25	5 563 5 534 28	8 172 8 006 149	3 078 3 000 65	4 503 4 447 44	7 706 7 558 131	5 29 5 22 4
Percent Negro	1.7	0.4	1.5	1.9	2.4	1.0	0.4	0.5	1.8	2.1	1.0	1.7	0.
Mole, all ages	92 287	6 010	14 102	72 175	42 723	29 452	3 215	2 795	3 983	1 571	2 173	3 837	2 53
Under 5 years 3 and 4 years 5 to 9 years	9 753 4 072 10 599	565 260 700	1 571 662 1 713	7 617 3 150 8 186	4 693 1 920 4 775	2 924 1 230 3 411	247 122 345	318 138 355	416 177 455	155 77 228	249 90 258	501 206 486	25 11: 28
5 years 6 years		152 135 702	335 343 1 708	1 667 1 700 7 687	985 1 007 4 361	682 693 3 326	70 67 345	82 68 357	85 88	41 49 224	54 47 233	105 103 442	5 5
14 years 15 to 19 years	1 909 8 036	157 695	322 1 29 4	1 430 6 047	799 3 268	631 2 779	76 437	81 258	465 99 356	32 161	43 183	86 336	34 6: 25
15 years 16 years 17 years	1 835 1 717 1 628	137 122 108	331 275 274	1 367 1 320 1 246	746 748 675	621 572 571	67 65 64	70 57 44	99 78 75	43 34 35	41 41 39	85 64 74	6: 5: 5:
18 years	1 508 1 348	168 160	274 234 180	1 106 1 008	604 495	502 513	112 129	56 31	70 34	25 24	33 29	57 56	4º 37
20 to 24 years	6 197 1 187 1 154	478 148 125	816 137 154	4 903 902 875	3 003 503 501	1 900 399 374	352 126 100	126 22 25	264 44 39	76 15 17	140 17 28	199 38 38	13) 20 30
25 to 34 years	12 032 10 730	673 766	1 802 1 755	9 557 8 209	5 687 4 765	3 870 3 444	314 367	359 399	520 468	151 234	319 269	547 454	2: 3: 26: 33(
45 to 54 years 55 to 59 years 60 to 64 years		604 233 219	1 662 567 422	8 148 3 452 2 614	4 788 2 095 1 563	3 360 1 357 1 051	321 121 130	283 112 89	495 156 125	179 61 43	230 95 59	411 151 118	347 104 77
65 to 74 years 75 years and over	4 193	259 116	495 297	3 439 2 316	2 188 1 537	1 251 779	155 81	104 35	157 106	40 19	91 47	118 74	89 51
Female, all agesUnder 5 years	9 250	6 147 506	14 652 1 359	76 734 7 385	46 317 4 558	30 417 2 827	3 379 266	2 768 240	4 189 366	1 507 141	2 330 208	3 869 398	2 757 246
3 and 4 years 5 to 9 years 5 years	3 889 10 353 2 077	241 681 119	559 1 652 348	3 089 8 020 1 610	1 879 4 642 927	1 210 3 378 683	131 336 67	110 345 52	131 418 86	61 158 22	87 285 80	174 445 97	106 346 63
6 years 10 to 14 years	2 089 9 714	142 627	317 1 627	1 630 7 460	930 4 150	700 3 310	78 298	64 329	82 424	23 205	47 233	88 421	77 344
14 years 15 to 19 years 15 years	1 799 8 306 1 675	108 725 126	320 1 336 305	1 371 6 245 1 244	786 3 466 721	585 2 779 523	48 469 72	60 256 54	76 402 70	46 159 41	47 192 38	78 311 89	73 272 67
16 years17 years	1 680 1 628	121 101	299 290	1 260 1 237	715 709	545 528	60 50	61 51	83 107	40 22	40 50	71 59	65 52
18 years 19 years 20 to 24 years	1 716 1 607 7 699	175 202 466	239 203 987	1 302 1 202 6 246	687 634 3 857	615 568 2 389	129 158 317	46 44 149	77 65 317	29 27 60	34 30 183	51 41 268	48 40 159
20 years	1 601 1 603	148 114	200 180	1 253 1 309	676 775	577 534	129 80	19 34	63 56	17 14	35 35	52 44	33 31
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years	12 325 10 416 10 574	740 742 635	1 928 1 762 1 635	9 657 7 912 8 304	5 822 4 673 5 007	3 835 3 239 3 297	346 376 345	394 366 290	540 471 480	196 224 163	330 247 247	574 456 431	288 364 314
55 to 59 years 60 to 64 years	4 313 3 722	256 222	597 520	3 460 2 980	2 182 1 907	1 278 1 073	131 125	125 97	179 139	64 47	97 81	155 150	102 103
65 to 74 years	5 992 4 869	338 209	681 568	4 973 4 092	3 332 2 721	1 641	223 147	115	208 245	54 36	132 95	155 105	132 87
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD			40. 754	140.440			4 ***		4 170	2 074		7 706	
In hauseholds	189 820 183 563 54 895	12 157 11 347 3 189	28 754 28 517 7 793	148 909 143 699 43 913	89 040 86 756 27 688	59 869 56 943 16 225	6 594 5 795 1 666	5 563 5 552 1 523	8 172 7 968 2 257	3 078 3 078 756	4 503 4 479 1 315	7 698 2 044	5 295 5 294 1 421
Head of family Primary individual	45 607 9 288	2 799 390	6 912 881	35 896 8 017	21 952 5 736	13 944 2 281	1 441 225	1 358 165	1 983 274	709 47	1 070 245	1 890 154 1 701	1 260 161
Wife of head Other relative of head Not related to head	39 498 87 365 1 805	2 476 5 566 116	6 209 14 265 250	30 813 67 534 1 439	18 366 39 852 850	12 447 27 682 589	1 265 2 807 57	1 211 2 759 59	1 770 3 865 76	647 1 661 14	962 2 144 58	3 901 52	1 129 2 694 50
In group quartersPersons per household	6 257 3,34	810 3.56	237 3.66	5 210 3.27	2 284 3.13	2 926 3.51	799 3,48	3.65	204 3.53	4.07	24 3.41	8 3.77	1 3.73
TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN													
All families With own children under 18 years Number of children	45 607 27 065 67 274	2 799 1 670 4 315	6 912 4 332 11 033	35 896 21 063 51 926	21 952 12 581 30 423	13 944 8 482 21 503	1 441 825 2 130	1 358 845 2 185	1 983 1 208 2 955	709 476 1 300	1 070 671 1 654	1 890 1 215 3 025	1 260 762 2 099
Husband-wife families With own children under 18 years.	39 498 24 259	2 476 1 535	6 209 4 023	30 813 18 701	18 366 10 892	12 447 7 809	1 265 762	1 211 773	1 770 1 123	647 450	9 62 624	1 701 1 121	1 129 705
Number of children Percent of total under 18 years	60 770 86.9	4 005 89.1	10 322 90.5	46 443 86.0	26 500 84.1	19 943 88.5	1 989 89.8	2 016 88.4	2 772 90.7	1 236 93.2	1 529 89.2	2 823 90.0	1 962 90.3
Families with other male head	1 194 299	74 19	155 41	965 239	641 141	324 98	37 9	37 10	44 12	. 16 5	25 2	31 9	39 13
Number of childrenFamilies with female head	648 4 915	34 249	548	532 4 118	313 2 945	1 173	10 1 39	110	26 1 69	8 46	83	13 158	31 92
With own children under 18 years	2 507 5 856 8.4	116 276 6.1	268 629 5.5	2 123 4 951 9.2	1 548 3 610 11.5	575 1 341 6.0	54 131 5.9	62 145 6.4	73 157 5.1	21 56 4.2	45 121 7.1	85 189 6,0	44 106 4,9
Persons under 18 years	69 929	4 496	11 404	54 029	31 493	22 536	2 215	2 281	3 056	1 326	1 715	3 135	2 172
MARITAL STATUS	4			50 11°	20 464	20 422	2 354	1 846	2 746	996	1 476	2 494	1 720
Mele, 14 years old and ever	63 747 18 141 41 992	4 200 1 497 2 564	9 432 2 599 6 469	50 115 14 045 32 959	29 693 7 965 19 722	6 080 13 237	967 1 312	530 1 252	764 1 852	304 665	404 1 013	648 1 770	479 1 169
SeparatedWidowed	952 2 007	33 87	76 229	843 1 691	558 1 123	285 568 537	21 51 24	12 36 28	24 88 42	3 15 12	16 32 27	18 50 26	15 44 28
DivorcedFemale, 14 years old and ever	1 607 70 015	4 441	135	1 420 55 240	883 33 753	21 487	2 527	1 914	3 057	1 049	1 651	2 683	1 894
Single Morried Separated	17 031 42 122 1 353	1 352 2 579 41	2 500 6 568 141	13 179 32 975 1 171	7 874 19 810 869	5 305 13 165 302	912 1 312 19	1 267 22	747 1 876 41	280 676 15	395 1 014 23	589 1 815 42	489 1 187 20
Widowed	8 504 2 358	415 95	1 019 247	7 070 2 016	4 682 1 387	2 388 629	255 48	160 47	369 65	72 21	182 60	221 58	175 43

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

							Brockt	on						
Census Tracts	Tract 5101	Tract 5102	Tract 5103	Troct 5104	Tract 5105	Tract 5106	Tract 5107	Tract 5108	Tract 5109	Tract 5110	Tract 5111	Tract 5112	Tract 5113	Tract 5114
RACE			 "*	·				,						
All persons	5 687 5 625	6 092 6 024	3 679 3 568	4 359 4 198	6 791 6 657	4 487 4 410	5 035 4 996	6 262 6 202	3 016 2 664	2 813 2 400	13 146 12 672	4 449 4 214	4 930 4 847	11 688 11 496
White Negro Percent Negro	47 0.8	48 0.8	91 2.5	147 3.4	103 1.5	45 1.0	33 0.7	42 0.7	301 10.0	381 13.5	433 3.3	212 4.8	65 1.3	168
AGE BY SEX														
Male, all ages	2 854 357	2 987 367	1 648 277	2 139 270	3 210 329	2 110 170	2 299 201	2 852 314	1 554 152	1 317 181	6 351 774 334	2 110 187 7)	2 289 222 107	5 959 531 218
3 and 4 years 5 to 9 years 5 years	146 447 80	169 414 95	90 134 32	106 203 41	118 352 66	75 224 38	81 222 47	121 239 51	66 101 28	78 171 32	863 170	256 46	237 58	608 128
6 years 10 to 14 years	96 348	91 337	30 112	49 208	72 346	42 261	38 233	55 231 37	25 91 26	40 157 27	180 750 134	48 269 50	52 207 42	123 534 79
14 years	48 245 55	71 185 43	22 116 26	35 182 41	72 274 65	52 171 31	47 200 38	198 43	99 16	118 22	502 126	193 .57	195 41	394 102
16 years	62 58	50 39	29 20	40 35	57 60	45 41	59 40 37	42 39 37	19 13 32	30 20 24	111 97 97	34 40 34	43 48 36	81 73
18 years 19 years 20 to 24 years	45 25 126	27 26 142	17 24 211	34 32 177	50 42 238	29 25 122	26 167	37 297	19 144	22 94	71 328	28 150	27 173	73 57 362
20 years	23 20 429	23 33 492	23 24 228	21 21 284	48 35 445	37 25 183	27 33 262	40 50 375	24 21 220	10 19 141	66 61 919	23 27 257	29 23 283 231	64 63 741 817
35 to 44 years	388 276	326 306	112 154	197 232	361 350	233 283	245 280	269 319	160 173	126 143	773 638	217 230	231 266 122	817 828 345
55 to 59 years	91 57 56	129 97 93	68 51 97	104 97 112	160 108 143	127 108 144	123 111 173	169 113 165	106 76 137	59 40 52	245 181 204	94 81 108	107 140	216 347
75 years and overFemale, all ages	34 2 833	99 3 105	88 2 031	73 2 220	104 3 581	84 2 377	82 2 736	163 3 410	95 1 462	35 1 496	174 6 795	68 2 339	106 2 641	236 5 729
Under 5 years3 and 4 years	348 161	371 170	230 72	243 104	326 129	151 59	202 68	304 114	133 44	143 67	785 349	233 90	224 89 223	536 246 606
5 to 9 years 5 years 6 years	414 83 71	383 74 76	143 30 39	210 47 46	344 77 73	208 42 38	214 35 46	224 48 49	81 17 17	193 43 32	856 178 161	249 50 49	43 46	103 120
10 to 14 years	326 57	267 49	111 15	147 29	328 62	233 42	252 51	240 45	74 15	160 32	732 137 551	224 40 190	234 52 202	545 104 432
15 to 19 years 15 years 16 years	190 52 41	178 33 45	137 23 19	186 30 41	231 58 60	210 49 44	230 47 44	233 57 44	104 8 12	128 31 24	104 116	42 38	36 52	96 76
17 years	38 31	40 23 37	27 36	38 36	51 39	51 39	51 57	39 50	21 24	28 22 23	112 116 103	32 43 35	41 35 38	88 82 90
19 years 20 to 24 years 20 years	28 165 24	206 30	32 248 43	41 263 49	23 347 56	27 127 27	31 216 37	43 375 54	39 158 35	115 20	459 85	175 35	236 42	418 82
21 years25 to 34 years	26 490	34 526	55 228	67 244	59 463 374	28 226	43 251 293	78 338 290	39 142 109	30 180 124	76 1 015 772	38 265 252	61 279 256	83 750 590
35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 59 years	369 275 89	313 321 118	139 199 81	192 257 116	408 184	280 330 132	330 141	336 173	156 97	167 62	643 257	254 100	298 131	653 288
60 to 64 years65 to 74 years	54 71 42	110 151 161	87 210 218	98 141 123	119 236 221	97 205 178	166 273 168	190 350 357	76 192 140	57 93 74	209 280 236	100 160 137	118 210 230	236 427 248
75 years and overRELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD	42	101	210	123	221	176	100	337	140	, ,	200			
All persons	5 687 5 687	6 092 6 092	3 679 3 638	4 359 4 278	6 791 6 692	4 487 4 304	5 035 5 035	6 262 6 088	3 016 2 957	2 813 2 782	13 146 12 889	4 449 4 314	4 930 4 717	11 688 10 688
Head of family	1 435 1 359	1 841 1 502	1 370 991	1 401 1 099	2 130 1 789	1 303 1 141	1 633 1 340	2 326 1 570	1 508 626	804 663	3 516 3 126	1 257 1 060	1 608 1 209	3 299 2 702
Primary individual Wife of head Other relative of head	76 1 227 2 985	339 1 316 2 865	379 791 1 451	302 844 1 984	341 1 502 2 998	162 986 1 996	293 1 144 2 200	756 1 234 2 439	882 420 962	141 476 1 483	390 2 740 6 520	197 872 2 140	399 1 010 2 060	597 2 316 4 971
Not related to headin group quartersin	40	70	26 41	49 81	62 99	19 183	58	89 174	67 59	19 31	113 257	45 135	39 213	102 1 000
Persons per household	3.96	3.31	2.66	3.05	3.14	3.30	3.08	2.62	1.96	3.46	3.67	3.43	2.93	3.24
TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN														
All families With own children under 18 years Number of children	1 359 979	1 502 957 2 317	991 535 1 107	1 099 620	1 789 953	1 1 41 599 1 465	1 340 664	1 570 753 1 731	626 303 673	663 395 1 100	3 126 2 047 5 251	1 060 610 1 586	1 209 654 1 555	2 702 1 575 3 734
Hysbend-wife families	2 470 1 227 911	2 317 1 316 876	791 440	1 446 844 481	2 325 1 502 802	986 528	1 573	1 234	420 198	476	2 740 1 855	872 523	1 010 543	2 316 1 403
With own children under 18 years Number of children Percent of total under 18 years	2 303	2 123 88.9	914 79.4	1 104 73.3	2 008 84.5	1 288 85.4	606 1 459 91.0	618 1 451 79.9	448 62.1	285 796 68.6	4 760 87.7	1 343 80.9	1 299 80.8	3 341 86.0
Femilies with other male head	9	45 10	28 4	48 7	48 17	20 5	38 10	68 15	3 1 3	21 6	80 22	3 4 4	34 7	66 11
Number of children	108	28 141	8 172	14 207	33 239	8 135	18 158	31 268	5 175	16 166	61 306	8 154	17 165	24 320
With own children under 18 years	148	71 166 6.9	91 185 16.1	132 328 21.8	134 284 12.0	66 169 11.2	48 96 6.0	120 249 13.7	102 220 30.5	104 288 24.8	170 430 7.9	83 235 14.1	104 239 14.9	161 369 9.5
Persons under 18 years	1	2 389	1 151	1 506	2 376	1 508	1 603	1 816	721	1 160	5 426	1 661	1 608	3 884
MARITAL STATUS	,		1 4-7	,		, ,,,,	1 464							
Male, 14 years old and over Single Married	447	1 940 456 1 378	1 147 234 835	1 493 439 918	2 255 592 1 567	1 507 406 1 023	1 690 442 1 182	2 105 576 1 328	1 236 464 569	835 280 505	4 098 1 019 2 857	1 448 422 940	1 665 458 1 082	4 365 1 235 2 748
Separated	12 29	42 65	25 54	41 64	17 60	6 62	12 43	50 85	117 67	17 22	45 154	22 53	40 81	92 203
Divorced Female, 14 years old and over	1 802	41 2 133	24 1 562	72 1 649	36 2 645	16 1 827	23 2 119	116 2 687	136 1 189	28 1 032	68 4 559	33 1 673	44 2 012	179 4 146
Single	1 283	397 1 390 46	293 857 52	394 970 90	569 1 620 71	466 1 055 34	536 1 197 26	651 1 372 82	316 514 63	292 548 56	1 088 2 916 95	394 961 42	505 1 099 57	995 2 461 77
Widowed Divorced	. 119	278 68	343 69	195 90	361 95	249 57	318 68	519 145	244 115	132 60	420 135	256 62	318 90	520 170

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

, I	or minimum	base for de	rived figure	s (percent, i	median, etc.)	uno meen				th County				
Tunata	Broo	kton – Con.							SA in Plymou		T1	Tenet	Tract	Tract
Census Tracts	Tract 5115	Tract 5116	Tract 5117	Tract 5201	Tract 5202	Tract 5211	Tract 5212	Tract 5221	Tract 5231	Tract 5232	Tract 5241	Tract 5251	5252	5253
RACE														1 498
White	3 682 3 632	2 455 2 443	469 467	6 424 6 403	5 910 5 886	6 975 6 940	6 084 6 022	7 148 6 899	2 293 2 292	6 054 5 999 35	7 152 7 102 35	6 796 6 637 125	3 535 3 475 43	1 378
Negro Percent Negro	36 1.0	10 0.4	-	-	19 0.3	0.2	41 0.7	202 2.8	=	0.6	0.5	1.8	1.2	6.4
AGE BY SEX														1 200
Male, all ages	1 677 199	1 138 122	229 40	3 046 359	2 883 319	3 333 390	2 886 261	3 520 407	1 132 91	3 006 319 144	3 238 258 119	3 306 311 131	1 720 197 76	1 382
Under 5 years 3 and 4 years 5 to 9 years	75 158	48 108	17 38	153 358	146 327	163 426	83 345 67	169 469 104	40 125 30	411 75	316 63	398 76	215 46	21
5 years 6 years	39 34	24 26	10 6 19	71 76 354	76 71 353	68 82 408	71 333	100 415	25 139	87 363	54 364	79 375	43 192	5 30
10 to 14 years 14 years 15 to 19 years	129 35 106	129 21 77	113	62 265	58 257	75 294	69 275	67 276	29 122	73 246 68	72 470 72	79 326 75	34 138 30	13 110 20
15 years16 years	21 28	16 17	3	61 48	67 63	67 65 65	57 62 60	75 59 52	29 32 21	51 53	60 63	75 79	25 32	32 23
17 years 18 years	22 19 16	18 10 16	3 2	69 40 47	54 38 35	56 41	46 50	55 35	21 19	39 35	114 161	53 44 197	25 26 112	15 20 166
19 years 20 to 24 years 20 years	182 26	84 18	6	199 43	185 34	163 37	210 23	162 23 35	79 22 20	143 19 15	284 101 65	38 49	21 18	38 33
21 years	30 234	15 147	1 47	28 414 337	38 368 320	31 435 409	42 359 291	517 417	135 119	411 341	336 380	396 398	254 200	245 232
35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 59 years	160 158 95	120 133 49	30 19 9	348 113	353 133	345 155	319 132	361 139	143 58	339 120 85	320 167 112	397 154 138	192 77 43	243 109 95
60 to 74 years	60 141	55 74	5 2	114 113	85 110	101 136 71	119 152 90	112 141 104	47 42 32	141 87	143 88	120 96	54 46	99 20
75 years and overFemale, all ages	55 2 005	40 1 3 17	240	72 3 378	73 3 027	3 642	3 198	3 628	1 161	3 048 291	3 914 278	3 490 299	1 815 184	116 10
3 and 4 years	183 62	109 39	37 16	336 140	280 110 324	343 144 465	309 138 369	412 181 435	85 37 118	122 365	123 367	141 338	68 194	18
5 to 9 years 5 years	136 26 32	126 24 29	32 7 6	385 76 75	64 65	83 105	66 77	102 76	24 35	75 79	70 70 359	72 72 383	48 41 202	3 5 13
6 years 10 to 14 years 14 years	145 25	113 28	19	399 78	334 68	431 84	322 39 262	408 66 278	121 25 106	338 55 248	49 600	76 283	44 156	14
15 to 19 years	154 28	93 21	17 6 3	291 70 57	255 49 59	286 68 66	53 57	60 72	22 20	50 56	57 55	49 66	42 36	3 1 1 4
16 years	32 28 36	24 21 16	3 2	65 47	53 48	59 53	48 57	63 51	30 22 12	53 46 43	57 217 214	63 48 57	33 23 22	3 3
18 years 19 years 20 to 24 years	30 225	11 108	3 16	52 258	46 242	40 237 49	47 217 35	32 221 38	78 13	187 30	563 233	236 57	140 26	10
20 years	34 40 221	20 16 151	3 2 53	44 44 413	50 43 378	43 472	39 363	40 548	22 126	34 460	193 372	45 435 400	29 256 224	2 2 12 8
25 to 34 years	181 217	118 141	21 22 7	347 370	312 358	406 380	298 370	403 395 141	134 160 60	316 311 113	391 357 151	400 179	188 67	8
55 to 59 years	133 107	73 78	7 5 8	131 110 182	132 110 156	159 131 195	139 110 218	106 170	55 72	96 183	141 174	148 212	58 74 72	8 5 4
65 to 74 years	188 115	137 70	3	156	146	137	221	111	46	140	161	177	12	1
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD					5 910	6 975	6 084	7 148	2 293	6 054	7 152	6 796	3 535	1 498
All persons In households	3 682 3 682 1 325	2 455 2 444 811	469 469 121	6 424 6 344 1 769	5 838 1 688	6 975 1 971	5 979 1 801	7 059 1 913	2 293 663	5 941 1 677	5 999 1 689 1 499	6 752 2 008 1 676	3 529 981 868	234 65 46
Head of household Head of family Primary individual	1 014	644 167	117	1 536 233	1 437 251	1 701 270	1 463 338 1 273	1 693 220 1 546	572 91 499	1 453 224 1 328	190 1 327	332 1 497	113 760	19 41
Wife of headOther relative of head	819 1 498	556 1 066 11	113 234	1 379 3 136 60	1 273 2 843 34	1 524 3 429 51	2 832	3 521 79	1 105 26	2 868 68	2 929 54	3 167 80	1 724 64 6	128 - 1 264
Not related to headin group quartersin	40	11	3.88	80 3.59	72 3.46	3.54	105 3.32	89 3.69	3.46	113 3.54	1 153 3,55	44 3.36	3.60	3.60
Persons per household	2.78	3.01	3.00	0.57	0									
TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN	<u> </u>					1 701	1 463	1 693	572	1 453	1 499	1 676	868	46
All families With own children under 18 years	1 014 503	644 345 815	117 89 205	1 536 958 2 471	1 437 867 2 207	1 701 1 052 2 764	837 2 145	1 097 2 782	338 790	917 2 307	885 2 236	965 2 387	535 1 313	31 101
Number of children Husband-wife families	1 070 819	556	113	1 379 879	1 273 788	1 524 972	1 273 758	1 546 1 034	499 298	1 328 857	1 327 812	1 497 894	760 489	41 28 92
With own children under 18 years Number of children	428 925 83.4	309 738 89.6	86 200 97.6	2 273 88.8	2 046 89.7	2 577 90.3	1 953 85.8	2 627 89.8	711 85.4	2 161 89.4	2 068 89.7	2 219 88.4	1 216 88.0	49.2
Percent of total under 18 years Families with other male head	39	16	1	35 17	30 8	35 7	38 7	35 7	15 6	33 15	39 11 32	33 9 26	31 11 24	_
With own children under 18 years Number of children	13	8 72	2 3	36 122	15 134	14 1 42	18 152	15 112	11 58	28 92	133	146 62	77 35	5 3
Families with female head With own children under 18 years Number of children	69 132	32 69	2	62 162	71 146	73 173	72 174	56 140 4.8	34 68 8.2	45 118 4.9	62 136 5.9	142 5.7	73 5.3	9 4.8
Percent of total under 18 years		8.4 824	1.5 205	6.3 2 561	6.4 2 282	6.1 2 853	7.6 2 276	2 927	833	2 418	2 306	2 511	1 382	187
Persons under 18 years MARITAL STATUS	' '''													
Mele, 14 years old end over	1 226	800 188	133 19	2 037 545	1 942 525	2 184 545	2 016 565	2 296 536	806 247	1 986 499	2 372 888	2 301 651	1 150 294 802	1 332 785 279
Single Marzied	288 854 16	568 4	114	1 426 15	1 328 28	1 567 21	1 335 28	1 634 17	521 4 21	1 395 20 45	1 383 17 68	1 567 21 49	9 31	105 74
SeparatedWidowed	52	29 15	-	47 19	49 40	43 29	76 40	65 61	17	47	33	34 2 546	23 1 279	194 76
Female, 14 years old and over	1 566	997 232	155 29	2 336 540	2 157 491	2 487 547	2 237 463 1 349	2 439 488 1 642	862 184 536	2 109 437 1 395	2 959 1 249 1 388	586 1 593	296 815	24 42
MarriedSeparated	867 24	585 19	115 2 10	1 453 33 278	1 356 45 252	1 596 32 264	1 349 37 334	34 244	14 104	19 219	26 248	40 308	22 129	- 8 2
Widowed	253 88	147 33	10	65 65	58 58	80	91	65	38	58	74	59	39	2

Table P-2. Social Characteristics of the Population: 1970

	India pasea	on sample, se	e lexi. 701				Port in Brist				Norfolk Cou	ntv	
Course Tracts		Part in	Part in	Pari in	Plymouth Co	ouniy		or county					
Census Tracts	Total SMSA	Bristol County	Norfalk County	Total	Brockton	Balance	Tract 6001	Tract 6002	Tract 4561	Tract 4562	Troct 4563	Tract 4564	Tract 4571
NATIVITY, PARENTAGE, & COUNTRY OF ORIGIN									9 170	2 070	4 503	7 474	
Native of native parentage	189 801 139 387	12 157 9 588	28 777 20 036	148 867 109 763	89 040 63 080	59 827 46 683	6 594 5 073	5 563 4 515	8 172 5 827	3 078 2 162	2 948	7 676 5 319	5 348 3 780
Native of foreign or mixed parentage	38 664 11 750	2 192 377	6 392 2 349	30 080 9 024	19 524 6 436	10 556 2 588	1 275 246	917 131	1 565 780	766 150	1 039 516	1 709 648	1 313 255
Foreign born	50 414	2 569	2 347 8 741	39 104	25 960	13 144	1 521	1 048	2 345	916	1 555	2 357	1 568
Fereign steck	4 007	213	507	3 287	1 917	1 370	103	110 86	222 243	41 95	74 171	106 234	64 251
reland (Eire)Sweden	5 447 2 773	248 336	994 306	4 205 2 131	2 935 1 448	1 270 683	162 279	57	42	76	53	59	76
Germany	1 293	46	271	976 1 694	642 1 073	334 621	25 25	21 37	56 74	6 52	53 50	63 80	93
PolandCzechoslovakia	2 070 125	62 5	314 30	90	33	57	5	-	_	-	7	_	58 23
Austrio	430 144	15 19	40 21	375 104	320 82	55 22	15 12	7	12 7	-	6	15 6	8
U.S.S.R.	2 381 7 224	30	643	1 708	1 512 4 133	196 1 671	12 172	18 114	170 319	55 86	131 176	219 323	68
ItalyCanada	11 855	286 730	1 134 1 867	5 804 9 258	5 306	3 952	342	388	498	272	276	399	230 422
Mexico	44 116	-	44	44 72	44 72	-	-	_	32	_	-	12	
CuboOther America	396		93	303	243	60	_	2-	35	_	11 547	21	26
All other and not reported	12 109	579	2 477	9 053	6 200	2 853	369	210	635 89	233	547 26	820 32	242
Persons of Spanish language ¹ Other persons of Spanish surname ¹	1 235	45	164	1 026	936	90 · · ·	45 						
Persons of Spanish mother tangue Persons of Pyerto Rican birth or parentage	690 215	25 -	121 20	544 195	496 166	48 29	25 -	-	89 6	=	5 7	22 _	7
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT Enrolled persons, 3 to 34 years old	55 839	4 486	9 192	42 161	23 885	18 276	2 569	1 917	2 510	1 137	1 358	2 404	1 783
Nursery school	1 116	91	192	833	606	227	36	55	58	-	16	84	34
PublicKindergarten	211 2 588	16 280	19 654	176 1 654	151 932	25 722	10 124	156	5 174	92	3 83	11 205	100
Public	1 357	273	494 5 218	590 25 433	248	342 10 917	124 1 138	149 1 166	160 1 394	84 682	77 750	167 1 335	1 057
Public	32 955 30 681	2 304 2 297	4 848	23 536	14 516 13 303	10 233	1 138	1 159	1 245	628	738	1 227	1 010
High school Public	13 510 12 121	880 849	2 367 2 152	10 263 9 120	5 863 5 015	4 400 4 105	432 432	448 417	603 550	301 277	416 390	588 548	459 387
College	5 670	931	761	3 978	1 968	2 010	839	92	281	62	93	192	133
Percent enrolled in school by age:	92.9	93.9	90.6	93.3	91.7	95.3	99.9	81.6	89.6	87.9	99.9	83,4	94.1
16 and 17 years 18 and 19 years	55.9	81.8	54.5	52.8	47.6	58.5	89.9	51.9	50.7	69.6	46.4	54.8	58,6
20 and 21 years 22 to 24 years	35.1 10.5	61.9	31.1 10.2	31.7 10.4	25.1 9.3	41.9 12.3	73.9 18.3	9.4 7.6	32.4 16.6	28.0 18.0	16.2 13.4	41.0 2.3	25.5
25 to 34 years	5.0	6.1	6.2	4.7	5.0	4.2	5.6	6.6	7.0	2.5	6.5	6.3	6.5
Percent 16 to 21 years not high school graduates and not enrolled in school	12.1	3.3	15.3	12.6	15.7	8.6	1.3	8.4	15.0	11.7	13.3	20.5	11.8
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED													
Persons, 25 years old and ever No school years completed	99 782	6 005 40	14 693 254	79 084 1 152	48 204 760	30 880 392	3 179 40	2 826	4 279 85	1 497	2 364 66	3 911 79	2 642
Elementary: 1 to 4 years	1 867	34	324	1 509	1 049	460	15	19	94	18	69	131	12
5 to 7 years 8 years	6 296 8 717	228 331	833 1 157	5 235 7 229	3 568 4 496	1 667 2 733	146 195	82 136	196 341	43 128	208 214	218 261	168 213
High school: 1 to 3 years	22 166 40 379	1 211 2 466	2 820 6 322	18 135 31 591	11 409 18 808	6 726 12 783	660 1 309	551	876	251 752	385 1 061	689 1 621	619 1 132
College: 1 to 3 years	10 771	847	1 735	8 189	4 658	3 531	397	1 157 450	1 756 611	183	182	474	285
4 years or more	8 140 12.2	848 12.5	1 248 12.3	6 044 12.2	3 456 12.1	2 588 12,3	417 12.4	431 12.5	320 12.3	113 12.4	179 12,2	438 12.4	198 12.3
Percent high school graduates	59.4	69.3	63.3	57.9	55.9	61.2	8.66	72.1	62.8	70.0	60.2	64.8	61.1
CHILDREN EVER BORN Women, 35 to 44 years old ever married	9 848	677	1 716	7 455	4 313	3 142	328	349	443	231	255	458	329
Per 1,000 women ever married	32 704 3 321	2 207 3 260	5 498 3 204	24 999 3 353	14 107 3 271	10 892 3 467	1 026 3 128	1 181 3 384	1 455 3 284	756 3 273	759 2 976	1 454 3 175	1 074 3 264
RESIDENCE IN 1965 Persons, 5 years old and ever, 19702	170 895	11 085	25 843	133 967	70 903	£4.344	4 004		7 000		4 040	. 700	4 000
Same house as in 1970	102 354	6 899	16 717	78 738	79 823 45 184	54 144 33 554	6 084 4 040	5 001 2 859	7 389 4 498	2 787 1 755	4 048 2 575	6 790 4 161	4 829 3 728
Different house: In central city of this SMSA	18 052	875	329	16 848	14 551	2 297	240	635	159	8	20	15	127
In other part of this SMSA Outside this SMSA	16 405 24 254	1 762 1 121	3 155 4 113	11 488 19 020	3 257 11 523	8 231 7 497	947	815	1 134	336	485	850	350
North and West	22 837	1 018	3 983	17 836	10 767	7 069	620 568	501 450	993 956	519 513	628 620	1 425 1 346	548 548
South	1 417 1 800	103 29	130 518	1 184 1 253	756 721	428 532	52 24	51 5	37 250	6 36	8 63	79 169	-
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION AND PLACE OF WORK													
All workers	73 260 52 087	4 682 3 526	11 207 7 885	57 371 40 676	34 792 23 928	22 579 16 748	2 512 1 853	2 170 1 673	3 358 2 347	1 096 853	1 726 1 160	2 970 2 076	2 057 1 449
PassengerBus or streetcar	10 979	466	1 538	8 975	5 880	3 095	214	252	442	85	286	379	346
Subway, elevated train, or railroad	1 430 625	32 65	256 326	1 142 234	909 190	233 44	23 20	9 45	84 89	14 49	18 45	40 143	100
Worked to work	5 108 1 341	319 172	664 149	4 125 1 020	2 759 513	1 366 507	244	75	231	32	128	206	67
Other	1 690	102	389	1 199	613	586	97 61	75 41	43 122	9 54	25 64	46 80	26 69
Inside SMSABrockton city	22 866	2 559 956	3 882	32 421	20 447	11 974	1 385	1 174	1 272	281	806	952	769
Remainder of Plymouth County, inner ring	6 500	161	749 59	21 161 6 280	17 678 957	3 483 5 323	467 66	489 95	203 7	51 11	74	129 28	292 13
Plymouth County, outer ring Bristol County	1 758	1 272	32 98	3 218 388	479 258	2 739 130	6 725	21	11		_		21
Nortolik County	4 441	143 1 838	2 944 6 787	1 374	1 075	299	121	547 22	1 004	11 208	13 521	22 773	438 438
Place of work not reported	4 687	285	538	21 086 3 864	11 756 2 589	9 330 1 275	975 152	863 133	1 943 143	792 23	994 124	1 834 184	1 224 64
*See text for definition. **Includes **Moved.	1046 11	<u></u>							170		147	104	

*See text for definition. **Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-2. Social Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

	Brockton													
Census Tracts	Tract 5101	Tract 5102	Tract 5103	Troct 5104	Tract 5105	Tract 5106	Tract 5107	Tract 5108	Tract 5109	Tract 5110	Tract 5111	Troct 5112	Tract 5113	Tract 5114
NATIVITY, PARENTAGE, & COUNTRY OF ORIGIN														
All persens Notive of native parentage	5 687 4 308	6 092 3 911	3 679 2 624	4 359 3 122	6 791 4 840	4 487 3 133	5 035 3 300	6 262 4 325	3 000 2 216	2 829 2 031	13 146 9 843	4 449 3 152	4 930 3 716	11 688 7 916
Native of foreign or mixed parentage Foreign born	1 103 276	1 362 819	733 322	857 380	1 503 448	1 087 267	1 374 361	1 453 484	546 238	642 156	2 477 826	1 007 290	909 305	2 935 837
Foreign stockUnited Kingdom	27	2 181 183	1 055 71	1 237 113	1 951 140	1 354 122	1 735 108	1 937 150	784 53	798 25	3 303 305	1 297 49	1 214 97	3 772 297
Ireland (Eire)	194 17	176 22	105	155 34	186 128	154 59	196 41	240 70	137 26	81 4	312 204	151 38	132 209	517 337
Germany Paland	102 54	74 151	39 140	47 76	46 89	8 42	23 104	30 56	8 20	13 4	121 70	4 20	45 30	40 188
Czechoslovakia Austria	9	28	21	_	52	4 =	13 32	17	9	. 8	8 45	6	19	40 8
Hungary	141	65	60	31	121	7 141	331 331	159	28	32 53	26 67	28	35	246
Canado	241 211	151 232	65 167	255 282	335 470	199 280	266 284	338 427	61 179	115 195	605 845	283 200	151 270	689 855
Cuba Other America	34	37	- 5	41	7	=	22	12	- 29	4 - 8	38	38 8	- - 7	33
All other and not reported	349	1 062	382	203	377	338	306	438	234	256	657	472	219	503
Persons of Spanish language ¹ Other persons of Spanish surname ¹	148	24	24 12	29 ` 29	39 7	- -		66 15	47 47	97 59	241 	123 94		40 33
Persons of Spanish mother tongue Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage	59 25	12 6	12 6	29 -	-	6		6	47 47	59 6	71 58	94	22	33 6
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT														
Excelled persons, 3 to 34 years old	1 892 58	1 705 51	707 38	1 047 24	1 948 35	1 281 48	1 404 2)	1 387 36	477 15	861 13	4 052 116	1 231 31	1 242 28	3 065 78
Public Kindergarten	6 54	112	6 17	13 28	23 86	50	8 30	8 44	19	30	7 188	25 33	22 53	25 115
PublicElementary	1 307	13 1 080	9 450	7 662	17 1 088	12 734	746	18 696	19 314	550	33 2 612	7 772	16 691	1 862
Public High school Public	1 264 371	955 374	385 132	562 279	960 529	639 327	698 423	616 374	264 118	460 206	2 491 938	662 284	691 405	1 727 748
College	329 102	324 88	95 70	237 54	429 210	216 122	340 184	305 237	107 11	192 62	852 198	240 111	362 65	662 262
Percent enrolled in school by age: 16 and 17 years	99.9	99.9	95.9	77.3	99.9	93.8	95.6	68.5	71.2	81.5	90.6	96.2	88.1	92.4
l8 and 19 years 20 and 21 years	45.8 21.0	52.0 18.1	18.1 14.1	42.7 9.6	73.3 33.7	41.7 47.0	56.4 27.4	60.3 29.1	22.3 10.0	21.6 16.5	52.3 31.3	35.2 20.4	34.0 4.3	55.7 33.7
22 to 24 years 25 to 34 years Percent 16 to 21 years not high school graduates	5.6 5.0	2.0 2.4	5.1 2.3	6.5 2.6	7.6 6.0	5.4 4.8	17.4 14.3	18.4 9.4	2.0	27.2 6.7	2.4 3.6	14.2 5.8	15.9 2.2	10.2 5.2
and not enrolled in school	8.0	14.2	27.4	28.5	11.9	8.7	5.2	21.4	29.3	24.6	13.4	14.9	17.6	14.5
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED														
Persons, 25 years old and overNo school years completed	2 724 42	3 265 210	1 950 33	2 253 29	3 669 17	2 592 47	2 896 41	3 622 53	1 852 25	1 345 7	6 536 80	2 341 59	2 766 45	6 720
Elementary: 1 to 4 years 5 to 7 years 8 years	30 115 172	76 180 332	62 162 208	22 285 259	40 198 264	29 89 176	41 174 154	114 363 334	84 304 293	57 128 230	162 455 534	73 172 295	38 228 195	151 488 702
High school: 1 to 3 years	534 1 421	650 1 341	512 721	693 735	802 1 392	480 1 157	504 1 029	835 1 244	496 501	410 429	1 737 2 717	605 884	800 1 048	1 432
College: 1 to 3 years	295 115	285 191	165 87	151 79	401 555	284 330	508 445	355 324	91 58	72 12	510 341	218 35	268 144	674 547
Median school years completed Percent high school graduates	12.3 67.2	12.1 55.7	12.0 49.9	11.3 42.8	12.4 64.0	12.4 68.3	12.5 68.4	12.1 53.1	10.3 35.1	10.8 38.1	12.1 54.6	11.8 48.6	12.1 52.8	12.2 58.0
CHILDREN EVER BORN														
Women, 35 to 44 years old ever merried Children ever born Per 1,000 women ever married	330 1 064 3 224	259 905 3 494	117 397 3 393	148 593 4 007	358 1 110 3 101	257 816 3 175	260 848 3 262	279 830 2 975	111 262 2 360	141 738 5 234	776 2 478 3 193	228 848 3 719	248 727 2 931	511 1 609 3 149
RESIDENCE IN 1965	U 224	5 4/4	0 070	4 001	0 (0)	0 110	0 202	2 ,,,,	2 000	3 204	0 ,70	0 ,,,	2 ,5.	
Persons, 5 years old and over, 19702Same hause as in 1970	4 991 2 836	5 349 2 930	3 189 1 471	3 853 2 008	6 133 3 062	4 168 2 957	4 631 2 800	5 621 2 874	2 761 1 508	2 509 1 020	. 11 585 6 969	4 008 2 554	4 495 2 526	10 613 6 299
Different house: In central city of this SMSA	392	554	722	820	1 299	537	866	1 243	617	916	1 633	597	996	1 993
In other part of this SMSA	40 1 152	81 1 374	134 679	307 449	295 1 020	158 348	107 688	382 729	126 206	132 277	492 1 802	227 189	250 535	342 1 588
North and West	1 100 52 36	1 232 142 65	649 30 5	416 33 137	888 132 61	321 27	651 37 17	662 67 117	192 14 48	277 - 17	1 704 98 69	189 26	508 27 18	1 529 59 65
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION AND PLACE OF WORK	30	03	,	107		_	• • •	117	70	.,	۵,			
All workers	2 071	2 304	1. 466	1 640	2 666	1 751	2 065	2 555	1 309	941	5 182	1 758	1 932	4 341
Private auto: DriverPassenger	1 580 346	1 510 436	996 253	979 339	2 023 288	1 290 197	1 509 312	1 656 476	627 297	584 175	3 558 857	1 182 350	1 289 348	3 212 685
Bus or streetcar Subway, elevated train, or railroad Walked to work	53 	55 - 244	44 8 87	45 216	55 63 158	33 152	73 - 86	38 17 330	67 254	39 116	101 24 431	62 13 74	72 12 136	87 21 249
Worked at home	53 27 12	23 36	22 56	15 46	50 29	47 32	40 45	38	57 7	27	67 144	25 52	63 12	54 33
Inside SMSA	722	986	872	1 049	1 438	1 063	1 324	1 597	814	565	3 028	1 115	1 382	2 689
Brockton city Remainder of Plymouth County, inner ring	624 43	899 37	802 20	829 61	1 253 54	868 40 53	1 117 77	1 461 13	717 19	492 30	2 605 154	949 91	1 190 84 23	2 318
Plymouth County, auter ring Bristal County	6	. 8 5 37	24 7 19	29 22 108	45 9 77	53 49 53	43 20 67	23 18 82	7 21 50	6 37	107 27 135	29 5 41	23 6 79	45 40 146
Norfolk County Outside SMSA Place of work not reported	43 1 194 155	956 362	460 134	500 91	1 102 126	593 95	712 29	771 187	228 267	313 63	1 802 352	540 103	446 104	1 400 252
- mac or work that rebotted	100	302	134	71	120	73		107	207	03	JJ2	103	- 104	232

'See text for definition. Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-2. Social Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

	Brocktan — Con. Balance of SMSA in Plymouth County													
Census Tracts	Tract 5115	Tract 5116	Troct 5117	Tract 5201	Trect 5202	Tract 5211	Tract 5212	Tract 5221	Tract 5231	Tract 5232	Tract 5241	Tract 5251	Tract 5252	Tract 5253
NATIVITY, PARENTAGE, & COUNTRY OF ORIGIN	0110	5,10	2117	5201		2411	V412			-202				5400
All personsNative of native parentage	3 705 2 501	2 346 1 683	555 459	6 417 5 125	5 952 4 658	7 136 5 606	5 846 4 510	7 148 5 773	2 295 1 695	6 052 4 908	7 152 5 823	6 888 5 162	3 442 2 399	1 499 1 024
Native of foreign or mixed parentage Foreign born	895 309	560 103	81 15	1 053 239	1 087 207	1 306 224	1 038 298	1 157 218	528 72	932 212	1 030 299	1 354 372	695 348	376 99
Fareign stackUnited Kingdom	1 204 133	663 24	96 20	1 292 152	1 294 135	1 530 142	1 336 182	1 375 195	600 79	1 144	1 329 126	1 726 180	1 043 21 40	475 20
Ireland (Eire) Sweden Germany	155 172 42	44 82 -	5	140 64 39	220 76 44	187 55 78	209 74 16	74 65 44	38 87 22	91 46 14	44 134 51	86 59 12	11 7	141 12 7
Poland Czechoslovakia	24 8	5 ~	-	60 	106 7	39 23	83 5	24 7	8 -	76 -	46	107	60 6	12
Austria Hungary U.S.S.R.	34 - -	- - 6	=	15 _ 29	16 10	6 25	12	6 18	15 21	8 - 10	6 - 27	5 - 31	-	13
Italy Canada Mexico	257 202	83 200	39 7	147 426	112 407	171 563	122 407	163 489	100 124	196 336	111 457	293 423	212 170	44 150
CubaOther America	-	17	=	~	-	=	_ 8	=	- 9	15	- 6	12	10	=
All other and not reported Persons of Spanish language ¹	177 36	202	25 	220 30	161 11	241 _	218 6	290 5	97 -	214	321	518 26	506 -	67 12
Other persons of Spanish surname ¹ Persons of Spanish mother tangue Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage	36	•••			 5 5	···	 6 6		··· <u>·</u>		··· <u>·</u>	iż	· ·· <u>·</u>	12 12
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT			-		,	·	Ü	_						
Exrelled persons, 3 to 34 years old	809	609 14	168	2 048 27	1 850 6	2 231 22	1 615 18	2 208 40	680 -	1 863 32	2 608 20	2 041 47	985 15	147
Public	29 20	8 36 8	8	42 5	96 30	51 15	6 44 15	113 21	16	8 70 14	63 15	133 133	94 94	-
Elementary	488 482	352 335	112 112	1 223 899	1 125 940	1 501 1 462	1 060	1 370 1 363	315 315	1 236 1 236	I 167 I 158	1 220 1 195	603 589 233	97 60 44
High school Public College	178 171 114	129 123 78	48 31 -	569 494 187	517 496 106	545 528 112	340 301 153	534 494 151	275 262 74	421 421 104	469 439 889	453 433 188	208 40	29
Percent enrolled in school by age: 16 and 17 years	93.8	73.1		97.7	99.2	96.4	87.9	99.9	99.9	93.1	89.1	83.6	86.8	93.6
18 and 19 years 20 and 21 years 22 to 24 years	38.5 27.7 11.5	66.0 24.4 12.8		58.7 27.8 13.2	55.5 27.3 7.9	59.8 18.8 8.9	58.1 31.7 13.5	51.0 27.3 9.3	75.0 24.7	57.8 23.7 3.9	67.1 79.9 26.4	47.1 29.7 19.7	20.7 16.4 5.1	17.1
Percent 16 to 21 years not high school graduates	7.3	8.2	-	6.9	0.7	1.5	3.7	5.9	_	7.2	7.3	3.4	2.5	-
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED	14.9	16.7	-	9.8	7.2	10.2	12.4	7.6	4.7	7.4	3.7	10.0	11.7	39.9
Porsons, 25 years old and over No school years completed	2 073 5	1 356 13	244 5	3 214 8	3 050 34	3 553 32	3 175 54	3 645 46	1 221 5	3 155 37	3 286 44	3 654 32	1 7 73 70	1 154 30
Elementary: 1 to 4 years 5 to 7 years 8 years	46 191 209	24 36 129	10	16 64 208	30 118 212	10 204 291	27 199 395	14 137 316	46 107	30 182 221	24 110 300	40 214 340	80 154 160	189 239 183
High school: 1 to 3 years 4 years	610 809	263 594	46 109	627 1 386	591 1 426	816 1 532	841 1 210	793 1 614	277 545	765 1 345	761 1 502	655 1 292	352 711	248 220
Coilege: 1 to 3 years 4 years or more Median school years completed	132 71 11.9	205 92 12,4	44 30 12.6	492 413 12.5	386 253 12.4	409 259 12.3	303 146 12.1	405 320 12.3	142 99 12.3	334 241 12.3	288 257 12.3	616 465 12.4	137 109 12.1	19 26 8.7
Percent high school graduates	48.8	65.7	75.0	71.3	67.7	61.9	52.3	64.2	64.4	60.9	62.3	64.9	54.0	23.0
Women, 35 to 44 years old ever married Children ever born Per 1,000 women ever married	167 454 2 719	101 330 3 267	22 98	321 1 145 3 567	326 1 129 3 463	410 1 317 3 212	269 1 090 4 052	403 1 363 3 382	145 414 2 855	319 1 064 3 335	395 1 403 3 552	368 1 295 3 519	171 619 3 620	15 53
RESIDENCE IN 1965			İ											
Persons, 5 years old and over, 1970? Same house as in 1970 Different house:	3 318 1 852	2 137 1 371	462 147	5 722 3 536	5 353 3 667	6 392 4 449	5 353 3 227	6 322 3 458	2 126 1 506	5 436 3 377	6 619 3 907	6 255 3 911	3 067 1 827	1 499 689
In central city of this SMSAIn other part of this SMSA	838 125	354 59	174	161 951	49 775	266 815	256 1 271	129 1 181	52 397	316 996	583 545	267 685	218 552	63
Outside this SMSA	254 238 16	109 97 12 15	124 114 10	805 756 49	737 659 78	713 713	383 337 46	1 214 1 162 52	147 124 23	617 578 39	1 057 1 039 18	1 155 1 099 56	202 176 26	467 426 41
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION AND PLACE OF WORK	25	15	-	20	33	72	76	33	13	.78	7	94	99	7
All werkers	1 620 1 094	1 003 698	188 141	2 387 1 856	2 301 1 720	2 779 2 076	2 345	2 584	947	2 332	2 642	2 702	1 348	212
Private auto: Driver	274 52	207 26	40 7	268 49	384 12	410 33	1 575 440 31	2 016 330 39	734 151 —	1 836 275	1 876 349 32	2 029 278 21	1 006 184 9	24 26 7
Subway, elevated train, or railroad Walked to work Worked at home	32 · 141	32 23 17		10 117 55	127 18	13 136 20	6 221 40	61 66	14 7	93 47	181 125	9 200 104	80 33	136
Other	27 958	17 730	115	32	40 787	91 1 426	32 1 274	72 1 042	41 673	81 1 380	79 1 690	106 59 1 706	23 46 874	13
Remainder of Plymouth County, inner ring	856 52	594 42	104	358 580	215 545	416 893	224 954	157 253	203 347	468 674	745 563 259	474 227	211 276	121 12 11
Plymouth County, outer ring Bristol County Norfolk County	18 7 25	13 11 70	- 5 6	54 - 9	5 - 22	84 12 21	80 - 16	593 7 32	94 16 13	191 8 39	259 50 73	960 8 37	321 29 37	98
Outside SMSA Place of work not reported	464 198	238 35	37 36	1 237 149	1 343 171	1 204 149	968 103	1 369 173	247 27	866 86	747 205	870 126	420 54	- 59 32

1See text for definition. 2Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-3. Labor Force Characteristics of the Population: 1970

	[Data based	on sumple,	SE TEXT. TO		Plymouth Co		Part in Bristo				Norfolk Cou	inty	
Census Tracts	Total SMSA	Part in Bristol County	Part in Norfolk County	Total	Brockton	Balance	Tract 6001	Tract 6002	Tract 4561	Tract 4562	Tract 4563	Tract 4564	Tract 4571
EMPLOYMENT STATUS	3,110,11	0007											
Mele, 16 years old and over	60 025 47 672	3 904 3 195	8 836 7 532	47 285 36 945	28 238 22 312	19 047 14 633	2 210 1 706	1 694 1 489	2 569 2 218	896 779	1 374 1 146	2 388 2 015	1 609 1 374
Percent of total	79.4 47 388 45 725	81.8 3 184 3 112	85.2 7 519 7 226	78.1 36 685 35 387	79.0 22 157 21 244	76.8 14 528 14 143	77.2 1 695 1 658	87.9 1 489 1 454	86.3 2 214 2 120	86.9 776 717	83.4 1 146 1 118	84.4 2 009 1 930	85.4 1 374 1 341
Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force	1 663 3.5	72 2.3	293 3.9	1 298 3.5	913 4.1	385 2.7	37 2.2	35 ! 2.4 205	94 4.2 351	<i>59</i> 7.6 117	28 2.4 228	<i>79</i> 3.9 373	33 2.4 235
Not in labor force Inmate of institution	2 428 3 134 2 591	709 - 401 95 213	1 304 50 399 365 490	10 340 2 378 2 334 2 131 3 497	5 926 1 286 1 111 1 323 2 206	4 414 1 092 1 223 808 1 291	504 - 297 55 152	104 40 61	50 83 99 119	64 17 36	72 42 114	105 148 120	75 59 101
Mele, 16 te 21 yeers old Not enrolled in school Not high school graduates Unemployed or not in labor force	8 612 2 906 1 137 409	824 165 22 3	1 354 490 231 79	6 434 2 251 884 327	3 633 1 395 583 215	2 801 856 301 112	585 80 — —	239 85 22 3	376 171 76 25	135 33 13 9	183 57 17 9	388 115 84 24	272 114 41 12
Female, 16 years old and over Labor force Percent of total Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force	29 702 44.9 29 695 28 515 1 180 4.0	4 160 1 650 39.7 1 650 1 607 43 2.6	9 638 4 290 44.5 4 290 4 077 213 5.0	52 349 23 762 45.4 23 755 22 831 924 3.9	31 991 14 601 45.6 14 597 13 986 611 4.2	20 358 9 161 45.0 9 158 8 845 313 3.4	2 386 936 39.2 936 900 36 3.8	1 774 714 40.2 714 707 7	2 894 1 287 44.5 1 287 1 227 60 4.7 1 607	935 441 47.2 441 377 64 14.5 494	1 591 688 43.2 688 671 17 2.5 903	2 498 1 081 43.3 1 081 1 047 34 3.1 1 417	1 720 793 46.1 793 755 38 4.8 927
Not in lobor force Married women, husband present in labor force With own children under 6 years In labor force	36 445 39 689 16 451 13 114 2 801	2 510 2 597 979 825 197	5 348 6 315 2 544 2 253 452	28 587 30 777 12 928 10 036 2 152	17 390 18 349 7 577 6 024 1 323	11 197 12 428 5 351 4 012 829	1 450 1 342 516 369 102	1 060 1 255 463 456 95	1 806 707 717 151	655 289 202 45	996 405 362 91	1 731 655 637 100	1 127 488 335 65
OCCUPATION	2 00.	,,,	452	~									
Tetel employed, 16 years old and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers Health workers Teachers, elementary and secondary schools Managers and administrators, except farm Salaried Self-employed in retail trade	74 240 10 087 1 876 2 411 6 277 5 353 409	4 719 895 134 194 496 403 32	11 303 1 600 305 245 929 833 34	58 218 7 592 1 437 1 972 4 852 4 117 343	35 230 4 442 950 1 048 2 844 2 476 166	22 988 3 150 487 924 2 008 1 641 177	2 558 440 93 100 240 201 15	2 161 455 41 94 256 202 17	3 347 561 148 68 253 212 12	1 094 144 24 16 103 99	1 789 188 40 27 141 128	2 977 449 57 94 270 241 11	2 096 258 36 40 162 153
Sales workers Retail trade Clerical and kindred workers Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers Construction craftsmen Mechanics and repairmen Operatives, except transport Transport equipment operatives	3 021 13 874 11 722 2 964 2 512 12 106	329 187 864 661 173 138 501	746 411 2 064 1 880 476 420 2 113 441	4 266 2 423 10 946 9 181 2 315 1 954 9 492 2 381	2 666 1 538 6 720 5 270 1 209 1 026 6 149 1 473	1 600 885 4 226 3 911 1 106 928 3 343 908	189 102 511 378 88 95 246 91	140 85 353 283 85 43 255 98	222 116 656 552 164 105 601 84	65 21 208 239 56 57 188 24	132 84 288 255 55 54 413 96	202 124 543 426 94 96 577 133	125 66 369 408 107 108 334
Laborers, except farm farm workers Service workers¹ Cleaning and faod service workers Protective service workers Personal and health service workers Private household workers	339 8 414 4 270 1 209	155 39 577 317 57 137	468 49 996 497 148 285	2 106 251 6 841 3 456 1 004 1 971 310	1 377 46 4 073 2 029 610 1 150 170	729 205 2 768 1 427 394 821 140	101 10 344 194 30 86 8	54 29 233 123 27 51	97 5 316 151 41 90	47 .7 69 21 25 23	83 - 189 70 39 67 4	153 11 210 134 28 34 3	88 26 212 121 15 71
Female employed, 16 years old and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers Teachers, elementary and secondary schools Managers and administrators, except form Sales workers Clerical and kindred workers Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	28 515 3 982 1 451 703 2 118 10 010 3 314	1 607 291 96 28 118 630 277	4 077 541 143 87 252 1 472 428	22 831 3 150 1 212 588 1 748 7 908 2 609	13 986 1 874 646 328 1 129 4 766 1 446	8 845 1 276 566 260 619 3 142 1 163	900 149 31 12 51 390 167	707 142 65 16 67 240 110	1 227 205 43 8 89 429 137	377 64 16 18 6 136 46	671 65 12 10 36 207 58	1 047 112 45 23 84 423 131	755 95 27 28 37 277 56
Operatives, including transport	6 037 866 62 4 442 295	224 38 5 260 13	1 108 89 3 508 17	4 705 739 54 3 674 265	3 161 468 17 2 102 141	1 544 271 37 1 572 124	111 22 - 157 8	113 16 5 103 5	308 13 - 175	100 28 3 22 -	234 11 - 104 4	301 23 78 3	165 14 - 129 10
INDUSTRY	74.040	4 719	11 303	58 218	35 230	22 988	2 558	2 161	3 347	1 094	1 789	2 977	2 096
Total employed, 16 years old and over	74 240 4 556 22 767 10 518 2 660 2 598 3 381 13 732	317 1 310 751 188 93 199 797	796 3 724 1 916 358 304 625 1 997	3 443 17 733 7 851 2 114 2 201 2 557 10 938	1 893 10 612 3 979 1 307 1 534 1 663 6 827	1 550 7 121 3 872 807 667 894 4 111	152 685 380 80 58 84 431	165 625 371 108 35 115 366	228 1 007 513 69 99 191 668	114 320 166 6 40 61 149	150 650 305 57 31 78 302	165 1 059 591 131 59 172 553	139 688 341 75 75 123 325
Finance, insurance, and real estate	3 435 1 915 2 078 4 999 5 209 2 537 3 312 1 061	218 94 130 310 523 225 190 125	478 362 296 629 606 417 543 168	2 739 1 459 1 652 4 060 4 080 1 895 2 579 768	1 691 931 1 072 2 651 1 920 1 244 1 561 324	1 048 528 580 1 409 2 160 651 1 018 444	129 62 73 191 336 118 105 54	89 32 57 119 187 107 85 71	132 94 72 275 171 137 143 41	69 72 35 60 50 33 66 19	45 44 72 82 97 68 101	138 96 48 115 169 116 108 48	94 56 69 97 119 63 125 48
CLASS OF WORKER		4 719	11 303	58 218	35 230	22 988	2 558	2 161	3 347	1 094	1 789	2 977	2 096
Tetel employed, 16 years old and over	74 240 59 519 10 751 6 080 3 819 151	3 696 684 385 329 10	9 308 1 491 780 481 23	46 515 8 576 4 915 3 009 118	28 815 4 778 2 700 1 587 50	17 700 3 798 2 215 1 422 68	2 022 380 206 151 5	1 674 304 179 178 5	2 702 495 231 143 7	884 158 103 45 7	1 466 213 124 106 4	2 518 346 195 108 5	1 738 279 127 79 -

Uncludes allocated cases, not shown separately.

Table P-3. Labor Force Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

	Brockton													
Census Tracts	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Troct
	5101	5102	5103	5104	5105	5106	5107	5108	5109	5110	5111	5112	5113	5114
EMPLOYMENT STATUS										===				4 1/4
Mole, 16 years old and ever Lobor force Percent of total Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force	1 667 1 478 88.7 1 468 1 378 90 6.1	1 853 1 555 83.9 1 544 1 518 26 1.7	1 106 897 81.1 875 853 22 2.5	1 410 1 108 78.6 1 108 1 046 62 5.6	2 119 1 762 83.2 1 752 1 670 82 4.7	1 440 1 149 79.8 1 149 1 107 42 3.7	1 616 1 299 80.4 1 283 1 230 53 4.1	2 034 1 498 73.6 1 482 1 438 44 3.0	1 165 858 73.6 845 781 64 7.6	783 596 76.1 591 528 63 10.7	3 835 3 279 85.5 3 248 3 121 127 3.9	1 379 1 127 81.7 1 121 1 090 31 2.8	1 581 1 243 78.6 1 243 1 206 37 3.0	4 162 2 748 66.0 2 733 2 643 90 3.3
Not in labor force Inmate of institution Enrolled in school Other under 65 years Other 65 years and over	189 	298 86 68 144	209 22 25 27 135	302 21 24 152 105	357 10 82 83 182	291 61 87 35 108	317 118 66 133	536 54 131 102 249	307 - 25 140 142	187 47 74 66	556 69 92 174 221	252 62 41 46 103	338 80 59 92 107	1 414 907 127 106 274
Male, 16 to 21 years old Not enrolled in school Not high school graduates Unemployed or not in labor force	255 98 16 5	244 93 37 7	1 38 91 43 4	1 68 75 45 18	307 116 44 29	237 76 21 -	235 55 9 -	287 98 57 49	51 31 23 5	149 78 39 22	507 212 88 19	195 82 34 24	223 73 27	410 129 59 24
Femele, 16 years old end over Labor force Percent of total Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force Not in labor force	1 700 747 43.9 747 716 31 4.1 953	2 053 872 42.5 872 842 30 3.4 1 181	1 519 647 42.6 647 61.5 32 4.9 872	1 571 673 42.8 673 615 58 8.6 898	2 484 1 090 43.9 1 086 1 048 38 3.5 1 394	1 708 751 44.0 751 716 35 4.7 957	1 976 877 44.4 877 869 8 0.9 1 099	2 568 1 210 47.1 1 210 1 178 32 2.6 1 358	1 156 594 51.4 594 574 20 3.4 562	961 417 43.4 417 382 35 8.4 544	4 288 2 156 50.3 2 156 2 057 99 4.6 2 132	1 585 770 48.6 770 711 59 7.7 815	1 901 785 41.3 785 750 35 4.5	3 925 1 787 45.5 1 787 1 741 46 2.6 2 138
Married women, husbond present	1 209 477 541 79	1 289 477 544 111	782 345 289 65	881 345 292 55	1 482 633 419 60	999 422 213 59	1 136 453 298 70	1 241 551 363 90	423 207 98 35	508 167 179 42	2 816 1 260 986 265	902 383 342 101	1 009 407 281 76	2 269 889 707 135
OCCUPATION														
Total employed, 16 years old and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers Health workers Teachers, elementary and secondary schools Managers and administrators, except form Solaried Self-employed in retail trade	2 094 205 39 14 202 156 13	2 360 287 41 43 169 149 5	1 468 143 22 82 99 82	1 661 114 20 12 108 85 23	2 718 528 92 131 308 241 35	1 823 370 116 54 161 149	2 099 404 79 128 241 222 12	2 616 366 61 137 200 161 24	1 355 112 12 36 59 41 11	910 49 8 12 19	5 178 558 99 108 379 334 21	1 801 195 89 36 78 62 6	1 956 177 21 50 223 218	4 384 603 182 124 427 391 16
Sales workers Retail trade Clerical and kindred workers Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers Construction craftsmen Mechanics and repairmen Operatives, except transport Transport equipment operatives	208 80 427 428 79 91 264 98	140 63 412 424 100 81 557 64	118 69 340 216 28 60 277 57	97 60 311 232 49 46 451 60	315 144 447 326 87 50 306 121	135 79 426 176 39 59 171 68	247 172 408 223 60 44 252 48	213 138 537 291 65 56 457 100	50 35 215 175 16 16 378 89	44 35 162 149 39 19 238 53	343 221 855 858 205 201 864 300	101 55 338 307 63 73 376 85	124 82 321 320 85 52 377 71	345 182 884 709 192 118 626 135
Loborers, except farm Farm workers Service workers Cleaning and food service workers Protective service workers Personal and health service workers Private household workers	72 6 184 97 25 56	95 10 186 78 65 32 16	39 174 78 20 60 5	78 8 202 94 28 53	75 280 121 59 73 12	71 - 218 155 27 36 27	62 203 104 35 60	103 330 141 40 130	93 180 86 - 47 4	67 129 45 10 62	256 5 749 425 95 199	85 7 222 72 59 81 7	65 4 253 103 29 87 21	175 6 442 250 72 91 32
Femele employed, 16 years ald end over Professional, technical, and kindred workers Teachers, elementary and secondary schools Managers and administrators, except form Soles workers Clerical and kindred workers Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	59 354	842 68 17 14 51 274 87	615 69 39 7 49 211 68	615 36 7 12 31 212 42	1 048 223 89 41 131 340 154	716 132 24 23 32 323 84	869 171 72 8 115 327 132	1 178 198 93 22 101 368 107	574 67 31 15 34 152 49	382 28 12 4 33 111 51	2 057 252 96 45 207 530 122	711 113 28 13 41 215	750 62 27 25 49 235 83	1 741 236 52 79 123 689 144
Operatives, including transport Other blue-collar workers Form workers Service workers, except private household Private household workers.	7 6 96	287 65 4 63 16	139 44 91 5	232 24 - 68	145 29 - 127 12	74 7 110 15	142 11 - 92 3	267 25 182 15	183 26 - 93 4	107 4 - 95 -	492 84 - 436 11	187 18 7 110 7	183 22 158 16	291 61 - 230 32
INDUSTRY														
Total employed, 16 years old and over Construction	102 638 331 73 93 159	2 360 170 922 348 68 110 99 386	1 468 48 507 113 19 52 88 272	1 661 82 611 208 61 51 75 343	2 718 135 682 269 116 67 104 538	1 823 104 355 121 66 72 94 469	2 099 87 557 211 48 66 111 439	2 616 99 751 203 93 94 137 551	70 528 182 35 30 50 227	910 48 312 140 38 57 32 168	5 178 268 1 551 698 278 228 250 1 015	1 801 148 563 217 92 74 59 270	1 956 100 605 218 80 76 90 417	4 384 304 1 120 415 145 287 188 906
Finance, insurance, and real estate	76 40 146 69 44 68	112 58 46 97 65 48 144 35	108 36 60 83 98 24 52 21	58 56 33 99 61 55 52 24	193 56 51 237 222 148 136 33	91 20 75 149 132 109 66 21	126 42 79 158 182 88 93 23	113 71 96 214 185 108 97 7	43 54 99 65 57 57 27 13	26 43 21 76 18 36 26 9	208 137 125 437 243 127 255 56	43 51 42 176 88 79 103 13	47 41 77 133 88 107 86 9	203 121 127 359 242 129 224 29
CLASS OF WORKER							_ ====					4		
Tetal ampleyed, 16 years eld and ever Private wage and solary workers Government workers Local government workers Self-employed workers Unpaid family workers	. 1 798 . 197 . 85 . 99	2 360 1 941 325 136 94	1 468 1 221 171 97 71 5	1 661 1 394 178 89 89	2 718 2 089 446 263 173 10	1 823 1 461 247 135 111 4	2 099 1 650 306 209 137 6	2 616 2 181 324 184 111	1 355 1 136 159 95 56 4	910 791 103 64 16	5 178 4 314 683 369 176 5	1 801 1 429 274 175 98	1 956 1 680 213 131 63	4 384 3 456 728 414 189

Uncludes allocated cases, not shown separately.

Table P-3. Labor Force Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

		ekton — Con.	, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text] on. Balance of SMSA in Plymouth County											
Census Tracts	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract
	5115	5116	5117	5201	5202	5211	5212	5221	5231	5232	5241	5251	5252	5253
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			ı											
Male, 16 years old and over Labor force Percent of total	1 209 984 81,4	739 604 81.7	140 127 90.7	1 869 1 565 83.7	1 808 1 505 83,2	2 020 1 737 86.0	1 869 1 433 76,7	2 123 1 734 81.7	782 617 78.9	1 814 1 503 82.9	2 222 1 641 73.9	2 187 1 845 84.4	1 018 865 85.0	1 335 188
Civilian labor forceEmployed	984 919	604 594	127 122	1 543 1 514	1 482 1 424	1 722 1 699	1 415 1 389	1 725 1 653	613 587	1 497 1 459	1 641 1 611	1 837 1 790	865 844	14.1 188 173
UnemployedPercent of civilian labor force	65 6.6	10 1.7	3.9	2 9 1.9	58 3,9	23 1.3	26 1.8	72 4.2	26 4.2	38 2.5	30 1.8	47 2.6	21 2.4	15 8.0
Not in labor force Inmale of institution Enralled in school	225 - 43	135 - 36	13 - 4	304 29 97	303 90	283 104	436 7 124	389 47 147	165 - 78	311 52 79	581 7 307	342 143	153 54	1 147 950
Other under 65 yearsOther 65 years and over	62 120	31 68	9 -	55 123	66 147	52 127	126 179	61 134	19 68	52 128	137 130	32 167	36 63	172 25
Mele, 16 to 21 years old Not enrolled in school Not high school graduates Unemployed or not in labor force	1 29 58 29 9	90 30 12	8 - - -	250 84 38 6	274 76 21 14	267 86 31 5	266 109 39 10	260 63 6 -	170 46 6 3	200 69 19 9	537 88 30 13	344 110 37	112 38 15	121 87 59 52
Labor force	741	941 422 44.8	1 48 62 41.9	2 172 990 45.6	2 040 900	2 373 1 118 47.1	2 153 1 029 47.8	2 317 1 040 44.9	814 356 43.7	2 027 897 44.3	2 839 1 210 42.6	2 379 1 012 42.5	1 161 564 48.6	83 45 54,2
Civilian labor forceEmployed	49.2 741 714	422 396	62 62	987 952	44.1 900 893	1 118 1 0 99	1 029 996	1 040 980	356 356	897 858	1 210 1 176	1 012 980	564 519	45 36
Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force Not in labor force	27 3.6 766	26 6.2 519	- - 86	35 3.5 1 182	7 0.8 1 140	19 1.7 1 255	33 3.2 1 124	60 5.8 1 277	- 458	39 4.3 1 130	34 2.8 1 629	32 3.2 1 367	45 8.0 597	9 20.0 38
Morried women, husband present In lobor force With own children under 6 years In lobor force	740 307 252 35	556 221 153 35	107 33 67 10	1 376 554 463 74	1 258 492 361 57	1 561 668 483 131	1 241 572 413 114	1 490 598 559 113	542 232 119 23	1 325 624 423 99	1 333 615 388 90	1 538 650 491 95	725 328 306 33	39 18 6
OCCUPATION														
Total employed, 16 years old and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers	1 633 147	990 140	184 44	2 466 402	2 317 285	2 798 361	2 385 268	2 633 342	943 84	2 317 331	2 787 362	2 770 501	1 363 177	209 37
Health workers Teachers, elementary and secondary schools Managers and administrators, except form	30 39 68	31 30 92	8 12 11	87 94 271	42 64 274	72 66 248	35 82 155	46 105 224	10 30 101	48 125 180	18 124 304	71 174 184	31 60 61	37 27 - 6
Salaried Self-employed in retail trade	68	87	ii -	231 22	225 31	191 21	137	178 24	90	141 15	240 23	156 19	46 15	6
Sales workers Retail trade	108 74	65 36	13	212 130	163 94	247 134	172 93 497	205 113	53 16 185	123 54 362	148 109 544	199 89 454	78 53 169	30
Clerical and kindred workers Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers Construction craftsmen	389 229 55	220 155 40	28 52 7	508 391 122	492 356 120	525 517 127	407 125	460 532 119	128 48	402 120	447 145	483 138	234 42	14
Mechanics and repairmen	35 448 72	17 97 46	8 10 6	101 298 59	62 305 62	153 395 117	105 400 116	149 369 78	26 125 73	67 387 124	96 319 135	109 384 79	60 344 56	17
Laborers, except farm Farm workers	17	20	4	63 6	49 16	59 -	66 4	105 5	28 5	81 10	63 72	109 52	69 35	37
Service workers Cleaning and food service workers Protective service workers	150 88 23	155 81 23	16 11	244 139 25	281 135 39	303 155 35	290 139 47	309 159 31	161 85 27	307 168 35	354 160 42	325 199 62	140 69 31	54 19 20
Personal and health service workers Private household workers	27 5	51	5	73 12	88 34	98 26	83 10	103 4	49	99 10	142 39	52 —	34	5
Female employed, 16 years old and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers	714 74	396 73	62 13	9 52 166 52	893 81 36	1 099 161 46	996 111 68	980 113 58	356 39 19	858 138 74	1 176 158 86	980 223 102	519 75 25	36 11
Teachers, elementary and secondary schools	27 10 41	23 4 24	5 - 8	33 95	41 69	15 106	25 39	33 86	6 18	24 39	51 80	20 63	12 24	-
Clerical and kindred workers Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	252 93	153 62	20	373 133	348 129	383 170	380 134	335 156	140 29	294 131	415 120	316 99	138 51	20 11
Operatives, including transport Other blue-collor workers Form workers	233 25 -	60 16 ~	10 - -	93 28 -	132 32 5	180 32	241 31	185 35 5	50 5 5	158 26	196 16 17	148 35	161 31 5	=
Service workers, except private household Private household workers	74 5	66	11	152 12	151 34	201 21	159 10	184 4	93	174 5	210 33	175	73 -	5
INDUSTRY														
Total employed, 16 years old and over Construction Manufacturing	1 633 93 591	990 30 267	184 5 52	2 466 115 680	2 317 213 670	2 798 205 882	2 385 173 914	2 633 121 961	943 85 244	2 317 146 733	2 787 207 663	2 770 204 740	1 363 81 600	34
Durable goods	184 52 82	98 43 69	23 26	436 49 89	345 97 72	406 96 79	492 89 60	544 80 73	114 80 26	513 97 78	343 120 109	385 57 71	273 28 10	21 14
Communications, utilities, and sanitary services Wholesale trade Retall trade	78 246	43 152	6 37	94 565	106 421	132 545	142 384	113 527	31 167	61 406	102 446	90 423	8 212	15 15
Finance, insurance, and real estateBusiness and repair services	89 29	53 27	5 13	160 51	126 41	187 72 82	62 46 69	100 82 51	11 20 17	77 55 47	168 63 90	123 80 51	22 18 16	12 - 27
Personal services Health services Educational services	60 92 94	41 102 64	28 12	46 179 232	84 133 166	185 155	134 168	133 216	59 94	200 226	177 313	136 445	57 145	16
Other professional and related services Public administration Other industries	60 63 4	64 25 69 5	-	102 76 28	74 71 43	67 94 17	57 69 18	51 85 40	16 83 10	66 85 40	71 148 110	104 174 72	43 63 60	70
CLASS OF WORKER														
Private wage and salary workers	1 633 1 326	990 791	184 157	2 466 1 970	2 317 1 866	2 798 2 312	2 385 1 917 342	2 633 2 097 358	943 672 196	2 317 1 775 392	2 787 2 069	2 770 1 864 714	1 363 1 065 211	209 93 110
Government workers Local government workers Self-employed workers	244 140 63	153 102 41 5	12	355 239 141	280 191 171	287 160 184	213 126	250 178	118 75	250 134	553 330 150	324 182	130 81	10
Unpaid family workers	<u> </u>	5				15				16	15	10	6	6

*Includes allocated cases, not shown separately.

Table P-4. Income Characteristics of the Population: 1970

	[Data based o	n sumpie, si	ee lexi. For		Plymouth Co		Part in Brist				n Norfalk Ca	ınty	
Census Tracts	Total SMSA	Part in Bristol County	Part in Norfolk County	Total	Brockton	Balance	Tract 6001	Tract 6002	Troct 4561	Tract 4562	Tract 4563	Tract 4564	Tract 4571
INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS													
All families Less than \$1,000 \$1,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999 \$7,000 to \$7,999 \$8,000 to \$7,999 \$9,000 to \$7,999 \$10,000 to \$11,999 \$10,000 to \$11,999 \$12,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Median income	45 698 626 1 148 1 309 1 442 1 899 2 914 3 343 3 703 7 671 8 602 8 571 1 423 141 \$10 928 \$11 631	2 811 72 11 40 61 71 113 118 136 158 259 438 562 636 121 15 \$11 674 \$12 651	6 923 41 85 149 157 155 257 217 395 389 539 1 224 1 575 1 556 169 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	35 964 530 1 959 1 961 1 216 1 529 1 864 2 383 2 816 2 905 6 009 6 465 6 379 1 133 111 \$10 704 \$11 443	21 930 387 418 640 750 1 227 1 488 1 869 3 509 3 664 623 3 744 623 86 \$10 377 \$11 169	14 034 187 112 319 341 360 529 637 895 947 1 236 2 500 2 801 2 635 511 163 \$11 1871	1 446 38 5 16 444 34 655 68 96 78 153 232 259 308 50 -	1 365 34 6 6 24 17 37 48 50 80 80 106 206 303 328 71 12 342 \$13 403	2 009 14 21 41 48 41 93 75 107 92 132 420 498 42 5 \$11 761 \$12 236	715 	1 052 6 24 28 22 33 16 35 32 86 87 203 278 185 13 4 \$11 547 \$11 526	1 891 10 34 31 47 43 97 72 141 125 102 335 425 370 53 6 \$11 454 \$12 076	1 256 111 6 30 37 26 40 26 70 49 100 230 278 321 321 32 - \$12 032 \$12 355
Families and unrelated individuals	58 707 \$9 449 \$9 844	4 061 \$9 315 \$9 590	7 985 \$11 015 \$11 187	46 661 \$9 154 \$9 637	28 627 \$8 764 \$9 449	18 034 \$9 738 \$9 935	2 485 \$6 951 \$7 889	1 576 \$11 427 \$12 272	2 352 \$10 854 \$11 123	767 \$12 026 \$12 409	1 329 \$10 441 \$10 135	2 097 \$10 952 \$11 434	1 440 \$11 348 \$11 251
Unrelated individuals Median income Mean income	13 009 \$2 505 \$3 569	1 250 \$1 594 \$2 706	1 062 \$2 975 \$4 635	10 697 \$2 574 \$3 564	6 697 \$2 973 \$3 816	4 000 \$1 941 \$3 142	1 039 \$1 290 \$2 250	211 \$4 583 \$4 957	343 \$3 328 \$4 604	52 \$3 125 \$3 349	277 \$2 896 \$4 853	206 \$4 286 \$5 538	184 \$2 536 \$3 715
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES All families With wage or salary income Mean wage or salary income With nonfarm self-employment income With form self-employment income With form self-employment income Mean form self-employment income With Social Security income Mean Social Security income Mean public assistance or public welfare income Mean public assistance or public welfare income With other income Mean other income	45 698 41 715 \$10 940 4 401 \$7 209 231 \$1 804 8 027 \$1 622 2 652 \$1 584 17 034 \$1 513	2 811 2 524 \$1 815 304 \$9 744 403 \$1 913 \$1 913 \$998 1 269 \$1 480	6 923 6 403 \$11 571 571 571 \$7 467 16 1 064 \$1 641 \$1 641 \$1 306 \$1 301 2 509 \$1 468	35 964 32 788 \$10 749 3 506 \$6 946 6 560 \$1 601 2 253 \$1 647 13 256 \$1 525	21 930 19 825 \$10 598 1 916 \$7 167 55 \$1 190 4 084 \$1 546 1 644 \$1 726 7 861 \$1 507	14 034 12 963 \$10 982 1 590 \$6 679 125 \$1 919 2 476 \$1 691 589 \$1 423 5 395 \$1 549	1 446 1 271 \$11 633 128 \$7 537 20 241 \$1 983 55 \$1 168 685 \$1 418	1 365 1 253 \$11 999 176 \$11 350 152 \$1 808 \$753 584 \$1 553	2 009 1 829 \$11 622 180 \$8 082 	715 696 \$12 201 74 \$4 736 10 111 \$1 283 22 222 \$1 248	1 052 \$11 015 106 \$8 033 - 159 \$1 664 \$841 \$841 \$45 \$1 343	1 891 1 771 \$11 107 149 \$8 084 6 311 \$1 895 108 \$1 477 703 \$1 690	1 256 1 153 \$12 284 82 \$6 731
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL!		, .	i	•				·	·	·			
Percent of families with incomes: Less than .50 of poverty level	2.6 3.7 9.9	3.0 0.5 0.6 2.2 2.6 10.5 26.9 53.7	1.4 0.7 1.5 2.3 3.1 8.3 27.9 54.8	2.4 1.2 1.9 2.6 3.9 10.2 26.9 50.8	2.9 1.4 2.2 3.0 4.2 10.4 25.9 50.0	1.8 0.9 1.5 2.1 3.4 9.9 28.4 52.0	3.0 - 0.6 3.6 2.6 10.6 29.7 50.0	2.9 1.0 0.7 0.8 2.6 10.3 24.0 57.7	0.9 0.8 1.0 1.8 3.4 7-1 29.0 55.9	0.7 1.0 2.0 1.3 0.8 6.7 28.0 59.6	2.0 0.5 2.0 4.2 2.7 4.7 29.7 54.4	1.8 0.5 1.6 2.9 3.0 10.9 27.1 52.2	1.4 0.5 1.4 1.4 4.6 10.2 26.0 54.6
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL													
Femilies Mean family income Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income Mean size of family With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years Mean number of related children under 6 years Families with female head With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 8 years Mean number of related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years Percent in labor force Mean number of related children under 6 years	\$1 779 \$1 718 28.2 3.83 1 733 2.91 1 096 1.76 1 134 1 017 2.74	114 4.1 \$1 143 \$2 382 14.0 3.82 93 2.68 41 1.71 62 2.61 2.61 2.44.8	242 3.55 \$1 977 \$1 502 23.1 161 2.86 93 1.45 113 102 2.47 44 38.6 1.48	2 00s 5.6 \$1 791 \$1 706 29.6 3.84 1 479 2.93 962 1.80 959 853 2.78 521 18.0 1.80	1 416 6.5 \$1 815 \$1 637 32.8 3.74 1 039 2.78 695 1.83 703 703 616 2.61 394 12.7 1.82	589 4.2 \$1 733 \$1 873 21.9 4.10 3.28 267 1.70 256 237 3.23 3.23 127 34.6	51 3.5 \$764 \$2 587 19.6 3.65 34 2.79 12 	63 4.6 \$1 288 \$2 216 9.5 3.95 59 2.61 29 1.76 43 2.74 24	55 2.7 \$1 502 \$1 597 29.1 3.09 34 2.06 17 18 	26 3.6 \$3 163 \$1 005 4.73 26 3.19 7 19	47, 4.5 \$2 093 \$1 604 25.5 4.11 30 3.83 1.80 16 	74 3.9 \$2 020 \$1 452 29.7 3.66 47 2.94 27 1.41 36 31 2.90 17	40 3.2 \$1 643 \$1 670 15.0 3.50 24 24 18 6
Femily heeds Percent 65 years and over	17.7 889	114 11.4 39 66.7	242 28.1 77 59.7	2 005 16.9 773 77.9	1 416 18.0 515 72.6	589 14.1 258 88.4	51 25.5 19	63 - 20 	55 25.5 27 55.6	26 7 -	47 36.2 14	74 20.3 23	55.0 5.0
Varelated individuals Percent of all unrelated individuals Mean income Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income Percent 65 years and over	35.5 \$878 \$937 9.5	172 32.0 \$617 \$1 220 7.0 48.8	291 27.4 \$890 \$911 23.0 63.9	3 713 36.6 \$889 \$926 8.5 53.6	2 270 33.9 \$904 \$891 9.6 66.1	1 443 41.8 \$866 \$980 6.8 34.0	140 42.9 \$611 \$1 233 3.6 45.7	32 15.2 \$642 \$1 166 21.9 62.5	76 22.2 \$1 002 \$802 21.1 67.1	19 36.5 	\$6 31.0 \$1 041 \$742 26.7 77.9	63 30.6 \$744 \$1 071 23.8 44.4	47 25,5 \$883 \$900 21.3 72.3
Persons Percent of oil persons Percent receiving Social Security income Percent 65 years and over Percent receiving Social Security income Related children under 18 years Percent living with both parents	7.2 21.0 23.3 74.0 5 077	607 5.3 14.3 17.0 69.9 230 34.8	80.1 452	11 421 7.9 21.1 23.3 73.5 4 395 42.1	7 561 8.7 23.6 26.5 72.1 2 960 41.3	3 860 6.7 16.3 17.2 77.8 1 435 43.8	326 5.5 19.6 25.5 71.1 83 54.2	281 5.1 8.2 7.1 147 23.8	246 3.1 28.9 30.5 86.7 75 54.7	142 4.6 11.3 4.2 72 43.1	279 6.3 33.3 36.6 91.2 121 42.1	334 4.3 12.9 16.5 69.1 136 33.8	187 3.5 31.6 36.4 63.2 48 79.2
Heuseholds Percent of all households Owner occupied Mean value of unit Renter occupied Mean gross rent Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	9.1 1 580 \$16 700 2 842 \$92	171 6.1 94 \$21 200 77 \$89 7.0	193 \$105	2 572 \$91	2 882 11.9 719 \$16 500 2 163 \$91 9.1	967 6.8 558 \$16 100 409 \$92 11.8	105 7.0 58 \$16 200 47 \$90 4.8	5.0 36 \$29 200 30 \$87 10.6	92 4.4 37 \$20 400 55 \$117 8.7	33 4.7 30 \$15 600 3	115 9.7 44 \$17 100 71 \$90	90 4.7 53 \$17 900 37 \$113	72 5.6 45 \$12 400 27 \$109

Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barrocks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-4. Income Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

	[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text] Brockton													
Census Tracts							Broci	cton						
Gensus mucis	Tract 5101	Tract 5102	Tract 5103	Tract 5104	Tract 5105	Tract 5106	Tract 5107	Tract 5108	Tract 5109	Tract 5110	Tract 5111	Tract 5112	Trect 5113	Troct 5114
INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS														
All femilies Less than \$1,000 to \$1,009 \$2,000 to \$2,999 \$2,000 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999 \$5,000 to \$6,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999	1 404 26 4 27 5 22 51 39	1 529 21 26 10 39 25 35 88	1 023 8 47 43 34 91 77	1 118 22 21 46 76 92 73 63	1 795 27 42 54 75 57 83 91	1 136 14 30 22 36 42 21 28	1 334 12 12 25 40 46 57	1 548 45 34 52 94 58 55 125	589 13 14 29 56 27 39 22	680 8 16 30 42 34 85 63 70	3 076 60 40 87 60 80 110 143	1 062 17 14 61 25 23 66 49	1 172 51 43 35 41 67 49 79	2 692 35 55 89 66 107 128 88
\$7,000 to \$7,999 \$8,000 to \$7,999 \$9,000 to \$8,999 \$10,000 to \$9,999 \$12,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$25,000 to \$44,999 \$25,000 or more	84 122 158 264 283 304	94 130 143 278 353 256 31	119 93 85 94 104 94 16	121 126 101 114 128 117	49 100 124 292 361 373 66	59 99 78 137 205 242 98 25	55 139 83 136 224 316 86 26	111 154 106 237 198 253 26	46 92 56 74 53 68 -	53 52 84 94 16 13	247 248 252 660 567 442 80	55 82 91 193 181 173 32	105 81 81 170 159 167 44	143 230 123 423 456 651 74 26
Median income	\$11 242 \$11 710	\$11 104 \$11 405	\$7 819 \$8 874	\$8 357 \$9 135	\$11 339 \$11 823	\$12 029 \$14 314	\$11 779 \$13 836	\$9 434 \$10 052	\$8 527 \$8 515	\$7 600 \$8 247	\$10 639 \$10 999	\$10 497 \$11 080	\$9 432 \$10 295	\$11 343 \$12 300
Families and unrelated individuals Median income Mean income	1 475 \$11 011 \$11 294	1 885 \$9 953 \$9 931	1 412 \$6 779 \$7 385	1 478 \$7 254 \$7 831	2 206 \$10 192 \$10 593	1 315 \$10 988 \$12 980	1 661 \$9 672 \$11 811	2 386 \$7 197 \$8 007	1 555 \$4 275 \$5 361	895 \$6 413 \$7 052	3 731 \$9 747 \$9 698	1 264 \$9 495 \$9 895	1 667 \$7 343 \$8 445	3 409 \$9 768 \$10 536
Unreloted individuals	71 \$1 978 \$3 051	356 \$1 967 \$3 601	389 \$2 138 \$3 470	360 \$2 963 \$3 781	\$3 472 \$5 220	179 \$3 292 \$4 516	327 \$2 861 \$3 547	838 \$3 337 \$4 228	966 \$3 101 \$3 437	215 \$3 011 \$3 274	655 \$2 591 \$3 589	202 \$3 286 \$3 668	495 \$2 937 \$4 064	717 \$3 448 \$3 912
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES					1 795	1 136	1 334	1 548	589	680	3 076	1 062	1 172	2 692
All families With wage or salary income Mean wage or salary income With nanfarm self-employment income Mean nonfarm self-employment income With farm self-employment income	1 404 1 320 \$11 226 127 \$5 756	1 529 1 426 \$10 889 115 \$5 830	1 023 895 \$8 656 92 \$5 359	1 118 974 \$8 727 97 \$4 746 22	1 597 \$11 293 247 \$5 291	1 015 \$12 801 125 \$15 211	1 156 \$12 405 188 \$10 371	1 374 \$9 293 101 \$8 262	529 \$8 152 38 \$5 432	\$8 210 15	2 874 \$10 763 218 \$4 429	957 \$10 417 99 \$9 233	1 044 \$10 263 72 \$6 007	2 448 \$11 543 240 \$8 647 6
Mean form self-employment income With Sacial Security income Mean Social Security income With public assistance or public welfare income Mean public assistance or public welfare income With other income Mean other income	214 \$1 440 58 \$1 249 375 \$1 270	241 \$1 518 73 \$1 754 528 \$1 423	215 \$1 589 50 \$1 170 339 \$1 293	\$1 296 191 \$2 052 351 \$1 603	350 \$1 403 133 \$1 969 773 \$1 457	189 \$1 454 74 \$1 860 507 \$1 883	352 \$1 938 49 \$1 721 655 \$2 139	368 \$1 538 155 \$1 561 642 \$1 791	100 \$1 047 80 \$1 556 161 \$1 662	116 \$1 365 150 \$2 513 131 \$1 133	439 \$1 612 164 \$1 368 875 \$1 148	200 \$1 574 77 \$2 158 328 \$1 225	180 \$1 421 100 \$1 358 398 \$1 323	541 \$1 486 188 \$1 627 1 057 \$1 568
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL														
Percent of families with incomes: Less than .50 of poverty level	2.7 0.4 0.6 1.1 1.7 9.4 35.6 48.5	2.1 0.2 1.8 1.6 1.8 8.8 28.5 55.1	3.8 1.7 2.9 2.6 6.3 15.5 30.0 37.1	2.3 3.0 3.8 4.6 7.1 13.7 28.3 37.3	3.0 2.5 2.1 2.8 4.7 6.0 21.2 57.6	2.4 1.7 1.6 1.9 3.3 8.6 19.8 60.7	0.9 0.8 1.3 2.4 2.2 11.4 19.3 61.7	3.2 2.3 2.7 3.9 4.0 12.0 21.6 50.3	2.2 2.5 6.5 4.4 8.3 9.7 15.6 50.8	3.2 2.6 3.8 8.8 10.6 17.2 27.2 26.5	3.1 0.3 1.8 3.7 3.4 11.4 32.0 44.3	2.5 1.3 1.4 4.3 9.5 7.7 23.5 49.6	6.6 1.9 3.9 2.3 3.2 11.3 26.9 44.0	2.9 1.4 2.5 2.2 3.1 9.1 23.2 55.6
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL														
Percent of all families Percent of all families Mean family income Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income Mean size of family With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years Mean number of related children under 6 years Fomilies with famole head With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years Percent in labor force Mean number of related children under 6 years	\$2 3.7 \$1 134 \$2 800 - 4.46 47 2.89 35 1.49 5 5	63 4.1 \$1 583 \$1 735 9.5 3.44 36 2.97 31 1.35 21 21 21	86 8.4 \$1 926 \$1 267 33.7 3.30 59 2.05 28 1.79 51 35 2.46 11	102 9.1 \$2 250 \$1 523 54.9 4.31 85 3.20 68 1.93 62 56 2.98 44 1.98	136 7.6 \$2 119 \$1 579 42.6 4.23 112 2.98 78 1.76 81 77 2.58 55 5.5	54 5.6 \$1 683 \$1 463 12.5 3.30 25 3.80 3 3 	40 3.0 \$1 759 \$1 494 30.0 3.40 19 	127 8.2 \$1 759 \$1 539 37.0 3.51 86 2.58 59 1.83 41 36 2.44 	11.2 \$2 341 \$1 041 19.7 3.47 53 2.23 37 2.03 21 21	\$6 9.7 \$2 240 \$1 360 71.2 4.12 4.12 2.83 55 1.82 47 47 2.15 36 19.4 1.50	159 5.2 \$1 391 \$2 118 21.4 3.72 137 2.39 94 1.90 92 87 2.31 57 10.5 1.86	56 5.3 \$1 610 \$1 421 28.6 2.96 36 1.86 19 28 23 	145 12.4 \$1 483 \$1 630 39.3 3.14 95 2.33 50 1.46 75 70 2.09 41 22.0 1.46	183 6.8 \$2 224 \$1 441 31.7 4.18 1.48 3.20 90 2.11 100 91 2.98 49 16.3 2.22
Femity heeds Percent 65 years and over Civilian male heads under 65 years Percent in labor force	52 47 100.0	63 36.5 19	29.1 29 58.6	102 11.8 34 55.9	136 11.0 40 45.0	64 51.6 11	30.0 19	127 17.3 60 90,0	66 6.1 41 90.2	66 19	159 18.9 42 76.2	19.6 17	145 16.6 46 69.6	183 10.4 63 84.1
Unrelated individuals Percent of all unrelated individuals Mean income Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income Percent 65 years and over	36 50.7 \$699 \$1 079 13.9 80.6	177 49.7 \$920 \$864 6.2 74.6	163 47.0 \$1 078 \$686 5.5 82.5	19.2 \$1 012 \$836 5.8 59.4	126 30.7 \$695 \$1 098 3.2 61.9	45 25.1 \$627 \$1 188 13.3 44.4	94 28.7 \$847 \$966 8.5 66.0	208 24.8 \$854 \$931 6.7 69.7	336 34.8 \$971 \$860 17.0 50.3	73 34.0 \$982 \$807 19.2 71.2	269 41.1 \$897 \$904 6.3 52.8	33.7 \$1 012 \$770 14.7 73.5	170 34.3 \$725 \$1 072 10.6 69.4	252 35.1 \$978 \$802 10.7 69.8
Percent Percent of all persons Percent receiving Social Security income Percent 65 years and over Percent receiving Social Security income Related children under 18 years Percent living with both parents	268 4.7 10.1 12.7 67.6 144 85.4	394 6.5 31.7 42.9 72.2 111 31.5	467 12.9 47.3 43.9 92.2 127 22.8	509 11.8 11.2 11.2 73.7 270 38.5	701 10.5 15.0 15.8 59.5 328 39.0	256 5.9 19.5 25.0 78.1 94 14.9	230 4.6 30.0 39.1 58.9 63 44.4	654 10.7 26.1 29.2 78.0 250 51.2	565 18.9 29.7 31.9 76.1 154 65.6	345 12.2 15.4 15.1 88.5 180 42.8	861 6.6 19.5 22.8 66.3 331 40.2	234 5.4 36.8 32.9 80.5 77 15.6	626 13.2 25.7 27.5 67.4 232 31.9	1 017 9.5 21.8 21.6 77.3 471 38.2
Heuseholds Percent of all households Owner occupied Meon value of unit Renter occupied Mean gross rent Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	72	215 12.6 81 \$14 100 134 \$64 15.3	218 18.0 11 207 \$87	111 9.8 17 94 \$116	204 10.2 40 \$18 700 164 \$90	94 7.9 50 \$25 600 44 \$100	101 7.3 35 \$18 300 66 \$74 4.0	278 14.7 5 273 \$90 6.5	354 26.4 — 354 \$82 41.5	80 11.5 5 75 \$93	230 7.4 132 \$15 800 98 \$113 7.8	97 8.8 55 \$13 100 42 \$84 4.1	288 21.2 37 \$18 700 251 \$99 6.9	344 11.6 122 \$16 300 222 \$101 4.1

Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-4. Income Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

	(Data based	on sample,	·	ror minimun	base for a	ierived tigur		alance of S				X1J		
Census Tracts	Tract 5115	Tract 5116	Tract 5117	Tract 5201	Tract 5202	Tract 5211	Tract 5212	Tract 5221	Tract 5231	Tract 5232	Tract 5241	Tract	Tract	Troct
INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES AND	3113	3110	3117	3201	J202	3211	3212	3221	3231	3232	3241	5251	5252	5253
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS All families	1 019		•											
Less than \$1,000\$1,000 to \$1,999\$2,000 to \$2,999	17 16 26	625 11 4 4	128 - -	1 549 23 3 42	1 427 7 16 32	1 733 14 15 27	1 493 24 4 35	1 688 45 5 32	596 3 9 32	1 418 12 10 24	1 504 17 5 42	1 671 25 27 25	902 17 18 28	53
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999	34	17 18 37		61 26 25	41 33 67	31 37 61	34 54 89	17 26 52	22 20 26	26 35 36	29 60 44	42 55 100	38 14 29	-
\$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$7,999 \$8,000 to \$8,999 \$9,000 to \$9,999	96 77 92 62	32 43 28 64	10 10 - 12	64 98 101 157	79 54 101	60 78 162	63 83 127	78 90 91 192	36 49 51	56 116 76	53 116 106	69 115 63	79 92 69	4
\$10,000 to \$11,999 \$12,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999	186 176 117	130 112 106	37 10 49	215 324 305	112 227 338 270	140 386 367 308	157 282 193 297	353 362 297	44 50 99 115	117 320 323 235	111 273 272 321	107 248 367 330	83 133 144 149	16 13 12 8
\$25,000 ta \$49,999 \$50,000 ar more Median income	9 - \$9 653	19 _ \$10 838	\$11 7 30	105 \$11 623	45 5 \$11 511	42 5	46 5 \$10 543	48 \$11 224	40	32 - \$11 256	\$11 238	88 10 \$11 673	\$9 807	\$11 000
Families and unrelated individuals	\$9 758 1 342	\$11 524	\$13 369 133	\$12 691 1 852	\$12 188 1 736	\$11 251 \$11 842 1 994	\$11 583 1 832	\$11 629 1 942	\$10 240 \$11 925 680	\$11 521 1 740	\$11 970 2 774	\$12 440 2 111	\$10 233 995	\$12 074 378
Median income	\$7 902 \$8 201 323	\$9 500 \$9 709 188	\$11 595 \$12 891	\$10 463 \$11 427	\$10 286 \$10 691	\$10 622 \$10 828	\$9 512 \$10 070	\$10 571 \$10 647	\$9 636 \$11 188	\$10 303 \$10 006	\$5 789 \$7 330	\$10 187 \$10 661	\$9 343 \$9 580	\$1 348 \$3 543
Median income	\$2 852 \$3 291	\$2 909 \$3 676		303 \$4 691 \$4 969	309 \$2 915 \$3 778	261 \$2 777 \$4 089	339 \$3 009 \$3 411	254 \$2 896 \$4 125	\$5 400 \$5 958	322 \$2 480 \$3 332	1 270 \$1 121 \$1 836	440 \$2 771 \$3 902	93 \$1 742 \$3 253	325 \$989 \$2 151
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES	1 019	625	128	1 549	1 427	1 733	1 493	1 688	***	1 418	1 504	1 671	902	
With wage or salary income Mean wage or salary income With nonfarm self-employment income	941 \$9 323 47	551 \$10 630 90	128 \$12 986 5	1 415 \$11 659 189	1 317 \$10 821 184	1 644 \$10 716 176	1 380 \$10 514 153	1 566 \$11 038 216	596 529 \$11 680 117	1 314 \$10 869 147	1 399 \$10 952 172	1 522 \$11 503 171	824 \$10 065 65	53 53 \$11 503
Mean nonfarm self-employment income With farm self-employment income Mean farm self-employment income	\$4 861 - -	\$5 831 	···	\$7 732 6	\$6 560 9	\$8 549 - -	\$6 946 4	\$4 961 9	\$3 557 20	\$6 321 11	\$6 463 31 \$3 479	\$8 977 16	\$4 919 19	=
With Social Security income Mean Social Security income With public assistance or public welfare income Mean public assistance or public welfare income	212 \$1 755 109 \$1 349	143 \$1 865 8	10 5	278 \$1 756 71	281 \$1 780 84	282 \$1 770 64	331 \$1 635 107	304 \$1 546 53	116 \$1 787 21	201 \$1 657 36	286 \$1 666 43	268 \$1 666 64	122 \$1 778 46	
With other income	355 \$1 191	345 \$1 571	41 \$438	\$1 732 618 \$1 755	\$1 643 590 \$2 187	\$1 232 614 \$1 341	\$1 736 660 \$1 505	\$718 623 \$1 232	296 \$903	\$604 501 \$1 396	\$1 250 552 \$1 686	\$1 345 673 \$1 774	\$1 838 246 \$1 167	
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL Percent of families with incomes:														
Less than .50 of poverty level50 to .74	2.6 2.4 0,5	1.8	-	1.5 0.3 2.6	0.5 1.6 2.1	1.1 1.3 0.8	2.1 0.2 2.4	2.7 0.7 0.5	1.0 1.0 4.9	1.4 0.4 0.6	1.5 1.7 0.9	2.6 0.8 0.9	3.9 1.3 1.9	-
1.00 to 1.24 1.25 to 1.49 1.50 to 1.99 2.00 to 2.99	3.6 3.9 9.6	1.3 3.2 11.0	3.9	2.6 3.6 8.7	2.6 3.1 9.4	1.8 0.9 10.6	0.7 3.6 10.9	1.1 2.7 11.3	2.7 4.7 10.1	1.8 5.2 10.4	3.5 3.9 6.1	2.0 2.8 11.0	2.8 6.2 10,3	7.5 20.8
3.00 or more	25.8 51.5	23.0 59.0	55.5 40.6	24.4 56.2	27.0 53.7	32.3 51.2	29.9 50.2	28.4 52.7	27.0 48.7	28.6 51.6	27.5 54.9	27.9 52.1	31.9 41.7	71.7
Families	56 5.5	15 2.4	-	68 4.4	60 4.2	55 3.2	70	65 3.9	41	33	62	71	64	_
Mean family income Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income	\$1 498 \$2 003 41.1		- - -	\$1 738 \$1 386 39.7	\$2 348 \$1 378 20.0	\$1 850 \$1 639 18.2	4.7 \$1 863 \$1 515 32.9	\$519 \$2 623 9.2	6.9 \$2 478 \$1 146 19.5	2.3 \$1 644 \$1 934 21.2	4.1 \$2 087 \$2 020 14.5	4.2 \$1 437 \$2 378 16.9	7.1 \$1 698 \$2 414 23.4	-
Mean size of family	3.75 29 4.00	 	- - -	3.16 55 2.35	4.32 45 3.29	3.65 46 2.67	4.27 47 3.51	3.85 49 3.27	4.05 29 3.48	3,85 23	4.77 46 4.22	4.17 51 2.90	4.81 49 4.06	-
With related children under 6 years Meon number of related children under 6 years Families with female head With related children under 18 years	29 2.62 29 18	 5	-	37 1.54 50 50	35 1.49 29 19	9 32 32	36 1.97 18 18	33 1.48 35 35	12 23 17	13	25 2.48 22 22	34 1.65 15	33 1.24 19	-
Mean number of related children under 18 years_ With related children under 6 years Percent in labor force	18	_	-	2.48 37 29.7	14	2.94	12	3.43 29 20.7		13	13	12 	 8	-
Mean number of related children under 6 years	56	15	-	1.54	60	55	70	1.55		33	62	 71	64	-
Civilian male heads under 65 years Percent in labor force	28.6 22	···.	-	14.7 8 	25.0 26 61.5	18	24.3 35 85.7	7.7 25 80.0	14.6 12	15.2 15	8.1 35 85.7	21.1 44 100.0	7.8 40 87.5	-
Unreleted individuals Percent of all unrelated individuals Mean income	101 31.3 \$761	58 30.9 \$1 138	5 	84 27.7 \$1 030	100 32.4 \$841	55 21.1 \$1 225	91 26.8 \$1 036	74 29.1 \$817	13 15,5	115 35.7 \$782	505 70.0 \$ 880	125 28.4 \$937	49 52.7 \$797	232 71.4 \$658
Mean income deficit	\$1 010 7.9 77.2	\$632 8.6 91.4	···	\$780 51.2	\$1 002 47.0	\$576 10.9 78.2	\$744 18.7 79.1	\$974 8.1 66.2		\$955 63.5	\$990 6.3	\$889 14.4 42.4	\$978 10.2 77,6	\$1 291 19.8 13.4
Persens Percent of all persons Percent receiving Social Security income	311 8.4 14.1	118 5.0 41.5	5 0.9	299 4.7 21.1	359 6.1 22.3	256 3.6 21.9	390 6.6	324 4.6	179 7.8	242 4.1	801 12.3	421 6.2	357 10.4	232 43.3
Percent 65 years and over Percent receiving Social Security income Reloted children under 18 years	35.0 36.7 106	61.0 61.1 22	···	22.1 86.4 122	20.9 92.0 154	16.8 86.0 126	23.8 25.4 77.8 166	13.3 18.2 72.9 158	12.8 12.3	36.0 37.2 86.7 73	4.4 4.6 48.6 204	21.6 23.0 82.5	7.3 12.0 60.5	14.2 13.4 41.9
Percent living with both parents	33.0 121	56	- 5	122	31.8	24.6 98	60.2 139	25.3 107	50.5	31.5 80	58.8 91	145 75.2 91	186 56.5 83	5
Percent of all households Owner occupied Meon volue of unit Renter occupied	11.7 26 \$15 800 95	8.5 26 \$14 400 30	3.8 5	7.4 55 \$19 500 67	7.4 61 \$16 000	5.6 50 \$20 800	9.2 37 \$17 300	6.2 93 \$13 600	6.9 34 \$14 300	5.3 46 \$17 200	6.2 71 \$14 900	5.5 55 \$15 600	10.4 51 \$15 700	8.2
Mean gross rent Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	\$92 -	\$92 8.9		\$106 5.7	50 \$88 -	48 \$107 12.2	102 \$92 8.6	14 18.7	15.0	34 \$56 18.8	20 19.8	36 \$87 19.8	32 \$86 7.2	-

Excludes inmotes of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in borrocks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-5. General and Social Characteristics of the Negro Population: 1970

Census Tracts With	7			es (percent, median, etc	ort in Plymouth County		Brockton
400 or More Negro Population	Total SMSA	Part in Bristol County	Part in Norfolk County	Total	Brockton	Balance	Tract 5111
AGE BY SEX							
Male, all ages	1 657	29	259	1 369	1 014	355 18	197
Under 5 years	212 108	5 5	24 11	183 92	165 84	8	27 20 31
5 to 9 years	268 96	9 5	46 16	213 75	179 70	5	14
6 years 10 to 14 years	38 186	- 4	6 52	32 130	21 105	11 25	22 9
14 years15 to 19 years	16 144	_	31 31	13 113	13 75	38	24
15 years	26 44	~-	3 4	23 40	18 23	5 17	5 9
16 years	32	=	9 7	23 22	12 22	111	24 5 9 5 5
18 years	29 13	-	, 8 7	5 124	92	5 32	 5
20 to 24 years	131 46	-	-	46 21	37 14	9 7	
21 years25 to 34 years	21 253	11	27	215	164 61	51 51	- 5 34 28 12 7
35 to 44 years45 to 54 years	139 162	-	27 32	112 130	87	43 23	12
55 to 59 years60 to 64 years	49 29	_	3 4	46 25	23 19	. 6	4
65 to 74 years 75 years and over	27 57	_	-6	27 51	16 28	11 23	3
Femule, all ages	1 539	13	190	1 336	1 089	247	236
Under 5 years	206 83	-	24 14	182 69	176 69	6	64 25 15 3
5 to 9 years	229 25	-	26 4	203 21	166 9	37 12	15 3
5 years	45	- - 4	5 16	40 127	36 109	4 18	
10 to 34 years	147 21	-	23	16 121	16 90	31	35 10 14 5 5
15 to 19 years	144 36		_	36	28 5	ä	5 5
16 years17 years	11 40	_	6 6	5 34	25	$\tilde{9}$	-
18 years19 years	15 42	_	6 5	9 37	9 23	14	4 24
20 to 24 years	114 10	-	10	104 10	89 _ 6	15 4	_
21 years25 to 34 years	47 220	- 9	6 20	41 191	34 171	7 20	3 27
35 to 44 years	163 177	_	18 41	145 136	95 90	50 46 7	38 15
45 to 54 years	47	-	6	41 24	34 24	-1	-
65 to 74 years	24 39 29		6	33 29	23 22	10	-4
75 years and overRELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD	27						
All persons	3 196	42	449	2 705	2 103	602	433
In householdsHead of household	2 987 793	42 11	449 92	2 496 690	2 025 555	471 135	402 99 83 16 61 237
Head of family Primary individual	612 181	11	92	509 181	404 151	105 30	16
Wife of head Other relative of head	455 1 675	9 22	78 257	368 1 396	261 1 176	107 220	237
Not related to head	64 209	-	22	42 209	33 78	131	5 31
In group quarters Persons per household	3.77		4.88	3.62	3.65	3.49	4,06
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD							••
All households	793 113	11	92	690 113	555 95	135 18	99 12
Male primary individual	68 440	11	79	68 350	56 254	12 96	68
Husband-wife householdsHouseholds with other male head	4		13	4 155	4 146	_ 9	15
Households with female headSCHOOL ENROLLMENT	168	_	10	100			
Persons, 16 to 21 years old	350	_	57	293	210	83 23	36 8
Not ottending school	170 81		24 7	146 74	123 67	7	3 8.3
Percent of total	23,1	-	12.3	25.3	31.9	8.4	6.3
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED						348	172
Persons, 25 years old and ever No school years completed	1 415 8	20	190	1 205 8	857 8	340 -	
Elementary: 1 to 4 years 5 to 7 years	13 142	-	გ	134	7 92	42	12
8 yearsHigh school: 1 to 3 years	179	_	52	179 328	119 240	60 88	12 8 48 75
4 years	515 102	16 4	97 21	402 77	295 54	107 23	75 17
College: 1 to 3 years	76 11.9		6 12.3	70 11.5	42 11.5	28 11.5	9 12.2
Median school years completedPercent high school graduates	49.0	•••	65.3	45.6	45.6	45.4	58.7
RESIDENCE IN 1965		20	436	2 353	1 805	548	372
Persons, 5 years old and over, 1970'	2 809 1 163	7	254	902	568	334	118
In central city of this SMSA	566	13	27	553 70	553 12		64
In other part of this SMSAOutside this SMSA	97 687] [149	538	449 350	89 89	155 92
North and West	584 103	[~ ~]	145 4	439 99 20	99 5	15	92 63
Abroad	26	~	.6	20	3		

*Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-6. Economic Characteristics of the Negro Population: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts With	Engla pasea all salishie	, see lext. For attribute	Dase for derived right	es (percent, median, etc.) Pa	rt in Plymouth County	15, 366 (6XI)	Brockton
400 or More Negro Population	Total SMSA	Part in Bristol County	Part in Norfolk County	Total	Brockton	Balance	Tract 5111
EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND OCCUPATION Male, 16 years old and over Labor force	965 664	11 11	134 110	820 543	547 416	273 127	112 84
Civilian labor force	655 593	11	110 100	534 482	411 377	123 105	79 75
Unemployed	62 301	[-]	100 10 24	52 277	34 131	18 146	4 28
Not in labor force	921	9	124	788	610	178	117
Labor force	485 485	9	62 62	414 414	318 318	96 96	77 77
EmployedUnemployed	438 47	9	62	367 47	277 41	90 6	67 10
Not in labor force Married women in labor force, husband present	436 212	9	62 50	374 153	292 112	82 41	40 29
With own children under 6 years	67	9	7 (42 654	9 195	15 142
Total employed, 16 years old and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers		9	1 62 20	96 44	77 20	19 24	21
Managers and administrators, except formSales workers	44 30 179	- - 6	22 17	8 156	8 115	41	3
Clerical and kindred workersCraftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	104	5	33	66	53 217	13 70	23 12 48
Operatives, except transport Transport equipment operatives	43	-	61 -	287 43	29 55	14 10	3 18
Laborers, except farm			-	65 4 71	4	-	14
Service workers, except private household Private household warkers	80 9	_	9 -	71 9	67 9	4 -	-
Female employed, 16 years old and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers	62	9 9	62 5	367 48	277 33	90 15	67 5
Managers and administrators, except form Sales workers	10	[_	10 3	10 3	-	. <u></u>
Clerical and kindred workers Operatives, including transport	132 162	_	9 38	123 124	86 95	37 29	18 27
Other blue-collar workersFarm workers	24	_	4	20	15 -	5 -	3 -
Service workers, except private household Private household workers	41 4	-	6	35 4	31 4	4	11
FAMILY INCOME IN 1969							
All families Less than \$1,000	612 10	11 -	92 5	509 5	404 5	105	83
\$1,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,999	23 20	_	-	23 20	19 16	4 4	5
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999	39 39	_	- 6	39 33	32 33	7	3 -
\$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999	49 46		_ 3	49 43	40 35	9 8	-
\$7,000 to \$7,999 \$8,000 to \$8,999	47 61	=	- 4	47 57	33 57	14	19
\$9,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 or more	26 252	11	6 86	20 173	20 114	59	5 47
Median income: Families Families and unrelated individuals	\$8 541 \$6 658		\$12 429 \$11 350	\$7 904 \$6 229	\$7 667 \$6 225	\$11 625 \$6 237	\$10 786 \$9 000
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL			į			1	
Percent of families with incomes: Less than .50 of poverty level			5.4	2.6	2.2	3.8	4.8
.50 to .74 .75 to .99 1.00 to 1.24	4.2 6.5	=	-1	5.1 7.9	6.4 8.9	3.8	6.0
1.25 to 1.49	4.4 8.5 21.7	=	3.3	5.3 9.6	4.7 12.1 25.5	7.6 - 18.1	12.0 13.3
1.50 to 1.99 2.00 or more	51.6		12.0 79.3	24.0 45.6	40.1	66.7	63.9
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL ¹	84	_	5	79	71	8 :	٥
Percent of all families] 13.7	-	5.4	15.5 \$2 948	17.6 \$2 872	7.6	10.8
Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income	\$1 373	Ī		\$1 191 57.0	\$1 183 63,4	•••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Mean size of family With related children under 18 years	4.64] =		4.62 75	4.52 67		
Mean number of related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years	3.11	=	5	3.05 59	3.00 51		
Mean number of related children under 6 years Families with female head	2.22	=	5	2.24 51	2.35 51		
With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years	56	=	5	51 2.98	51 2.98	=1	4
With related children under 6 years		=	5	35 8.6	35 8.6	-	4
Mean number of related children under 6 years _ Femily heeds	2.03	-		2.03 79	2.03 71		
Percent 65 years and over Civilian male heads under 65 years	. 4.8			5.1 24	5.6 16	- 8	5
Percent in labor forceUnrelated individuels	114] =	5.	109	.61	48	
Percent of all unrelated individuals Mean income	39.6 \$789] =	:::	40.2 \$768	32.3 \$698	58.5 \$857	
Mean income deficitPercent receiving public assistance income	\$1 088 16.7	_	::-	\$1 112 17.4	\$1 163 11.5	\$1 046 25.0	
Percent 65 years and over	28.9 504] =	30	30.3 474	36.1 382	22.9 92	47
Percent of all personsPercent receiving Social Security income	16.6 12.5	-	6.8	18.6 13.3	18.8 12,3	17.9 17.4	11.7
Percent 65 years and over Percent receiving Social Security income	. 8.1 100.0	_	_	8.6 100.0	7.9 100.0	12.0	
Related children under 18 years Percent living with both parents	.] 31.8		14	247 33.6	215 23.7	32 100.0	
Percent of all households	. 17.7	=	5.4 5.4	123 19.8	107 21.7	16 12.5	9 11.5
Owner occupied	.]	=	5	12	_	12	=
Renter accupied	. \$92	=	_	111 \$92	107 \$9 6	4	9
Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	9,4	<u>-</u>		9.8	7.5	•••	-

Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barrocks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-7. General and Social Characteristics of Persons of Spanish Language: 1970

Census Tracts With	Eddid Sacra di dampir, del	To the second		Po	ort in Plymouth County	
400 or More Persons of Spanish Language	Total SMSA	Part in Bristol County	Part in Norfolk County	Total	Brockton	Balance
AGE BY SEX						
Male, all ages	652	26	94	532	491 64	41 7
Under 5 years	71 39 133	-		71 39 109	39 109	-1
5 to 9 years 5 years	14 32		10	14 22	14 22	-
6 years 10 to 14 years 14 years	87 17	8	24 5	55 12	55 12	-
15 to 19 years	55	~	9	46	46	=
16 years	29 21	~	9 -	20 21	20 21	=
18 years	-5	-	-	5	5	12
20 to 24 years	38 6	~	Ξ	38 6	26 7	6
21 years	13 101	~~	- 4 11	13 97 61	97 53	- 8
35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years	72 51	18	22	33 11	24 6	9
55 to 59 years	33	~	-	,. 4	- 4	-
65 to 74 years	7	-	=	7	7	-
Female, all agesUnder 5 years	583 46	19 ~	70 6	494 40	445 40	49 _
3 and 4 years 5 to 9 years	26 98		3 6	23 92	23 87	5
5 years6 years	14 34	<u> </u>		14 34	14 29	5
10 to 14 years	58	-		52 - - 55	47 - 55	
15 to 19 years	69 38	6	-	32 6	32 6	-
16 years	6 14	-	8	6	6	-
18 years	11 53	-	-	11 47	11 40	7
20 to 24 years	22 12	-	- 61	22 6	22 6	-1
25 to 34 years	131	-	6 18	125 53	121 39	14
45 to 54 years	27	13	 14	14 6	6	8 8
60 to 64 years	10	-	7.1	10	10 ~	=
75 years and over	-	~	-	-	-	-
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD		45	164	1 026	936	90
All persons In households	1 235 1 223 305	45 18	164 37	1 014 250	936 218	78 32 26
Head of household Head of family Primary individual	281	13 5	37	231 19	205 13	6
Wife of head	254	13 14	38 83	203 555	181 531	22 24
Not related to head In group quarters	12 12	- -	6	12	4 20	12
Persons per household	4.01	•••	4.43	4.06	4.29	
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD		18	37	250	218	32
All heuseholds	305 18 6	5	-	13	13	- 6
Female primary individual Husband-wife households Households with ather male head	256	13	37	206	184	22
Households with female head	25	-		25	21	4
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT				11/	104	19
Persons, 16 to 21 years old Not attending school	139 54	-	23	116 <i>54</i> 36	42 24	12 12
Not high school graduates Percent of total	36 25.9	-	=	31.0	23.1	
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED						
Persons, 25 years old and over	527 28	31 -	75 15	421 13	367 13 9	54 '-
Elementary: 1 to 4 years 5 to 7 years	9 46	<u>-</u> [10	9 36 18	36 12	- 6
High school: 1 to 3 years	32 133	- 6 14	14 13 7	114 114 167	97 149	17 18
College: 1 to 3 years	188 69 22	6 5	6	57 7	44 7	13
4 years or more	12.1 52.9		8.9 30.7	12.1 54.9	12.1 54.5	12.2 57.4
RESIDENCE IN 1965	32.7	,,,,				
Persons, 5 years old and over, 19701	1 118	45	158 26	915 144	832 75	83 69
Same house as in 1970 Different house:	1	45	26 _	258	258	-/
In central city of this SMSAIn other part of this SMSA	258 20 270	=	37	20 233	15 233	5 –
Outside this SMSA	2/0 215 55	-	27 10	188 45	188 45	=
SouthAbroad	221		95	126	121	5

"Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-8. Economic Characteristics of Persons of Spanish Language: 1970

	(Data based on sample, see	text. For minimum base t	or derived figures (percent,	median, etc.) and meaning of	symbols, see lext)	
Census Tracts With 400 or More Persons				Pa	rt in Plymouth County	
of Spanish Language	Total SMSA	Part in Bristol County	Part in Norfolk County	Total	Brockton	Balance
EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND OCCUPATION Male, 16 years old and over	361 311	1 8 18	46 41	297 252	263 230	34 22 22
Civilian labor force	305 305	18 18	41 41	246 246	224 224	22 22
UnemployedNot in labor force	50	-	5	45	33	12
Female, 16 years old and overLabor force	343 160	13	52 36	278 124	239 92	39 32 32 32
Civilian labor force	160 136	- -	36 36	124 100	92 72	32 28
Unemployed	24 183	13	16	24 154	20 147 54	7 22
Married wamen in labor force, husband present With own children under 6 years	104 20	=	28 6	76 14	14	-
Total amployed, 16 years old and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers Managers and administrators, except form	441 46 36	18 5 - 7	77 16 - 9	346 25 36 21	296 19 28 21	50 6 8
Soles workersClerical and kindred workersCroftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	37 47 71	/ 6	15	47 50	39 45	8 5
Operatives, except transport	134	-	37	97	74 6	23
Laborers, except farm	29			29	29	-
Service workers, except private household	35	-		35 	35_	
Female employed, 16 years old and over	136	~	36 6	100 6	72	28 6
Professional, technical, and kindred workers Managers and administrators, except form Sales workers	12	-	6	9	9	-
Clerical and kindred workers Operatives, including transport	28	_	30	28 51	20 37	8 14
Other blue-collor workers	3.1	=	-	2	=	-
Service workers, except private household	6	_ _		6 -	6 -	- -
FAMILY INCOME IN 1969					005	26
All families	281 17	13	37 -	231 17	205 13	4
\$1,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999	-	=	_ =	-	=	
\$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999	13 42	-	-	13 42	13 42	<u>-</u>
\$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$7,999	18		-	18	18 8	-
\$8,000 to \$8,999 \$9,000 to \$9,999	29 9	-	-	29 9	21	9
\$10,000 or more Median income: Families Families and unrelated individuals	\$10 025 \$9 167	13	37 \$12 808 \$12 115	91 \$8 466 \$8 241	86 \$8 21 <i>4</i> \$8 048	
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL ³ Percent of families with incomes;						
Less than .50 of poverty level .50 to .74 .75 to .99	6.0 1.4	=		7.4 1.7	6,3 2.0	• • •
1.00 to 1.24	7.1	Ξ	<u> </u>	8.7	9,8 7.8	=
1.25 to 1.49 1.50 to 1.99 2.00 or more	5.7 14.6 65.1	-	100.0	6.9 17.7 57.6	20.0 54.1	_
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL			100.0	37.5		
Percent of all families	21 7.5	=	_	9.1	1 7 8,3	
Mean income deficit			ļ. <u>-</u>	:::	•••	•••
Percent receiving public assistance income Mean size of family		-		21	 17	
With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years		_	=	8		
Mean number of related children under 6 years Families with female head	.	_	=	12	<u>.</u>	- 4
With related children under 18 years		-	-	12	8	
With related children under 6 years Percent in labor force	. 8	-		8 -	8	-
Mean number of related children under 6 years	21] =		21	17	4
Percent 65 years and over	. 9	_] =	9	9	· -
Percent în labor force Uarelated îndividuels Percent of all unrelated individuals	. 15	_	6	9		•
Mean income deficit	.]		:::		***	-
Percent receiving public assistance income Percent 65 years and over	-	=		-	-	
Persons Percent of all persons	. 84 . 6.9		6 3.7	78 7.7	7 0 7.5	10.3
Percent receiving Social Security income Percent 65 years and over	-	=	=			
Percent receiving Social Security income Related children under 18 years	_ 31	=	_	31	26	5
Percent living with both parents	.] 30		_		26	·
Owner occupied	-1 -] =] =	12.7	12.7	•••
Renter occupied	_ 30	1]	30	26	ă
Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	-			•••	•••	•••

Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table H-1. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970

		in dode for o	erived figure		Plymouth C		Part in Bristol County Part in Norfolk County						
Census Tracts	Total SMSA	Part in Bristal County	Part in Norfolk County	Total	Brockton	Balance	Tract 6001	Tract 6002	Troct 4561	Tract 4562	Tract 4563	Tract 4564	Tract 4571
All housing units	56 669 103	3 256 1	7 944 1	45 469 101	28 790 23	16 679 78	1 699	1 557	2 340	765	1 332	2 067	1 440
All year-round housing units	56 566	3 255	7 943	45 368	28 767	16 601	1 699	1 556	2 340	765	1 332	2 066	1 440
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS Owner occupied	37 597 73 37 062 17 298 16 822 394 1 671 213 21 43 \$19 900 \$88 \$88 665	2 664 2 650 11 525 522 2 66 14 10 \$20 000 15 9 \$105	6 131 5 6 023 94 1 662 1 648 7 7 150 19 13 \$20 600 61 22 \$168 70	28 802 68 389 339 15 111 14 652 385 1 455 190 120 \$19 900 707 349 \$86 558	15 851 68 15 598 216 11 837 11 405 366 1 079 666 \$19 300 597 296 \$85 386	12 951 12 791 123 3 274 3 247 19 376 54 \$20 600 110 53 \$94 172	1 346 1 340 4 320 317 2 33 8 5 \$14 400 17	1 318 1 310 7 205 205 205 33 6 5 \$27 500 7 4 \$75 20	1 700 5 1 666 33 557 551 3 83 6 4 49 16 \$185 28	715 700 12 41 40 1 9 3 	880 870 8 435 431 17 3 6 4 \$70 8	1 635 	1 201 1 187 9 220 219 19 2
All bairs Owner occupied Renter occupied Negro Vacant year-round For sale anly For rent	1 720 465 5 1 077 27 178 13 85	57 37 15 5	110 55 - 46 - 9 1 2	1 553 373 5 1 016 27 164 12 83	1 142 152 1 857 24 133 6 75	411 221 4 159 3 31 6	18 11 -6 - 1	39 26 - 9 - 4 -	37 12 	10 7 - 2 - 1	13 7 5	26 12 - 11 - 3 - 1	24 17 - 5 - 2
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS Lacking complete kitchen facilities Access only through other living quarters	661 40	9 -	39 3	613 37	517 26	96 11	5	4 -	1 3 1	5 -	6	7 2	8 -
ROOMS 1 room	752 1 562 4 552 9 376 15 554 13 043 6 892 3 135 1 700 5.3	7 20 195 401 696 810 565 355 206 5.9	24 108 462 1 162 1 778 2 493 1 209 513 194 5.7	721 1 434 3 895 7 813 13 080 9 740 5 118 2 267 1 300 5.2	642 1 125 2 806 5 292 8 861 5 744 2 632 1 103 562 5.0	79 309 1 089 2 521 4 219 3 996 2 486 1 164 738 5.5	5 8 128 194 355 411 292 203 103 5.9	2 12 67 207 341 399 273 152 103 5.9	11 33 167 417 703 376 156 66 5.7	1 14 58 156 288 159 70 19 6.0	9 45 138 228 352 337 153 49 21 5.2	1 19 83 293 480 685 311 140 54	3 10 60 172 373 480 210 98 34 5.7
All occupied housing units	54 895	3 189	7 793	43 913	27 688	16 225	1 666	1 523	2 257	756	1 315	2 044	1 421
PERSONS 1 persons	8 686 14 068 9 384 8 959 6 410 7 388 3.0 3.5 2.2 708	354 828 540 551 405 511 3.3 3.5 2.2	809 1 848 1 360 1 421 1 042 1 313 3.4 3.8 2.3	7 523 11 392 7 484 6 987 4 963 5 564 2.9 3.4 2.2 598	5 421 7 349 4 695 4 250 2 912 3 061 2.7 3.4 2.1	2 102 4 043 2 789 2 737 2 051 2 503 3.2 3.5 2.3	205 443 285 280 209 244 3.1 3.5 2.1	149 385 255 271 196 267 3.4 3.6 2.4	252 569 415 409 274 338 3.2 3.7 2.3	44 145 119 149 147 152 4.0 4.0 3.1	222 301 212 235 157 188 3.1 3.8 2.0	1 45 471 378 415 282 353 3.6 3.8 2.6	146 362 236 213 182 282 3.4 3.7 2.3
PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less	50 904 3 447 544 3 922	3 002 168 19 186	7 145 571 77 645	40 757 2 708 448 3 091	25 731 1 658 299 1 918	15 026 1 050 149 1 173	1 577 77 12 89	1 425 91 7 97	2 109 133 15 147	694 56 6 62	1 196 110 9 119	1 864 154 26 179	1 282 118 21 138
VALUE Specified owner eccupied units 1 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$7,499 \$7,500 to \$7,499 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$349,99 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$35,000 or more Median	31 542 210 391 914 6 113 12 431 6 895 3 604 781 203 \$18 300	2 310 13 27 75 400 783 478 368 135 31 \$19 100	5 582 24 32 119 833 2 020 1 473 941 121 19 \$19 500	23 650 173 332 720 4 880 9 628 4 944 2 295 525 153 \$18 000	12 521 72 147 315 2 289 5 391 2 761 1 166 271 109 \$18 300	11 129 101 185 405 2 591 4 237 2 183 1 129 254 44 \$17 600	1 205 5 6 41 217 468 254 144 60 10 \$18 600	1 105 8 21 34 183 315 224 75 21 \$19 900	1 493 5 6 28 191 502 459 273 26 3 \$20 200	55 9 15 75 246 147 153 29 3 \$19 800	804 2 4 13 227 310 142 102 1 1 3 \$17 200	1 523 6 8 8 32 178 453 485 311 44 6 \$20 900	1 080 6 5 31 162 509 240 102 21 4 \$18 500
CONTRACT RENT Specified reator eccupied units2	17 096 258 526 2 178 4 063 3 755 4 349 1 059 239 18 651 \$85	493 4 6 93 75 74 141 40 4 - 56	1 649 19 21 124 288 281 429 348 69 5 65 \$105	14 954 235 499 1 961 3 700 3 400 3 779 671 166 13 530 \$84	11 739 152 472 1 628 3 052 2 697 2 788 514 145 6 285 \$82	3 215 83 27 333 648 703 991 157 21 7 245 \$90	314 3 2 85 49 49 73 25 3 25 882	179 1 4 8 26 25 68 15 1 31 \$109	552 5 6 19 78 91 144 146 34 - 29 \$118	40 1 5 7 6 11 3 1 - 5 5 7 8 9	434 3 	406 5 12 24 60 68 151 50 30 6 \$107	217 5 2 14 48 46 48 38 - 1 15 \$94

Table H-1. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970-Continued

ſ	[For minimum base for derived tigures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text] Brackton													
Census Tracts	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract
	5101	5102	5103	5104	5105	5106	5107	5108	5109	5110	5111	5112	5113	5114
All housing units Vacant — seasonal and migratory	1 441	1 898	1 434	1 535 16	2 227	1 335	1 682 -	2 433	1 657 4	835 —	3 600 -	1 284	1 653	3 421
All year-round housing units	1 441	1 898	1 434	1 519	2 225	1 335	1 682	2 433	1 653	835	3 600	1 284	1 653	3 420
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS														i
Owner occupied	1 327	1 332	366	510	1 151 7	1 015 5	1 056	732 8	144	362 6	2 810 14	807 5	865 5	2 198
White	1 312 13	1 314 13	363 1	497 13	1 143 4	1 009 2	1 053 3	727 3	126 15	347 13	2 727 78	776 27	855 9	2 180 16
Renter occupiedWhite	108 107	509 507	1 004 974	891 860	979 951	288 278	577 568	1 594 1 579	1 364 1 260	442 363	706 673	450 409	743 736	1 101
Negro	- 6	57	25 64	28 118	25 95	9 32	8 49	11 107	91 145	72 31	25 84	35 27 2	5 45	24 121
For sale only Vacant less than 6 months	ž 	20 15	1	3	, 9 8	6	6	4	_	5 1	15 12		3	10
Median price asked		\$22 000 29	47	62	\$19 700 42	\$25 000 10	\$28 300 25	62	99	16	\$15 400 26	17	\$18 100 31	\$18 100 63
Vacant less than 2 months Median rent asked		14 \$59	\$76	27 \$85	37 \$130	\$98	11 \$132	37 \$88	49 \$ 74	\$70	11 \$78	11 \$85	14 \$82	63 30 \$86 48
Other	¨i	437	16	53	44	16	18	41	46	10	43	8	7.9	48
LACKING SOME OR ALL PLUMBING FACILITIES														1
Owner occupied	8 8	68 15	25 2	57 7	13 6	6 4	11 7	106 3	594 5	9 6	57 31	26 13	62 9	57 22
Negro Renter occupied	Ĭ	51	_ 20	41	7	2	3	91	509	- 3	21	12	42	32
Negro Vocant year-round	_	2	1 3	2 9		_	1	12	20 80	-	5	1	11	ā
For sale onlyFor rent	-	ĩ	1		-	_	1 -	8	48	-	1	=	7	-]
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS						_	14		•	10		8	19	23
Lacking complete kitchen facilities Access only through other living quarters	1 ~	26 2	1.	42 3	6 1	8 1	10	61 6	244 6	13	24 1	-	2	-
ROOMS														.
1 room2 rooms	9	19 13	2 180	13 72	7 35	6 8	5 8	84 262	442 289	1 15	3 31	6 34	36 60	13 74
3 rooms 4 rooms	18 55	174 362	223 343	176 373	278 560	54 155	161 236	383 432	308 257	70 209	125 561	69 246	206 312	295 572
5 rooms6 rooms	570 591	573 464	426 173	562 173	532 436	352	423 306	646 361	243 76	295 143	1 500 903	401 335	476 296	1 125 755
7 rooms 8 rooms	161 26	223 57	54 18	72 48	235 92	354 230 112	278 173	117 71	20 8	56 32	329 109	144 40	157 64	376 161
9 rooms or more	11 5.6	13 5.2	15 4.4	30 4.7	50 4.9	64 5.8	92 5.5	77 4.6	10 2,8	14 4.9	39 5.2	5.2	46 4.9	49 5.2
All occupied housing units	1 435	1 841	1 370	1 401	2 130	1 303	1 633	2 326	1 508	804	3 516	1 257	1 608	3 299
PERSONS														5.0
2 persons	71 258	316 427	366 402	287 378	319 717	156 386	260 537	724 668	848 295	134 206	362 791	180 327	384 447	549 834 577
4 persons	275 297	312 315	253 175	235 227	353 302	249 200	290 239	360 265	159 96	133 121	631 694	208 206	252 220	573 403
6 persons or more	292 242	248 223	95 79	131 143	201 238	154 158	138 169	145 164	56 54	82 128	466 572	158 178	153 152 2.4	363 3.0
Median, all occupied units Median, owner occupied units	3.9 4.0	3.1 3.6	2.3 2.5	2.7 3.1	2.6 3.3	2.9 3.1	2.6 3.0	2.2 2.9	1.4 2.4	3.0 3.2	3.5 3.6	3.1 3.4	3.0 2.0	3.4 2.2
Median, renter occupied units Units with roomers, boarders, or ladgers	2.6 6	1.8 29	2.2 14	2.5 25	2.1 30	2.4 9	2.2 19	1.9 39	1.3 41	2.8 9	2.7 58	2.6 19	17	42
PERSONS PER ROOM														
1.00 or less	1 303	1 693	1 309	1 281	1 999	1 246	1 569	2 207	1 420	701	3 130	1 137	1 508	3 095
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	119 13	134 14	50 11	95 25	107 24	54 3	54 10	101 18	58 30	92 11	321 65	100 20	82 18	185 19
Units with all plumbing facilities ~ 1.01 or more	132	147	58	115	129	57	64	117	71	103	382	120	99	201
VALUE													/10	2 041
Specified owner occupied units Less than \$5,000	1 275	1 154 5	176]	211	1 035	908	870 -	344]	39 -	221 8	2 446 23	659 7	613 7	1 841
\$5,000 to \$7,499 \$7,500 to \$9,999	7 8	17 23 182	3 6	3 18	11 14	5 12	5	10	6	5 16	42 85	12 32	22	19 34
\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	118 851	505	51 65 31	93 66	141 361	109 269	107 316	62 107	19 7	73 97	503 1 252	222 263	141 244	312 688 487 244
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	253 29	337 82	16	20 8	285 189	226 159	214 150	92 51	5	22	439 89	92 25	104 56	487 244
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	5	3	2	1	29	64	55 17	14	1		12	4 2	25 9	44 5
Median	\$18 300	\$18 700	\$16 900	\$14 600	\$19 900	\$21 300	\$20 000	\$19 500	\$12 100	\$15 300	\$17 300	\$15 900	\$18 000	\$19 100
Specified renter occupied units?		506	1 004	891	937	284	576	1 594	1 364	400	704	449	742	1 099
Less than \$30	1 4	26 88	11 34	9 15	11 72	8 5	3 2	.90	14 40	19	18 34	10 19	10	11 20
\$40 to \$59	10 26	147 120	211 173	97 276	52 116	47 82	28 71	192 366	279 422	76 163 76	99 219	73 129	89 215	114 312 323 272
\$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149	28	53 40	1 <i>5</i> 2 408	268 199	86 168	82 44 52	126 208	449 456	280 308	46	177 114	101 89	238 158	323 272
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	9 2	11	1 -	5 3	292 116	21 10	107 3	20 2	3 -	1	11	6	10	13 3
\$250 or more]. ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	21	14	19	2 22	15	1 27	12	18	2 13	1 25	22	16	31
Median	\$86	\$57	\$86	\$82	\$139	\$78	\$111	\$85	\$76	\$69	\$77	22 \$77	\$83	\$84

^{**}Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property. *** **Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-1. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970-Continued

	(For minimu	ockton Cor		res (percent	, median, e	,			ASA in Plym	outh County	,										
Census Tracts	Tract 5115	Tract 5116	Tract 5117	Tract 5201	Tract 5202	Tract 5211	Tract 5212	Tract 5221	Tract 5231	Tract 5232	Tract 5241	Tract 5251	Tract 5252	Tract 5253							
All housing units	1 388	845	122	1 788	1 729	2 019 1	1 840	2 030 63	678	1 717 12	1 718	2 078	1 013	69							
All year-round housing units	1 388	845	122	1 788	1 727	2 018	1 840	1 967	678	1 705	1 718	2 078	1 013	69							
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS			{								1 510	1 540	741	32							
Owner occupiedCooperative and condominium	591 9	470	115	1 415	1 263	1 599	1 218	1 685	529	1 411	1 510 1 503	1 548 1 508	741 725	31							
White	587 4	468 2	114	1 412	1 257 _5	1 593	1 210	1 626 48	528	1 398	1 303 6	32 460	11 240	11							
Renter occupiedWhite	734 722	341 338	6	354 353	425 423	372 370	583 578	228 218	134 134	266 265	178	457 2	240	33 31 2							
Negro Vacant year-round	6 63	2 34	- ī	19	2 39	47	39 39	9 54	15	28	29	70 29	3 <u>2</u> 3	4							
For sale only	6 3		-\		8	11 5		23 19			\$20 000	18 \$23 000									
Median price asked	43	22	-	· ió	\$16 300 13	\$19 300 17	26	\$21 100 6		4	\$20 000	\$23 000 12 7	 5 2	ż							
Vocant less than 2 months	9 \$78	21 \$95 10	- 1	7 \$90	ه \$88	\$99	13 \$90	\$120	\$70 \$70	20	\$110	\$90 29	\$85 24	:::							
Other	14	10	1	7	18	19	10	25	4	20	16	27	24	-							
LACKING SOME OR ALL PLUMBING FACILITIES	ļ							11	10	34	32	44	31	11							
Owner occupied	35 12	7 1	1	33 21	30 11	60 36	60 16	66 47	4	21	24	26	14	i∫							
Renter occupied	17	6	-	11	13	21	41	13 2	5	10	5	15	15	10							
Vacant year-round	ã	Ξ	-	ī	6	3	3	6 3	ī	3	3	3	2								
For sale only	1 3	Ξ	-	_	2 1	1	2	-	ī	~	-	2	1	-[
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS			ļ											[
Lacking complete kitchen facilities Access only through other living quarters	21	5 1	~	4 1	7	5 1	31 2	12 2	3 2	7	5 -	7 1	6 1	-							
ROOMS]	•												1							
] room	1	.4	-	1 22	7 50	13 40	25 38	8 12	12	61	2 15	13 46	4 9	6							
2 rooms	25 184	10 81	\tilde{i}	108	153	116 258	222 276	109 240	34 101	90 223	76 235	131 326	46 205	4 9							
4 rooms5 rooms	440 451	175 255	31 31	332 379	316 376 402	649 493	446 444	486 528	152 153	533 377	437 476	437 472	307 221	17 7							
7 rooms	169 72	166 90	43) 18 17	423 290	245	275 122	213 108	358 130	123	246 105	288 109	305 205	131 58	12 5							
9 rooms or more	34 12	41 23	8	141 92	120 58	52	68 5.3	96 5.7	42 5.8	70 5.4	80 5.7	143 5.7	32 5.3	5.2							
Median	4.6	5.1	6.1	5.6	5.4	5.4	3.3	5.7	5.0	5.4											
All occupied housing units	1 325	811	121	1 769	1 688	1 971	1 801	1 913	663	1 677	1 689	2 008	981	65							
PERSONS	000	162		212	237	249	318	194	82	211	179	306	95	19							
1 persons	299 410	244 127	22 20	438 305	444 293	496 344	464 297	441 316	171 113	393 269	437 284	517 369	232 193	10							
4 persons	261 168	113 83	39 18	280 234	255 200	308 252	254 207	355 298	120 87	326 213	330 209	312 218	186 130	11							
5 persons or more	89 98 2.4	82 2.5	18	300 3,3	259 3.1	322 3.2	261 2.9	309 3.5	90 3.2	265 3.4	250 3.3	286 3.0	145 3.3	16 3.1							
Median, all accupied units	2.7 2.7 2.2	3.1 2.1	3.8 4.2	3.5 2.5	3.5 2.1	3.5 2.2	3.4 2.1	3.6 2.6	3.4 2,5	3.6 2,2	3.4 2.7	3,3 2,1	3.5 3.0	3.5 2.7							
Median, renter occupied units	13	6	-	18	18	13	31	32	10	22	20	34	24	-}							
PERSONS PER ROOM	}		1																		
1.00 or less	1 248	770	115	1 659 97	1 559 106	1 809 149	1 668 119	1 768 125	621 40	1 529 134	1 578 97	1 886 103	890 76	59							
1.01 to 1.50	65 12	35 6	6	13 107	23 128	13 161	14 131	20 137	2 42	14 146	14 110	19 118	15 87	2 6							
Units with all plumbing facilities – 1.01 or more	77	40	°l	107	120	101								Ì							
VALUE Specified owner occupied units1	287	327	115	1 268	1 111	1 401	956	1 540	439	1 243	1 311	1 250	587	23							
Less than \$5,000	3 4	7		5 8	7	14 20	7 13	25 44	4 9	7 21	10 14	13 28	23	1							
\$7,500 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999	15	7 68	1	30 293	25 269	49 313	31 273	67 284	19 117	58 277	42 332	55 262	27 161	10							
\$15,000 to \$19,999	138	140 80	22 42	424 263	424 242	687 204	401 156	470 376	177 79	488 278	521 227	414 251	224 105	7 2							
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999		22	35 11	263 175 58	125 14	91 22	56 13	221 47	29 5	97 14	130 32	177 39	28 10	-1							
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	\$16 400	\$18 200	\$23 600	12	\$17 900	\$16 900	\$16 700	\$18 800	\$16 800	\$17 800	3 \$17 400	\$18 300	\$16 600	\$13 400							
CONTRACT RENT	7.0 700	T. 2 200	,	, ,																	
Specified renter occupied units?	734	341 5	6	353 6	419 8	370 7	5 82 10	221 13	131 7	259 5	1 69 5	448	231 6	32 10							
Less than \$30\$30 to \$39	16	4 26	=	2 14	2 28	4 34	3 85	9	1 8	3 26	2 11	9 74	1 37	7							
\$40 to \$59 \$60 to \$79] 241	120	1	37 64	67 105	83 76	121 132	39 51	18 39	86 44 54	37 22 52 7	90 91	66 75	4							
\$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149	156	100 82	4	168 28	146	126 24	198	59 9	43	13	52 7	120 24	21 3	4							
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249) -	1 -	-	20 2 2	3	23	, 1	7	_	3	1 2	2	ĩ	-							
\$250 or moreNo cosh rent	20	3	+120	30	23 \$97	13 \$9 2	23 \$89	34 \$89	13 \$90	25 \$79	30 \$93	31 \$85	21 \$79	\$53							
Median	\$80	\$82	\$120	\$109	477	47.∠	401	70,													

^{*}Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property. **Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970

					Plymouth Co		Part in Bristo				Norfolk Cou	nty	
Census Tracts	Total SMSA	Part in Bristol County	Part in Norfolk County	Total	Brockton	Balance	Tract 6001	Tract 6002	Tract 4561	Tract 4562	Tract 4563	Tract 4564	Troct 4571
All year-round housing units	56 554	3 256	7 952	45 346	28 752	16 594	1 699	1 557	2 340	765	1 332	2 073	1 442
UNITS IN STRUCTURE													
1 (includes mobile home or trailer) 2 3 and 4 5 to 49 50 or more	35 326 7 652 7 490 5 730 356	2 758 282 87 123 6	5 995 900 392 665	26 573 6 470 7 011 4 942 350	13 822 4 414 5 831 4 344 341	12 751 2 056 1 180 598 9	1 373 182 48 96	1 385 100 39 27 6	1 644 307 110 279	718 39 4 4	836 180 134 182	1 646 180 51 196	1 151 194 93 4
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT													Ì
1969 to Murch 1970	1 783 4 743 6 165 9 049 3 641 31 173	192 316 244 743 289 1 472	377 870 1 060 1 900 629 3 116	1 214 3 557 4 861 6 406 2 723 26 585	795 2 080 3 194 3 644 1 360 17 679	419 1 477 1 667 2 762 1 363 8 906	74 90 88 386 110 951	118 226 156 357 179 521	78 264 353 447 187	10 99 122 278 84 172	54 177 121 302 161 517	235 279 261 416 90 792	51 203 457 107 624
HEATING EQUIPMENT			ĺ				:						
Steam or hot water	34 966 13 004 1 742 1 345 5 497	1 871 993 224 21 147	4 691 2 398 301 142 420	28 404 9 613 1 217 1 182 4 930	19 123 4 362 675 904 3 688	9 281 5 251 542 278 1 242	1 044 471 105 10 69	827 522 119 11 78	1 416 641 108 29 146	504 231 - 4 26	832 272 126 58 44	1 132 726 54 26 135	807 528 13 25 69
BASEMENT	İ	ľ											
All units with basementOne-family houses with basement	50 625 30 720	2 960 2 539	7 198 5 563	40 467 22 618	25 245 10 979	15 222 11 639	1 581 1 326	1 379 1 213	2 181 1 599	710 677	999 607	1 966 1 598	1 342 1 082
SELECTED EQUIPMENT With more than 1 bothroom	11 454	1 099	1 571	8 784	5 100	3 684	548	551	469	224	204	415	259
With public water supply With public sewer With air conditioning Room unit(s) Central system	55 654 29 500 9 345 8 605 740	2 971 1531 461 416 45	7 853 1 9791 1 905 1 738 167	44 830 27 368 6 979 6 451 528	28 629 25 849 4 605 4 217 388	16 201 1 519 2 374 2 234 140	1 649 110 228 203 25	1 322 43 233 213 20	2 328 668 628 575 53	765 230 153 153	1 320 447 281 259 22	1 999 596 578 510 68	1 441 38 265 241 24
All occupied housing units	54 903	3 189	7 801	43 913	27 688	16 225	1 666	1 523	2 257	756	1 315	2 047	1 426
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT													
1968 to March 1970 1965 to 1967 1960 to 1964 1950 to 1959 1949 or earlier	14 117 10 409 9 892 10 868 9 617	713 562 556 781 577	1 887 1 368 1 384 1 899 1 263	11 517 8 479 7 952 8 188 7 777	7 805 5 499 4 945 4 770 4 669	3 712 2 980 3 007 3 418 3 108	288 243 316 433 386	425 319 240 348 191	605 373 380 491 408	129 148 130 232 117	415 233 198 290 179	525 405 356 450 311	213 209 320 436 248
AUTOMOBILES AVAILABLE	ļ												
1	29 132 15 785 2 611 7 375	1 439 1 344 211 195	3 956 2 550 442 853	23 737 11 891 1 958 6 327	15 231 6 361 994 5 102	8 506 5 530 964 1 225	751 670 92 153	688 674 119 42	1 176 756 98 227	351 310 47 48	737 309 67 202	1 026 661 113 247	666 514 117 129
GROSS RENT													.
Specified renter occupied units! Less than \$40	2 143 419 47 561	487 	1 640 	14 979 245 1 123 1 541 2 948 6 742 1 568 321 36 455 \$108	11 761 217 959 1 252 2 325 5 426 1 064 255 7 256 \$107	3 218 28 164 289 623 1 316 504 66 29 199 \$114	303 	184 -6 16 17 52 54 - 39 \$122	548 - 4 8 82 195 219 14 - 26 \$144	35 - 4 - 13 6 - - 12	429 	407 	221 - 6 30 22 93 50 5 - 15 \$118
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME		,	·	·					•			·	
Specified renter occupied units: Less than \$5,000 Less than 20 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 34 percent 35 percent ar more Not computed Median	359 483 1 297 3 801 609	487 168 10 24 23 74 37 35.0+	1 640 501 10 11 95 345 40 35.0+	14 979 5 880 339 448 1 179 3 382 532 35.0+	11 761 4 798 320 385 917 2 791 385 35.0+	3 218 1 082 19 63 262 591 147 35.0+	303 102 10 13 18 52 9 35.0+	184 66 - 11 5 22 28 35.0+	548 123 - 4 110 9 35.0+	35 17 - - 9 8	429 159 5 55 94 5 35.0 +	407 124 5 5 31 75 8 35.0+	221 78 - 6 5 57 10 35.0+
\$5,000 to \$9,999	3 430 1 585 1 088 153 177	180 78 51 33 4 14 20.5	573 214 174 128 41 16 21.9	5 680 3 138 1 360 927 108 147 18.9	4 418 2 589 1 001 688 66 74 18.5	1 262 549 359 239 42 73 20.6	95 50 15 17 4 9	85 28 36 16 - 5 21.7	220 69 67 57 20 7 22.8	8 4 4	113 75 20 12 6 -	154 37 53 59 5	78 29 34 - 10 5 21.1
\$10,000 to \$14,999 25 percent or mare Not computed Median	47 89	107 5 11 15.5	485 7 14 15,6	2 549 35 64 13.0	1 864 12 27 12.9	685 23 37 13.3	85 5 — 14.8	22 11	177 14 15,4	10 <u>-</u>	135 7	108	55 - 16.2
\$15,000 or more 25 percent or more Not computed Median	983	32	81 10.0	870 43 10.0-	681 34 10.0—	189 9 10.0	21	 11 - -	28 - 10.3	-	15.3	15.8	10.2 10 - -

*Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued

ſ					<u> </u>		Brock	ton						
Census Tracts	T	Torret	Y	Trest	Trant			Tract	Tract	Troct	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract
	Tract 5101	Tract 5102	Tract 5103	Tract 5104	Tract 5105	Tract 5106	Tract 5107	5108	5109	5110	5111	5112	5113	5114
All year-round housing units	1 441	1 898	1 434	1 497	2 227	1 335	1 682	2 433	1 633	859	3 600	1 284	1 653	3 421
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	1 323 58	1 272 217	246 189	298 398	1 170 162	1 019 139	923 331	385 487 871	55 132 409	368 188 201	2 564 519 465	771 167 209	662 403 380	1 949 492 707
3 and 45 to 4950 or more50	33 27	155 254	518 476 5	504 297 -	195 609 91	113 64 -	229 199 	599 91	918 119	72 30	52	132	208	273
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														Ī
1969 to March 1970 1965 to 1968	114	51 287	292 78	10 10	159 398	69 34	4 50	107	14	41 142	117 350	56	14 86	29 278
1960 to 1964	472 573	479 156	95 60 53	23 26 67	481 328 170	131 385 119	141 214 76	23 89 83	- 6 60	55 22 17	648 755 113	115 237 75	42 171 123	404 498 197
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	18 264	44 881	856	1 361	691	597	1 197	2 131	1 553	582	1 617	801	1 217	2 015
HEATING EQUIPMENT		000	/ 40	004	1 282	918	1 410	1 937	1 301	435	2 092	830	1 216	2 547
Steam or hot water Warm oir furnace Built-in electric units	873 191 35	920 441 9	642 328 25	886 83 14	511 248	228 53	169 23	111 100	78	170 34	776 40	303 23	188 14	534
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means or not heated	240 102	133 395	32 407	45 469	85 101	39 97	9 71	40 245	254	15 205	201 491	14 114	24 211	22 261
BASEMENT														
All units with basement One-family houses with basement	467 349	1 447 826	1 134 214	1 461 276	1 881 1 016	1 199 910	1 637 911	2 420 385	1 604 48	790 344	2 665 1 635	1 246 744	1 609 627	3 354 1 892
SELECTED EQUIPMENT			• • •	4		£11	489	272	44	84	589	228	359	713
With more than 1 bathroom With public water supply With public sewer	340 1 422 1 286	366 1 898 1 599	136 1 434 1 406	112 1 491 1 419	557 2 195 2 077	511 1 329 884	1 670 1 603	2 433 2 381	1 640 1 640	852 832	3 578 3 126	1 278 1 032	1 640 1 470	3 414 2 843
With air conditioning Room unit(s)	221 190	186 170	209 202	135 128	673 468	305 278	452 432	264 264	114 114	104 104	531 496 35	258 252 6	240 227 13	594 573 21
Central system	31	16	7	7	205	27	20	-	-	-	35		13	
All accupied housing units	1 435	1 841	1 370	1 401	2 130	1 303	1 633	2 326	1 493	819	3 516	1 257	1 608	3 299
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT							201	0.40	627	070	854	263	456	769
1968 to March 1970 1965 to 1967 1960 to 1964	331 368 384	448 424 399	584 196 193	453 269 212	797 434 359	208 159 300	326 311 226	860 436 323	537 364 219	279 198 118	698 815	236 180	341 257	667 664
1950 to 1959 1949 or earlier	271 81	244 326	188 209	161 306	301 239	460 176	392 378	304 403	194 179	66 158	653 496	255 323	330 224	575 624
AUTOMOBILES AVAILABLE														
2	840 489	901 562	824 168	693 266 20	1 182 664 76	628 474 93	900 536 25	1 231 380 53	610 109 52	425 130 27	2 212 793 132	742 214 86	865 295 98	1 918 797 164
3 or mare	67 39	21 357	370	422	208	108	172	662	722	237	379	215	350	420
GROSS RENT				401	044	200	540	1 594	1 342	435	706	450	743	1 101
Specified renter occupied units Less than \$40 \$40 to \$59	108 	509 5 103	999 149	891 11 20	946 68 37	288 - 5	568 - 48	68 147	25 242	14 32	5 28	5 43	6 25	10 34 102
\$60 to \$79 \$80 to \$99	35	153 77 147	75 151 567	52 254 502	81 49 191	24 71 131	25 56 233	118 296 837	218 318 508	81 136 155	63 160 350	62 66 234	80 196 377	251 575
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	48 9 7	10	52	28 15	328 174	30 14	155 17	109	25	14	58	29	45 5	86
\$250 or more	4	14 \$78	5 \$111	9 \$108	18 \$156	13 \$109	3 31 \$1 32	15 \$108	6 \$92	3 \$94	42 \$109	11 \$106	9 \$105	34 \$109
Median	\$116	4/0	φιιι	4.02	4.50	•	V	*	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•		,	·	
Specified renter accupied units1	108	509	999	891	946	288 102	568 190	1 594 684	1 342 773	435 186	706 236	450 147	743 373	1 101 422
Less than \$5,000	27	204 26 11	401 21 32	339 12 21	334 30 26	5 17	1 <i>B</i> 4	37 48	75 55	24 18	23 26	46	6 16	18 46
25 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	9 14	19 103	54 294	101 195	50 192	25 44	27 120	152 415	139 445	33 101 10	25 121 41	49 41 11	51 269 31	88 245 25
Not computed Median		45 35.0 +	35.0+	10 35.0+	36 35.0+	11 34.4	21 35.0 +	32 35.0 +	59 35.0+	35.0+	35.0 +	29.5	35.0+	35.0+
\$5,000 to \$9,999	58 48	218 180	441 186	383 256	241 72 43	102 52 34	204 94 27	604 337 172	409 301 60	180 143 20	297 176 44	199 124 65	250 153 51	41.5 202 132
20 to 24 percent 25 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	5 5 -	32 - 6	138 112 5	76 46 5	102 18	12 -	57 17	95	48	17	49 11	10	46	60 4
Not computed	17.3	13.9	21.3	17.7	25.2	19.3	20.6	19.2	16.3	15.9	17 18.1	17.1	18.7	19.9
\$10,000 to \$14,999	12 3	59	126	131	235 4	61	112	198	133	65 	144	75 _ 5	100	204 5
Not computed		11.6	12.3	12,9	16.8	11.9	14.4	12.7	11.7	12.2	11.5	12.5	12.5	12.1
\$15,000 or more25 percent or more	11	28	31	38	136	23 7	62 ~	108 - 10	27	4	29 5	29	20	60
Not computed Median		10.0-	10.0 -	10.0-	11.8		10.0-	10.0-	10.0~	· <u>·</u>		11.0		10.0-

*Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970-Continued

	Brockton — Con.			Balance of SMSA in Plymouth County										
Census Tracts	Tract 5115	Tract 5116	Tract 5117	Tract 5201	Troct 5202	Tract 5211	Tract 5212	Tract 5221	Troct 5231	Tract 5232	Tract 5241	Tract 5251	Tract 5252	Troct 5253
All year-round housing units	1 387	843	125	1 785	1 731	2 018	1 832	1 961	690	1 699	1 718	2 068	1 018	74
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
(includes mobile home or trailer)	347 363 569 108	356 163 273 51	114 6 - 5 -	1 418 194 138 35	1 253 207 127 144	1 565 255 111 87	1 015 387 303 127	1 829 75 37 11 9	503 100 76 11	1 445 146 62 46	1 531 150 37	1 470 352 180 66	701 167 106 44	21 23 3 27
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1969 to March 1970	2 10 29 28 99 1 219	6 32 76 40 689	7 60 24 20 6 8	22 84 125 442 165 947	24 121 107 449 176 854	17 122 319 375 106 1 079	28 105 104 166 125 1 304	109 317 250 271 148 866	26 30 112 55 467	95 170 339 246 153 696	47 123 164 300 156 928	73 287 134 271 196 1 107	4 122 95 130 83 584	74
HEATING EQUIPMENT											1 104	. 05/	***	
Steam or hat water	1 060 115 - 5 207	679 106 58	95 30 - - -	978 644 40 28 95	1 071 473 63 31 93	1 056 752 29 16 165	1 229 351 98 37 117	820 905 55 78 103	469 150 11 14 46	817 695 62 14 111	1 186 374 37 37 37 84	1 226 493 119 23 207	390 379 28 — 221	39 35 -
BASEMENT			l											
All units with basement	1 382 347	828 345	121 110	1 653 1 314	1 579 1 135	1 728 1 288	1 672 916	1 776 1 648	671 484	1 556 1 353	1 591 1 413	1 971 1 406	961 661	64 21
With mobile water supply With public saver With oir conditioning Room unit(s) Central system	86 1 383 1 372 164 164	164 847 806 133 133	50 125 73 22 22 22	455 1 785 110 235 222 13	334 1 720 153 228 228	371 2 005 87 344 316 28	323 1 824 179 226 219	492 1 864 31 309 254 55	168 679 21 67 67	325 1 601 62 222 204 18	441 1 677 67 330 321 9	579 2 012 531 293 283 10	174 978 247 120 120	22 56 31 - -
All occupied housing units	1 323	809	125	1 766	1 695	1 976	1 792	1 913	684	1 656	1 689	1 995	992	67
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT			1											
1968 to March 1970 1965 to 1967 1960 to 1964 1950 to 1959 1949 or earlier	393 228 175 240 287	215 111 93 130 260	32 59 28 6	457 343 378 356 232	363 292 356 403 281	426 292 464 443 351	408 344 308 325 407	538 363 345 353 314	100 110 97 204 173	400 258 398 290 310	264 299 214 522 390	517 441 285 348 404	220 232 148 167 225	19 6 14 7 21
AUTOMOBILES AVAILABLE														
1	758 223 33 309	444 207 39 119	58 54 - 13	969 595 109 93	918 541 114 122	1 127 618 97 134	959 463 126 244	977 746 97 93	342 233 69 40	848 631 79 98	867 608 116 98	972 692 111 220	479 391 46 76	48 12 - 7
GROSS RENT														ļ
Specified renter occupied units 1	737 	328 13 41 66 166 27 5 10 \$109		353 5 34 40 164 70 16 6 18 \$124	429 7 8 41 102 146 102 - 23 \$119	379 	573 - 59 56 108 239 77 11 - 23 \$110	224 - - 5 15 109 47 5 10 33 \$136	130 	265 5 57 31 90 40 6 - 36 \$111	170 	438 - 45 38 103 202 25 - 4 21 \$104	215 	42 16 6 4 5 11 - - - \$48
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME														
Specified reater occupied units¹ Less than \$5,000 Less than 20 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median	737 281 16 5 80 131 49 35.0 +	328 99 9 14 15 61 35.0+	•••	353 105 - 11 68 26 35.0+	429 133 7 33 17 64 12 35.0+	379 141 	573 265 6 85 153 21 35.0 +	224 39 - 5 - 20 14 35.0 +	130 23 - - - 17 6	265 107 6 5 9 66 21 35.0+	170 42 - 8 25 9 35.0 +	438 165 16 68 69 12 33,9	215 57 - 4 13 28 12 35.0+	42 5 - 5 -
\$5,000 to \$9,999 Less than 20 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median	291 207 57 16 - 11 17.1	120 52 45 13 10 20.3		179 91 33 33 10 12 19.2	177 70 54 41 - 12 21.2	154 52 52 45 - 5 22.2	188 82 72 20 4 10 20.5	80 31 24 15 5 5 21.4	67 16 11 34 6 - 26.9	69 27 26 5 6 5 21.0	58 30 8 11 5 4 19.3	172 71 62 30 - 9 20.8	92 53 17 5 6 11 18.2	26 26 - - - - 10.0 –
\$10,000 to \$14,999 25 percent or more Not computed Median	109 5 11.8	95 13.5		53 15.7	108 - 5 13.1	84 5 6 16.3	84 6 13.8	88 10 10 14.4	28 - - 10.0-	68 10 13.1	52 4 10.9	59 4 - 13.0	55 - 11.9	6 - -
\$15,000 or more 25 percent or more Not computed Median	56 _ 10.0—	14 - - 		16 - -	11 	- - -	36 - 10.5	17 9 	12 - - 	21 	18 - -	42 ~ 10.0~	11 - - 	5 - -

¹Excludes one-family homes on 10 ocres or more.

Table H-3. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With Negro Head of Household: 1970

Census Tracts With				Part in Plymouth County			Brockton
400 or More Negro Population	Total SMSA	Part in Bristol County	Part in Norfalk County	Total	Brockton	Balance	Tract 5111
All occupied housing units	838	13	101	724	582	142	103
TENURE AND PLUMBING							ļ
Owner occupied With all plumbing facilities Renter occupied With all plumbing facilities	444 439 394 367	11 11 2	94 94 7 7	339 334 385 358	216 215 366 342	123 119 19 16	78 78 25 25
ROOMS							
1 room	10 33 223 448 124 5.1	- 2 9 2 5.8	- 1 4 69 27 6.0	10 32 217 370 95 5.0	9 28 197 286 62 4.8	1 4 20 84 33 5.7	- 2 19 62 20 5.4
PERSONS							
1 person 2 and 3 persons 4 and 5 persons 6 persons or mare Median Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	127 316 235 160 3.3 27	1 7 4 1 3.1	3 30 47 21 4.3 2	123 279 184 138 3.2 25	106 218 144 114 3.2	17 61 40 24 3.2	12 34 27 30 3.9
PERSONS PER ROOM							- 1
1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Units with all plumbing facilities – 1.01 or more	719 92 27 116	13 - - - -	91 8 2 10	615 84 25 106	486 74 22 95	129 10 3 11	84 13 6 19
VALUE			J			J	
Specified owner occupied units¹	387 5 24 78 157 110 13 \$17 900	9 - 1 6 2 \$16 800	93 6 34 48 \$20 800	285 5 23 71 117 60 9 \$16 900	168 2 7 38 84 34 3 \$17 300	117 3 16 33 33 26 6 \$16 000	4 13 32 16 5 17 600
CONTRACT RENT]			j	
Specified renter occupied units?	355 \$80	•••	7 \$158	346 \$79	332 \$79	14 \$90	25 \$71

^{**}Ulmited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property. *** PExcludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more and all "no cash rent" units.

Table H-4. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With Negro Head of Household: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts With				Po	art in Plymouth County		Brockton
400 or More Negro Population	Total SMSA	Part in Bristol County	Part in Norfolk County	Total	Brockton	Balance	Tract 5111
All occupied housing units	802	9	106	687	545	142	103
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1 (includes mobile home or trailer) 2 to 4 5 or more	473 199 130		102 4 	362 195 130	233 182 130	129 13 -	57 46 -
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1960 to March 1970	250 131 421		46 36 24	198 92 397	160 66 319	38 26 78	45 10 48
SELECTED EQUIPMENT With air conditioning With more than 1 bathroom With central or built-in heating system With public water supply With public sewer With outomobile(s) available 1 2 or more	131 130 650 827 564 594 400 194		26 108 109 119 6 111 59	98 105 535 701 558 476 341 135	72 63 415 577 550 352 274 78	26 42 120 124 8 124 67 57	14 .35 76 105 92 84 43 41
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT 1968 to March 1970 1960 to 1967 1959 or earlier	325 389 128		19 73 27	30 <i>6</i> 309 101	286 233 58	20 76 43	62 28 15
GROSS RENT Specified renter occupied units¹	343 11 19 84 66 133 20 	- - - - - - - - - -		339 11 19 84 66 129 20 10 \$96	322 11 19 84 59 129 20 \$97		23 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME Less than \$10,000		- - - - -		324 153 88 5 24.4	312 153 88 - 24.7	 	25 15 10 30.0

Excludes ane-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-5. Characteristics of Housing Units With Household Head of Spanish Language: 1970

Census Tracts With	Epulo posed (il sulliple, dec	Text, 101 minimum base 1	or delived tigures (percent)	, median, etc.) and meaning (
400 or More Persons of Spanish Language	Total SMSA	Part in Bristol County	Part in Norfolk County	Total	Brockton	Balance
All occupied housing units	309	20	37	252	219	33
TENURE AND PLUMBING	307	~	•,	132	217	33
Owner occupied	143	20	16	107	86	21
With all plumbing facilities Renter occupied With all plumbing facilities	143 166 150		 2i 	107 145 136	86 133 124	12
ROOMS	,,,,	_	•••		724	•••
l room	7 120 114 68		- 14 23 -	7 106 84 55	7 94 76 42	- 12 8 13
UNITS IN STRUCTURE						
1 (includes mobile home or trailer) 2 ta 4 5 or more	163 81 65	 	16 14 7	127 67 58	94 67 58	33 . - -
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT						
1960 to March 1970 1950 to 1959 1949 ar earlier	79 47 183	•••	6 10 21	73 24 155	73 17 129	7 26
PERSONS						
l person	27 119 123 40 3.6	··· ··· ··· ···	5 32 4.0	21 100 91 40 3.6	14 80 85 40 3.9	7 20 6 2.0
PERSONS PER ROOM						İ
1.00 or less	282 20 7 20		30 7 	232 13 7 20	199 13 7 20	33 - - -
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT	ļ					
1968 to March 1970 1960 to 1967 1939 or earlier	188 90 31		20 12 5	168 72 12	168 46 5	26 7
SELECTED EQUIPMENT						
With air conditioning With more than I bathroom With central or built-in heating system With public water supply With public sewer With automobile(s) available 2 or more	27 50 260 309 212 227 181 46		5 23 37 14 30 19	22 30 217 252 198 177 149 28	15 30 184 219 193 151 130 21	7 33 33 5 26 19 7
VALUE Specified owner occupied units 1		ļ		95	74	
Less than \$5,000 — \$5,000 in \$5,099 — \$5,000 to \$14,999 — \$15,000 to \$14,999 — \$20,000 to \$34,999 — \$25,000 or more — Median — Median — \$1,000 mark \$2,000 for \$2,000	125 - 8 7 63 47 - \$19 200			8 - 52 35 - \$19 200	52 22 \$19 000	
GROSS RENT			ĺ			
Specified renter occupied units2	166 -7 15 19 103 10 5 7	-		145 	133 - 15 12 91 10 5 \$124	:::
CONTRACT RENT			1			
Specified renter occupied units ²	166 \$93	-	•••	145 \$102	133 \$103	***
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME						
Less than \$10,000	119 61 30 16 28.1	-		119 61 30 16 28.1	107 49 25 16 26.5	

Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property.

²Excludes one-family homes on 10 ocres or more.

*Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more and all "no cash rent" units.

Appendix A.—AREA CLASSIFICATIONS

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CENSUS TRACTS

Definition of census tract.-Census tracts are small areas into which large cities and adjacent areas have been divided for statistical purposes. Tract boundaries were established cooperatively by a local committee and the Bureau of the Census. Tracts were generally designed to be relatively uniform with respect to population characteristics, economic status, and living conditions. The average tract has about 4,000 residents. Tract boundaries are established with the intention of being maintained over a long time so that comparisons may be made from census to census.

In the decennial censuses, the Bureau of the Census tabulates population and housing information for each census tract. The practice of local agencies to tabulate locally collected data by tracts has increased the value of census tract data in many areas.

Tracts are generally numbered in a consecutive series, with separate series for the central city and for each county. Insofar as possible, the numbers are consecutive within each city, community, township, and the like. In these tables, tracts which contain no population and no housing units are not listed. Tracts populated only by crews of vessels are identified by the tract number suffix "99."

Historical background.—The concept of census tracts was originated by the late Dr. Walter Laidlaw in New York City in 1906. He was convinced of the need for data for homogeneous subdivisions of cities as a basis for studying neighborhoods smaller than boroughs or wards. At his request, the Bureau of the Census tabulated census tract data from the 1910 census for New York and seven other cities with a population of over 500,000. Tract data were again tabulated for the same 8 cities in 1920, and in 1930 this number was increased to 18. In 1940, tract data were tabulated for 60 cities, some with adjacent tracted areas; and, beginning in 1940, housing data were added to the population data in the tract reports. In 1950, final reports were published for 64 tracted areas, many of which included statistics for two or more large cities. By 1960, the program had expanded to include reports for 180 tracted areas (of which 3 were in Puerto Rico).

Tract statistics from the 1970 census are published for 241 areas, 238 in the United States and 3 in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. All of these tracted areas are standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's). The goal of extending the census tract program to all SMSA's was achieved in the 1970 census except for six areas that were designated as SMSA's on the basis of the 1970 census count and had not been tracted.

Much of the credit for the growing interest in tract data belongs to the late Howard Whipple Green of Cleveland. He aroused the interest of research workers in numerous cities in the potential usefulness of tract statistics for the analysis of sociological, marketing, and administrative

problems. In his capacity as Chairman of the Committee on Census Enumeration Areas of the American Statistical Association for 25 years, he accepted the responsibility for appointing a Census Tract Key Person in each area where tracts were established, for providing guidance on delineating and maintaining census tracts, and for maintaining a census tract library. These duties were assumed by the Bureau of the Census in 1955. However, the Census Bureau no longer appoints Census Tract Key Persons. They are selected by the local census tract committees.

For a further discussion of census tract data and their uses, see U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census Tract Manual, Fifth Edition, 1966, Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

Description of tracted area.—The map included in this report identifies the boundaries of the area for which the tract statistics are presented. The map also identifies the location and number of each tract and, when appropriate, the limits of cities, townships, counties, or other subdivisions of the tracted area. Boundaries of the tracted area generally constitute a standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA). A few, however, include the SMSA plus an adjoining area outside it. These are designated as including the adjacent area, and the map covers the tracts in the adjacent area as well as those in the SMSA itself.

Comparability from census to census.— One of the principles followed in relation to census tracts is to preserve comparability from census to census. Keeping tract boundaries unchanged makes possible the study of changes in social and economic characteristics of neighborhoods. There are, nonetheless, several situations where boundaries of individual tracts are changed. For example, it is sometimes necessary to change the boundaries of tracts to add small areas annexed to a city. Similarly, changes in tract boundaries occur when territory is detached from a city or separately incorporated. Changes may also occur in physical features that are used as tract boundaries, such as street or highway relocations. The census tract limits are changed to conform with the revised feature or to follow another nearby visible feature. Census tracts with very large increases in population are subdivided into two or more smaller tracts. On the other hand, a re-examination of the existing tract boundaries may result in modifications of boundaries to provide larger or more homogeneous units. Tables A and B, showing the comparability of tracts between 1960 and 1970, appear at the end of the Introduction.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

The Bureau of the Census recognizes 243 standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and 4 in Puerto Rico, making a total of 247 in the 1970 census. These include the 231 SMSA's as defined and named in the Bureau of the Budget publication, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas: 1967, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Since 1967, 16 SMSA's have been added, of which two were defined in January 1968 and an additional 14 were defined in February 1971 on the basis of the results of the 1970 census. Changes in SMSA boundaries or titles made after February 1971 are not recognized in this series of reports. SMSA's are defined by the Office of Management and Budget (formerly Bureau of the Budget).

Except in the New England States, a standard metropolitan statistical area

is a county or group of contiguous counties which contains at least one city of 50,000 inhabitants or more, or "twin cities" with a combined population of at least 50,000. In addition to the county or counties containing such a city or cities, contiquous counties are included in an SMSA if, according to certain criteria, they are socially and economically integrated with the central city. In the New England States, SMSA's consist of towns and cities instead of counties. In recent years, four cities (High Point, N.C., Macon, Ga., Oklahoma City, Okla., and Sioux Falls, S. Dak.) have annexed territory which lies outside the boundaries of the The figures shown in the SMSA tables for these cities exclude the portions which lie outside the SMSA. Each SMSA must include at least one central city, and the complete title of an SMSA identifies the central city or cities. For a detailed description of the criteria used in defining SMSA's, see the Bureau of the Budget publication cited above.

Appendix B.—DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS OF SUBJECT CHARACTERISTICS

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GENERAL

Facsimiles of the census questions and more complete definitions of the subject characteristics may be found in the 1970 Population Census PC(1)-C reports for population items and in the 1970 Housing Census HC(1)-B reports for housing items.

Certain characteristics defined here appear in both the population and the housing tables. Definitions for such characteristics are presented only once, in the section "Population Characteristics" or in the section "Housing Characteristics," depending on the nature of the subject (except for "group quarters," which appears in both sections).

POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Age.—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1970, and was determined from the reply to questions on age and on month and year of birth.

Race. - Data are shown for two racial categories, white and Negro. The

category "white" includes persons who indicated their race as white, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories on the questionnaire but entered Mexican, Puerto Rican, or a response suggesting Indo-European stock. The category "Negro" includes persons who indicated their race as Negro or Black, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories on the questionnaire but who had such entries as Jamaican, Trinidadian, West Indian, Haitian, and Ethiopian. All other racial categories, such as American Indian, Japanese, and Chinese, are included in the total but not shown separately. The classification by race shown for occupied housing units refers to the race of the head of the household occupying the unit.

Differences in the statistics on race in tables P-1, H-1, and H-3, containing 100-percent data, and tables P-5, P-6, and H-4, containing sample data, are due partly to the manual editing of the sample questionnaires. Many persons who reported their race as "Other" on the questionnaire also supplied a write-in entry that indicated the proper race classification should have been one of the specific race categories, e.g., white, Negro, etc. While the field edit procedures included a review of such entries on all questionnaires before the 100-percent data were tabulated, manual editing of the sample questionnaires after the 100-percent data were tabulated resulted in some further changes in classification by race.

Nativity, parentage, and country of origin.—The category "native" comprises persons born in the United

States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or an outlying area of the United States, or at sea. Also included in this category is the small number of persons who, although they were born in a foreign country, have at least one native American parent. The category "foreign-born" includes all persons not classified as native. The category "native of native parentage" comprises native persons both of whose parents are also natives of the United States, "Native of foreign or mixed parentage" comprises native persons one or both of whose parents are foreign born.

The category "foreign stock" includes the foreign-born population and the native population of foreign or mixed parentage. In this report, persons of foreign stock are classified according to their country of origin. Natives of foreign parentage whose parents were born in different countries are classified according to the country of birth of the father. Natives of mixed parentage are classified according to the country of birth of the foreign-born parent.

Spanish heritage.-In the census tract reports, separate tables are presented for the population of Spanish heritage, which is variously identified in the reports for different areas: States and the District of Columbia it is identified as "Persons of Spanish language"; in five Southwestern States, as "Persons of Spanish language or Spanish surname"; and in the Middle Atlantic States, as "Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage." Similarly, separate housing statistics are presented for housing units in these categories, identified on the basis of the classification of the household head occupying the unit. The specific definitions involved in identifying these population groups are given below.

Spanish language.—Persons of Spanish language comprise persons of Spanish mother tongue (see definition below) and all other persons in families in which the head or wife reported Spanish as his or her mother tongue. A housing unit is classified as occupied by persons of Spanish language if the head or his wife reported Spanish as his or her mother tongue.

Spanish surname.—In five Southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) persons with Spanish surnames are identified. Separate statistics are presented, in these States, for persons of Spanish language combined with all additional persons of Spanish surname. These additional persons are shown in the category "Other persons of Spanish surname."

Puerto Rican birth or parentage.—
The population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage includes persons born in Puerto Rico and persons born in the United States or an outlying area with one or both parents born in Puerto Rico. Statistics for this group are shown for areas in New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania.

Spanish mother tongue.—Mother tongue is defined as the language spoken in the person's home when he was a child.

In two tracted areas that cross State lines, Wilmington, Del.—N.J.—Md., and Texarkana, Tex.—Ark., the population of Spanish heritage in each State portion is identified, for tabula-

tion purposes, in the manner specified above for that State, and the segments for the different States are combined to form a total for the area. The term used to describe this population in tables P-7, P-8, and H-5, however, is the term applicable in the State containing the major portion of the SMSA. Thus, for the Wilmington SMSA, the term applicable in Delaware, "Persons of Spanish language," is used; and in the Texarkana SMSA the term applicable in Texas, "Persons of Spanish language or Spanish surname," is used.

Household.—A household includes all the persons who occupy a group of rooms or a single room which constitutes a housing unit (see definition of housing unit, below). The average population per household is obtained by dividing the population in households by the number of household heads.

The population per household for Negroes and persons of Spanish heritage, shown in tables P-5 and P-7, may not in all cases be a true representation of the household size for these groups. For example, some persons of a given group may be roomers or domestic employees living with household heads of a different ethnic classification.

Relationship to head of household.— Four categories of relationship to head of household are recognized in this report:

 Head of household.—One person in each household is designated as the "head," that is, the person who is regarded as the head by the members of the household. However, if a married woman living with her husband was reported as the head, her husband was considered the head for the purpose of simplifying the tabulations. Two types of household heads are distinguished — the head of a family and a primary individual. A family head is a household head living with one or more persons related to him by blood, marriage, or adoption. A primary individual is a household head living alone or with nonrelatives only.

- 2. Wife of head.-A woman married to and living with a household head, including women in common-law marriages as well as women in formal marriages. In table P-1, which is based on 100-percent tabulations, the number of wives is the same as the number of "husband-wife households" and the number of "husbandwife families." In tables P-5 and P-7, which are based on a sample and are limited to a specific ethnic group, the numbers may differ, because of minor differences in the weighting of the data and because a husband and wife do not always have the same ethnic classification.
- Other relative of head.—All persons related to the head of the household by blood, marriage, or adoption except "wife of head."
- 4. Not related to head.—All persons in the household not related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, lodgers, partners, resident employees, wards, and foster children are included in this category.

Group quarters.—Persons in living arrangements other than households are classified by the Bureau of the Census as living in group quarters. Group quarters are located most frequently in institutions, rooming houses, military

barracks, college dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, hospitals, monasteries, convents, and ships. A house or apartment is considered group quarters if it is shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him, or, if there is no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons.

Inmate of institution.—Inmates of institutions are persons under care or custody at the time of enumeration in homes, schools, hospitals or wards for juveniles, the physically handicapped, or the mentally handicapped; homes or hospitals for mental, tuberculosis, or other chronic disease patients; homes for unwed mothers; nursing, convalescent, and rest homes; homes for the aged and dependent; and correctional institutions.

Family.-According to 1970 census definitions, a family consists of a household head and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption; all persons in a household who are related to the head are regarded as members of his (her) family. A "husband-wife family" is a family in which the head and his wife are enumerated as members of the same household. Not all households contain families, because a household may be composed of a group of unrelated persons or one person living alone. The mean size of family is derived by dividing the number of persons in families by the total number of families.

Own children and related children.— This report shows statistics on families by presence of "own" children and "related" children of specified ages. A child under 18 years old is defined

as an "own child" if he or she is a single (never married) son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child. The number of children "living with both parents" includes stepchildren and adopted children as well as sons and daughters born to the couple. "Related children" in a family include all persons under 18 related to the head except "wife of head." The "mean number of related children" is derived by dividing the total number of related children of the specified age in families by the number of families having children of that age. In table P-1 the number of own children under 18 years of age is divided by "persons under 18 years" to obtain the "percent of total under 18 years."

Unrelated individuals.—An unrelated individual, as defined in this report, may be any of the following: a household head living alone or with nonrelatives only, a household member not related to the head, or a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution.

Marital status.-The marital status classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Persons classified as "married" consist of those who have been married only once and those who remarried after having been widowed or divorced. Persons reported as separated (living apart because of marital discord, with or without a legal separation) are classified as a subcategory of married persons. Persons in common-law marriages are classified as married, and persons whose only marriage had been annulled are classified as never married. All persons reported as never married are shown as "single" in this report.

Children ever born.—In this report, statistics on the number of children ever born are presented for women 35 to 44 years old who have ever been married. Respondents were instructed to include children born to the woman before her present marriage, children no longer living, and children away from home, as well as children born to the woman who were still living in the home.

School enrollment.—School enrollment is shown for persons 3 to 34 years Persons were included as enrolled in school if they reported attending a "regular" school or college at any time between February 1, 1970, and the time of enumeration. Regular schooling is that which may advance a person toward an elementary school certificate or high school diploma, or a college, university, or professional degree. Schooling that was not obtained in a regular school and schooling from a tutor or through correspondence courses were counted only if the credits obtained were regarded as transferable to a school in the regular school system. Persons were included as enrolled in nursery school only if the school included instruction as an important and integral phase of its program. Schooling which is generally regarded as not "regular" includes that given in nursery schools which simply provide custodial day care, in specialized vocational, trade, or business schools, in on-the-job training, and through correspondence courses.

Elementary school, as defined here, includes grades 1 to 8, and high school includes grades 9 to 12. If a person was attending a junior high school, the equivalent in terms of 8 years of elementary school and 4 years of high school was recorded. In general,

a "public" school is defined as any school which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, State, or Federal government agency.

Years of school completed.—The data on years of school completed were derived from the answers to the two questions: (a) "What is the highest grade (or year) of regular school he has ever attended?" and (b) "Did he finish the highest grade (or year) he attended?" Persons whose highest grade of attendance was in a foreign school system, or in an ungraded school whose highest level of schooling was measured by "readers," or whose training was received through a tutor were instructed to report the approximate equivalent grade in the regular United States school system. A person was reported as not having completed a given grade if he dropped out or failed to pass the last grade attended.

Residence in 1965.-Residence on April 1, 1965, is the usual place of residence five years before enumeration. The category "same house" includes all persons five years old and over who did not move during the five years as well as those who had moved but by 1970 had returned to their 1965 residence. The category "different house" includes persons who. on April 1, 1965, lived in the United States in a different house from the one they occupied on April 1, 1970, and for whom sufficient information concerning the 1965 residence was collected. These persons were subdivided into three groups according to their 1965 residence in or outside a standard metropolitan statistical area: "in central city of this SMSA," "in other part of this SMSA," and "outside this SMSA." The category "abroad" includes those with residence in a foreign country or outlying area of the United States in 1965.

Reference week.—The data on employment status and place of work relate to the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents because not all persons were enumerated during the same week.

Employment status.-Employed persons comprise all civilians 16 years old and over who were either (a) "at work" - those who did any work at all as paid employees or in their own business or profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a family farm or in a family business; or (b) were "with a job but not at work" - those who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal Excluded the reasons. from employed are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Persons are classified as unemployed if they were civilians 16 years old and over and: (a) were neither "at work" nor "with a job, but not at work" during the reference week, (b) were looking for work during the past 4 weeks, and (c) were available to accept a job. Persons who did not work at all during the reference week and were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off are also included as unemployed.

The "civilian labor force" consists of persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above. The "labor force" includes all persons in the civilian labor force plus members of the Armed Forces (persons on active duty with the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard). All persons 16 years old and over who are not classified as members of the labor force are defined as "not in labor force," This category consists mainly of students. housewives, retired workers, seasonal workers enumerated in an "off" season who were not looking for work, inmates of institutions, disabled persons, and persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours during the reference week), Of these groups, students and inmates are shown separately in selected tables.

Place of work.-Place of work refers to the geographic location at which civilians and Armed Forces personnel not on leave carried out their occupational or job activities during the reference week. For the purposes of this report, these locations were defined with respect to the boundaries of the standard metropolitan statistical area as "inside SMSA" and "outside SMSA." Locations within the SMSA, were subdivided into the central business district of the central city, the balance of that county, or, if outside that county, the specific county of the SMSA.

The central business district (CBD) is usually the downtown retail trade area of the city. As defined by the Bureau of the Census, the CBD is an area of very high land valuation characterized by a high concentration of retail business offices, theaters, hotels, and service businesses, and with a

high traffic flow. CBD's consist of one or more census tracts and have been defined only in cities with a population of 100,000 or more. In order to be counted as working in the CBD, the respondent had to give the exact address (street name and number) of his place of work. Since some respondents did not do this, the number of persons working in the CBD is usually understated by an unknown amount.

The exact address (number and street name) for the place of work was asked. Persons working at more than one job were asked to report the location of the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. Salesmen, deliverymen, and others who work in several places each week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day, if they reported to a central headquarters. For cases in which daily work was not begun at a central place each day, the person was asked to report the exact address of the place where he worked the most hours last week. If his employer operated in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), the exact address of the location or branch where the respondent worked was requested. When the number or street name could not be given, the name of the building or the name of the company for which he worked was to be entered.

Means of transportation to work.— Means of transportation to work refers to the chief means of travel or type of conveyance used in traveling to and from work on the last day the respondent worked at the address given as his or her place of work. The "chief means" referred to the means of transportation covering the greatest distance if more than one means was used in daily travel. "Worked at home" was marked by a person who worked on a farm where he lived or in an office or shop in his home.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker .- The data on these three subjects in this report are for employed persons 16 years old and over and refer to the job held during the reference week. For persons employed at two or more jobs, the data refer to the job at which the person worked the greatest number of hours. The occupation and industry statistics presented here are based on the detailed systems developed for the 1970 census: see 1970 Census of Population, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations, U. S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C., 1971.

Income in 1969.-Information on money income received in the calendar year 1969 was requested from persons 14 years old and over. "Total income" is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income, nonfarm net self-employment income, farm net self-employment income, Social Security or railroad retirement income, public assistance or welfare income, and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income regularly received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

"Wage or salary income" is defined as the total money earnings received for work performed as an employee at any time during the calendar year 1969. It includes wages, salary, pay from Armed Forces, commissions, tips, piece rate payments,

and cash bonuses earned. "Nonfarm net self-employment income" is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus business expenses) received from a business, professional enterprise, or partnership in which the person was engaged on his own account. "Farm net self-employment income" is defined as the net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) received from the operation of a farm by a person on his own account, as an owner, renter, or share-cropper.

"Social Security or railroad retirement income" includes cash receipts of Social Security pensions, survivors' benefits, permanent disability insurance payments, and special benefit payments made by the Social Security Administration (under the National old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance programs) before deductions of health insurance premiums, "Medicare" reimbursements are not included. Cash receipts from retirement, disability, and survivors' benefit payments made by the U.S. Government under the Railroad Retirement Act are also included. "Public assistance income" includes cash receipts of payments made under the following public assistance programs: aid to families with dependent children, old-age assistance, general assistance, aid to the blind, and aid to the permanently and totally disabled. Separate payments received for hospital or other medical care are excluded from this item. "Income from all other sources" includes money income received from sources such as interest; dividends; net income (or loss) from property rentals; net receipts from roomers or boarders; veteran's payments; public or private pensions, periodic receipts from insurance policies or annuities; unemployment insurance benefits; workmen's compensation cash benefits; net royalties; periodic payments from estates and trust funds; alimony or child support from persons who are not members of the household; net gambling gains; nonservice scholarships and fellowships; and money received for transportation and/or subsistence by persons participating in special governmental training programs, e.g., under the Manpower Development and Training Act.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" such as food produced and consumed in the home or free living quarters; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1969, the characteristics of persons and the composition of families refer to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1970). For most families, however, the income reported was received by persons who were members of the family throughout 1969.

The median income is the amount which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below the median. For families and unrelated individuals the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of families and unrelated individuals, including those with no income.

The mean income is the amount obtained by dividing the total in-

come of a particular statistical universe by the number of units in that universe. Thus, mean family income is obtained by dividing total family income by the total number of families. For the six types of income the means are based on families having those types of income.

Care should be exercised in using and interpreting mean income values in the statistics for small areas or small subgroups of the population. Since the mean is strongly influenced by extreme values in the distribution, it is especially susceptible to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors. The median, which is not affected by extreme values, is, therefore, a better measure than the mean when the population base is small. The mean, nevertheless, is shown in this report for most small areas and small subgroups because, when weighted according to the number of cases, the means can be added to obtain summary measures for areas and groups other than those shown in this report.

Poverty status in 1969.—Families and unrelated individuals are classified as being above or below the poverty level, using the poverty index adopted by a Federal Interagency Committee in 1969. This index provides a range of income cutoffs or "poverty thresholds" adjusted to take into account such factors as family size, sex and age of the family head, the number of children, and farm-nonfarm residence. The poverty cutoffs for farm families have been set at 85 percent of the nonfarm levels. These income cutoffs are updated every year to reflect the changes in the Consumer Price Index. The poverty threshold for a nonfarm family of four was \$3,743 in 1969. For a detailed explanation of the poverty definition, see Current Population Reports, Series P-23, No. 28, "Revisions in Poverty Statistics, 1959 to 1968."

Households below the poverty level are defined as households in which the total 1969 income of the family or primary individual was below the poverty level. The incomes of persons in the household other than members of the family or the primary individual are not included when determining poverty status of a household.

The households for which poverty status is shown cannot be compared with the total number of households shown elsewhere. The former exclude those in certain types of housing units: owner-occupied units are restricted to one-family units on places of less than 10 acres and without a business on the property; and renter-occupied units exclude one-family units on places of 10 acres or more.

The "ratio of family income to poverty level" is obtained by dividing the income of a family by its corresponding poverty threshold. The "income deficit" is the difference between the total income of families and unrelated individuals below the poverty level and their respective poverty thresholds. In computing the income deficit, families reporting a net income loss are assigned zero dollars, and for such cases the income deficit is equal to the poverty threshold. The aggregate income deficit provides an estimate of the amount of money which would be required to raise the incomes of all poor families and unrelated individuals to their respective thresholds at the poverty level. The mean income deficit is the amount obtained by dividing the aggregate income deficit of a group below the poverty level by the number of families or unrelated individuals (as appropriate) in that group.

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Housing units and group quarters.— Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer, etc.). Living quarters may also be in structures intended for nonresidential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a watchman lives), as well as in tents, caves, old railroad cars, etc.

A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants do not live and eat with any other persons in the structure and which quarters have either (1) direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall or (2) complete kitchen facilities for the exclusive use of the occupants. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or nonrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next paragraph on group quarters). For vacant units, the criteria for separateness, direct access, and complete kitchen facilities for exclusive use are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible (or to the previous occupants if this information cannot Both occupied and be obtained). vacant housing units are included in the housing inventory, except that mobile homes, trailers, tents, etc., are included only if they are occupied.

Group quarters are living arrangements for institutional inmates or for

other groups containing five or more persons not related to the person Group quarters are loin charge. cated most frequently in institutions, boarding houses, military barracks, college dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, hospitals, monasteries, convents, and ships. A house or apartment is considered group quarters if it is shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him, or if there is no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Year-round housing units.—Data on housing characteristics are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant units which are intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because it is difficult to obtain reliable information for them. Counts of the total housing inventory, however, are given for each area presented in this report.

Occupied housing units.—A housing unit is classified as occupied if a person or group of persons is living in it at the time of enumeration or if the occupants are only temporarily absent, for example, on vacation. However, if the persons staying in the unit have their usual place of residence elsewhere the unit is classified as vacant.

Vacant housing units.—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. In addition, a vacant unit may be one which is occupied entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere.

New units not yet occupied are enumerated as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if unfit for human habitation because the roof, walls, windows, or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned.

Vacant housing units are classified in this report as either "seasonal and migratory" (i.e., intended for seasonal occupancy or held for migratory labor) or "year-round." "Seasonal" units are intended for occupancy during only certain seasons of the year. "Migratory" units are vacant units held for occupancy by migratory labor employed in farm work during the crop season. "Year-round" vacant housing units are available or intended for occupancy at any time of the year. A unit in a resort area which is usually occupied on a year-round basis is considered year-round. unit used only occasionally throughout the year is also considered yearround.

Year-round vacant units are subdivided as follows: "for sale only"; "for rent" which also includes vacant units offered either for rent or for sale; and "other" which includes units sold or rented but not yet occupied by the new owner or renter, units held for the occasional use of the owner, and units being held off the market for other reasons.

Tenure.—A housing unit is "owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. A cooperative or condominium unit is "owner oc-

cupied" only if the owner or coowner lives in it. All other occupied units are classified as "renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent.

Persons.—Persons occupying the housing unit include not only occupants related to the head of the household but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, wards, foster children and resident employees who share the living quarters of the household head. The data on "persons" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons.

Units with one or more roomers, boarders, or lodgers are shown as a separate category. Not included as "roomers, boarders, or lodgers" are foster children or wards, servants who live in, companions, and partners.

Year moved into unit.—Data on year moved into unit are based on the information reported for the head of the household. The question refers to the year of latest move. Thus, if the head moved back into a unit he had previously occupied or if he moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year he moved into his present unit was to be reported.

Complete kitchen facilities.—A unit has complete kitchen facilities when it has all three of the following for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit: (1) An installed sink with piped water; (2) a range or cookstove; and (3) a mechanical refrigerator. All kitchen facilities must be located in the structure, although they need not be in the same room. Quarters with only portable cooking equipment are not considered as hav-

ing a range or cookstove. "Lacking complete kitchen facilities" means that the unit does not have all three specified kitchen facilities, or that they are also for the use of the occupants of other housing units.

Access.—"Access only through other living quarters" means that the occupants of a housing unit must go through someone else's living quarters to enter their own; that is, they do not have a direct entrance from the outside or through a common or public hall.

Rooms.—Rooms to be counted include whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Not counted as rooms are bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, halfrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, unfinished attics, basements, or other space used for storage.

Persons per room.—This is computed by dividing the number of persons in the unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown, therefore, refer to the number of housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Year structure built.—Year structure built refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.

Units in structure.—In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented in terms of the number of housing units in structures of specified size, not in

terms of the number of residential structures.

A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof.

Basement.—Statistics on basements are presented in terms of the number of housing units located in structures built with a basement, and are separately tabulated for one-family houses with basements. A structure has a basement if there is enclosed space in which persons can walk upright under all or part of the building.

Plumbing facilities.-The category "with all plumbing facilities" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, as well as a flush toilet and a bathtub or shower inside the structure for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking some or all plumbing" means that the unit does not have all three specified plumbing facilities (hot and cold piped water, as well as flush toilet and bathtub or shower inside the structure), or that the toilet or bathing facilities are also for the use of the occupants of other housing units.

Selected equipment.—Statistics are presented for the number of housing units with the following selected equipment.

With more than one bathroom.— A complete bathroom is a room with flush toilet, bathtub or shower, and wash basin with piped water. A partial or half bathroom has at least a flush toilet or bathtub (or shower), but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. A housing

unit "with more than one bathroom" has, in addition to one complete bathroom, one or more partial or complete bathrooms.

With public water supply.—A public system refers to a common source supplying running water to six or more housing units. The water may be supplied by a city, county, water district, or private water company, or it may be obtained from a well which supplied six or more housing units.

With public sewer.—A "public sewer" is connected to a city, county, sanitary district, neighborhood, or subdivision sewer system. It may be operated by a government body or by a private organization. Small sewage treatment plants which in some localities are called neighborhood septic tanks are also classified as public sewers.

With air conditioning.—Air conditioning is the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. A central system is a central installation which air-conditions the entire housing unit. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room.

Heating equipment.—The list of heating equipment refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used. "Steam or hot water" refers to a central heating system in which heat from steam or hot water is delivered through radiators or other outlets. "Warm air furnace" refers to a central system which provides warm air through ducts leading

to various rooms; central heat pumps are included in this category. "Built-in electric units" are permanently installed in the floors, walls or ceilings. A "floor, wall, or pipeless furnace" delivers warm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed. "Other means" includes room heaters with or without flue, fireplaces, stoves, and portable heaters of all types.

A housing unit "With central or built-in heating system" contains a steam or hot water system, a warm-air furnace, built-in electric units, or a floor, wall, or pipeless furnace.

Automobiles available.—Statistics on automobiles available represent the number of passenger automobiles, including station wagons, which are owned or regularly used by any member of the household and which are ordinarily kept at home. Taxicabs, pickups, or larger trucks were not to be counted.

Value.-Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for if it were for The term "specified ownersale. occupied units" means that the value data are limited to owner-occupied one-family houses on less than ten acres, without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. Owner-occupied cooperatives, condominiums, mobile homes, and trailers from the value are excluded tabulations.

Mean value.—Mean value is the sum of the individual values reported, divided by the number of owner-occupied units for which value is shown. For purposes of computation, the mid-

APPENDIX B-Continued

points of the intervals were used, except that a mean value of \$3,500 was assigned to housing units in the interval "less than \$5,000" and a mean of \$60,000 was assigned to units in the interval "\$50,000 or more,"

Contract rent.—Contract rent is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, even if the furnishings, utilities, or services are included. The term "specified renter-occupied units" means that the contract rent data exclude one-family houses on ten acres or more. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are

shown separately as "no cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Gross rent.—Monthly gross rent is the summation of contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (water, electricity, gas) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.), if these items are paid for by the renter, in addition to rent. Thus, gross rent is intended to eliminate individual differences which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of heat and utilities as part of the rental payment.

Mean gross rent.—Mean gross rent is the sum of the individual rental amounts divided by the number of renter-occupied units, excluding one-family houses on ten acres or more.

Gross rent as percentage of income.— The yearly gross rent (monthly gross rent multiplied by 12) is expressed as a percentage of the total income in 1969 of the family or primary individual. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash is paid and units occupied by families or primary individuals who reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "not computed."

Appendix C.—ACCURACY OF THE DATA

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SOURCES OF ERROR

Human and mechanical errors occur in any mass statistical operation such as a decennial census. Errors during the data collection phase can include failure to obtain required information from respondents, obtaining incorrect or inconsistent information, and recording information in the wrong place or incorrectly. Errors can also occur during the field review of the enumerator's work, the clerical handling of the questionnaires, and the various stages of the electronic processing of the material. Careful efforts are made in every census to keep the errors in each step at an acceptably low level. Quality control and check measures are utilized throughout the census operation.

In the manual editing and coding operation, a sample of the work of each coder was verified, and a coder who showed consistently high error rates was retrained. A coder who still did not produce work of acceptable quality after retraining was removed from the coding operation. In addition, provision was made for correction of any work units for which the error rate exceeded a maximum level. Information on error rates will be given in later publications.

As was done for the 1950 and 1960 censuses, evaluative material on many aspects of the 1970 census will be published as soon as the appropriate data are accumulated and analyzed.

A major concern in the evaluation work is to ascertain, insofar as possible, the degree of completeness of the count of both population and housing units.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the Nation's population and housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for completeness by a census clerk or enumerator, and a followup was made for missing information. The major review occurred in the central processing office, where the editing and coding operation provided an opportunity to correct obvious errors in the respondents' entries for those items which required manual processing. In coding relationship to household head, for example, the clerk made use of written entries, which the computer is not able to read, in determining the correct entry where the machine readable item was blank or contained conflicting information. For a few of the items, the respondents' entries were reviewed for reasonableness or consistency on the basis of other information on the questionnaire. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in mechanical editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or merely spurious marks. If the

questionnaire contained entries for at least two of the basic characteristics (relationship, sex, race, age, marital status), or for at least two relevant sample characteristics, the inference was made that the marks represented a person. Names were not used as a criterion of the presence of a person because the electronic scanning was unable to distinguish between a name and any other entry in the name space.

If any characteristics for a person or housing unit were missing, they were, in most cases, supplied by allocation. Allocations, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were needed most often where an entry for a given item was lacking or where the information reported for a person or housing unit on that item was inconsistent with other information for the person or The assignment of housing unit. acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries, it is believed, enhances the usefulness of the data.

For housing data, the assignment was based on related information reported for the housing unit or on information reported for a similar unit in the immediate neighborhood. For example, if tenure for an occupied unit was omitted but a rental amount was reported, the computer automatically edited tenure to "rented for cash rent." The technique may also be illustrated by the procedure used in the assignment for unknown age. The computer stored reported ages of persons by sex, race, household relationship, and marital status. Each stored age was retained in the computer only until a person having the same set of characteristics, and with age reported was processed through the computer in the edit operation; this stored age was assigned to the next person whose age was

unknown and who otherwise had the same set of specified characteristics,

The editing process also includes another type of correction; namely, the assignment of a full set of characteristics for a person. When there was indication that a housing unit was occupied but the questionnaire contained no information for any person, a previously processed household was selected as a substitute and the full set of characteristics for each substitute person was duplicated.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations and substitutions that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

The extent of allocation for States, counties, and other areas will be shown in the allocation tables in chapters B and C of the 1970 Census of Population Volume I, Characteristics of the Population, and chapters A and B of Census of Housing Volume I, Characteristics for States, Cities, and Counties.

SAMPLE DESIGN

For persons living in housing units at the time of the 1970 census, the housing unit, including all its occupants, was the sampling unit; for persons in group quarters identified in advance of the census, it was the person. In nonmail areas, the enumerator canvassed his assigned area and listed all housing units in an

address register sequentially in the order in which he first visited the units whether or not he completed the interview. Every fifth line of the address register was designated as a sample line, and the housing units listed on these lines were included in the sample. Each enumerator was given a random line on which he was to start listing and the order of canvassing was indicated in advance, although the instructions allowed some latitude in the order of

visiting addresses. In mail areas, the list of housing units was prepared prior to Census Day either by employing commercial mailing lists corrected through the cooperation of the post office or by listing the units in a process similar to that used in nonmail areas. As in other areas, every fifth housing unit of these lists was designated to be in the sample. In group quarters, all persons were listed and every fifth person was selected for the sample.

TABLE C. Sample Rate for Subjects Included in This Report

[Subjects marked with an asterisk (*) were tabulated on a 100% basis for tables P-1, H-1, and H-3. All subjects shown in the tables for persons of Spanish heritage (P-7, P-8, and H-5) were tabulated on a 15% basis. The subjects covered in the remaining tables (P-2 to P-6, H-2, and H-4) were tabulated according to the sample rates shown below]

Population subjects	Sample rate (percent)	Sam Housing subjects rat (perc	e
*Sex	20	*All year-round housing units	20
*Race	20	*Occupied housing units: table H-2.	15
*Age	20	table H-4.	20
*Household relationship	20	*Cooperative or condominium	-
*Family composition		*Vacancy status	-
*Marital status		*Tenure of housing unit	
Children ever born	20	Year moved into unit	15
Country of origin	15	*Number of rooms	_
Nativity and parentage	15	*Size of household (persons)	
School enrollment	15	*Persons per room	_
Years of school completed	l 20	*Plumbing facilities	_
Residence in 1965	15	Bathrooms	15
Employment status	20	Source of water	15
Place of work	15	Sewage disposal	15
Means of transportation to	work , 15	*Complete kitchen facilities	-
Occupation	20	*Access	-
Industry	20	Units in structure	
Class of worker	20	Year structure built	
Income	20	Basement	
Poverty status	20	Heating equipment	
		Air conditioning	15
		Automobiles available	15
		*Value	
		*Contract rent	_
		Gross rent	.20

This 20-percent sample was subdivided into a 15-percent and a 5percent sample by designating every fourth 20-percent sample unit as a member of the 5-percent sample. The remaining sample units became the 15-percent sample. Two types of sample questionnaires were used, one for the 5-percent and one for the 15-percent sample units. Some questions were included on both the 5percent and 15-percent sample forms and therefore appear for a sample of 20 percent of the units in the census. Other items appeared on either the 15-percent or the 5-percent question-The sample rates for the various items appearing in this report are shown in table C.

Although the sampling procedure did not automatically insure an exact 20-percent sample of persons or housing units in each locality, the sample design was unbiased if carried through according to instructions; generally for large areas the deviation from 20 percent was found to be quite small. Biases may have arisen when the enumerator failed to follow his listing and sampling instructions exactly. Quality control procedures were used throughout the census process, however, and where there was clear evidence that the sampling procedures were not properly followed, the work was returned to the field for resampling. No attempt at sampling was made for the relatively small numbers of persons and housing units (in most States, less than one percent) added to the enumeration from the post-census post office check, the various supplemental forms, and the special check of vacant units. The ratio estimation procedure described below adjusts the sample data to reflect these classes of population and housing units.

RATIO ESTIMATION

The statistics based on 1970 census sample data are estimates made through the use of ratio estimation procedures, applied separately for the 15- and 20-The first step in percent samples. carrying through the ratio estimates was to establish the areas within which separate ratios were to be prepared. These are referred to as "weighting areas." A single set of weighting areas, containing a minimum population size of 2,500, was defined for use with the 15- and 20-percent samples. Weighting areas were established by mechanical operation on the computer and were defined to conform, as nearly as possible, to areas for which tabulations are produced. In general, sample estimates for a tract may be expected to agree with complete counts whenever the tract was a weighting area. However, tracts were not weighting areas whenever the population was less than 2,500 persons, where the tract was a part of more than one county subdivision or place, or where the Census procedure was not the same in all parts of the tract. In these situations, part of a tract may have been combined with other partial or complete tracts to make up a weighting area and sample estimates for an individual tract in the combination may not agree with complete counts for the tract.

Separate ratio estimation processes were used for persons and for housing units. The ratio estimation process for persons operated in three stages. The first stage employed 19 household-type groups (the first of which was empty by definition). The second stage used two groups, head of household and not head of household, and the third stage used 24 age-sex-race groups.

Group	STAGE I
	Male Head With Own Children
	Under 18
1	1-person household
2 3	2-person household 3-person household
3	3-person nouseriolo
6	6-or-more-person house- hold
7-12	Male Head Without Own Children Under 18 1-person to 6-or-more-
	person households
	Female Head
13-18	1-person to 6-or-more- person households
19	Group Quarters Persons
	STAGE II
20	Head of Household
21	Not Head of Household (in-
21	cluding persons in group quarters)
	STAGE III
22 23 24 25 26 27	Male Negro Age under 5 years 5-13 14-24 25-44 45-64 65 and older
28-33	<i>Male, Not Negro</i> Same age groups as for Male Negro
34-39	Female Negro Same age groups as for Male Negro
	Female, Not Negro

Same age groups as for

Male Negro

40-45

The ratio estimation process for housing operated in two stages for occupied housing units, and in one stage for vacant units. The first stage for occupied units employed 18 household-type groups (the first of which was empty by definition); the second stage for occupied units used four groups: owner and renter occupied units, by race. The single stage for vacant units employed three groups: year-round vacant for sale, year-round vacant for rent, and other vacant.

Occupied housing units:

Group	STAGE I
	Male Head With Own Children
	Under 18
1	1-person household
2 3	2-person household
3	3-person household
•	•
6	
ь	6-or-more-person house- hold
	nola
	Male Head Without Own
	Children Under 18
7-12	1-person to 6-or-more
	person households
	Female Head
13-18	1-person to 6-or-more-
	person households
	STAGE II
	Owner Occupied
19	Negro
20	Not Negro
	Renter Occupied
21	Negro
22	Not Negro

Vacant housing units:

Group	STAGE I
23	Year-round vacant for sale
24	Year-round vacant for rent
25	Other vacant

At each stage, for each of the groups, the ratio of the complete count to the weighted sample count in the group was computed and applied to the weight of each sample person or housing unit in the group. For population, this operation was performed for each of the 19 groups in the first stage, then for the two groups in the second stage and finally for the 24 groups in the third stage. For occupied housing units this was performed first for the 18 groups in the first stage and then for the 4 groups in the second stage.

As a rule, the weighted sample counts within each of the groups in the final stage should agree with the complete counts for the weighting Close, although not exact, consistency can be expected for the groups in the preceding stages. There are some exceptions to this general rule, however. As indicated above, there may be differences between the complete counts and sample estimates when the tabulation area is not made up of whole weighting areas. As a result, sample estimates at the tract level may not agree with complete counts when the tract did not form a weighting area. Generally, for 15and 20-percent items, there may be such a difference whenever the population in the tract is less than 2,500 people. Furthermore, in order to increase the reliability, a separate ratio was not computed in a ratio estimation group whenever certain criteria pertaining to the complete counts and the magnitude of the weight were not met. For example, for the 15and 20-percent population sample the
complete count of persons in a group
had to exceed 85 persons and the ratio
of the complete count to the unweighted sample count could not exceed 20. Where these criteria were
not met, groups were combined in
a specific order until the conditions
were met. Where this occurred, consistency between the weighted sample
and the complete counts would apply
as indicated above for the combined
group but not necessarily for each of
the groups in the combination.

Each sample person or housing unit was assigned an integral weight to avoid the complications involved in rounding in the final tables. If, for example, the final weight for a group was 5.2, one-fifth of the persons or housing units in the group (selected at random) were assigned a weight of 6 and the remaining four-fifths a weight of 5.

The estimates realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted had the persons and housing units been stratified into the groups before sampling. The net effect is a reduction in both the sampling error and possible bias of most statistics below what would be obtained by weighting the results of the sample by a uniform factor (e.g., by weighting the 20-percent sample results by a uniform factor of 5). The reduction in sampling error will be trivial for some items and substantial for others, A by-product of this estimation procedure is that estimates for this sample are, in general, consistent with the complete count for the groups used in the estimation procedure. A more complete discussion of the technical aspects of these ratio estimates will be presented in a separate report.

SAMPLING VARIABILITY

The estimates from sample tabulations are subject to sampling variability. The standard errors of these estimates can be approximated by using the data in tables D through F. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the difference (due to sampling variability) between the sample estimate and the figure that would have been obtained from a complete count of the population is less than the standard error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference is less than twice the standard error and about 99 out of 100 that it is less than 2½ times the standard error. The amount by which the estimated standard error must be multiplied to obtain other odds deemed more appropriate can be found in most statistical textbooks, The sampling errors may be obtained by using the factors shown in table F in conjunction with table D for absolute numbers and in conjunction with table E for percentages. In addition to sampling errors, these tables reflect the effect of simple response variance, but not of bias arising in the collection, processing and estimation steps, nor of the correlated errors enumerators introduce; estimates of the magnitude of some of these factors in the total error are being evaluated and will be published at a later

Table D shows approximate standard errors of estimated numbers for most statistics based on the 20-percent sample. In determining the figures for this table, some aspects of the sample design, the estimation process, and the population of the area over which the data have been compiled are ignored. Table E shows standard errors of most percentages based on

the 20-percent sample. Linear interpolation in tables D and E will provide approximate results that are satisfactory for most purposes. Table F provides a factor by which the standard errors shown in tables D or E should be multiplied to adjust for the combined effect of the sample size (i.e., whether a 20-percent or 15-percent sample) the sample design and the estimation procedure.

To estimate the standard error for a given characteristic based on the 15-percent sample, or for a more precise estimate for the 20-percent sample, locate in table F the factor applying to the characteristic and sample size used to tabulate the data and multiply this factor by the standard error found in table D or E. If the estimate is not identified in table F. use the factor shown for "all Where data are shown as other." cross-classifications of two characteristics, locate and use the larger factor. Similarly, if an item collected on a 20-percent basis has been tabulated for the 15-percent sample, use the factor appropriate for the 15-percent sample.

The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference, the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the three following situations:

For a difference between the sample figure and one based on a complete count (e.g., arising from comparisons between 1970 sample statistics and complete-count statistics for 1960 or 1950), the standard error is identical with the standard error of the 1970 estimate alone.

- 2. For a difference between two sample figures (that is, one from 1970) and the other from 1960, or both from the same census year), the standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the squares of the standard errors of each estimate considered separately. This formula will represent the actual standard error quite accurately for the difference between estimates of the same characteristic in two different areas, or for the difference between separate and uncorrelated characteristics in the same area. If, however, there is a high positive correlation between the two characteristics, the formula will overestimate the true standard error. The approximate standard error for the 1970 sample figure is derived directly from tables D through F. The standard error of a 25-percent 1960 sample figure may be obtained from the relevant 1960 census report or an approximate value may be obtained by multiplying the appropriate value in table D or E by 0.9.
- 3. For a difference between two sample estimates, one of which represents a subclass of the other, the tables can be used directly, with the difference considered as the sample estimate.

The sampling variability of the medians presented in certain tables (median years of school completed, median rent, etc.) depends on the size of the base and on the distribution on which the median is based. An approximate method for measuring the reliability of an estimated median is to determine an interval about the estimated median such that there is a stated degree of confidence the true median lies

As the first within the interval. step in estimating the upper and lower limits of the interval (that is, the confidence limits) about the median, compute one-half the number on which the median is based (designated N/2). From table D, following the method outlined in other parts of this section, compute the standard error of an estimated number equal to N/2. Subtract this standard error from N/2. Cumulate the frequencies (in the table on which the median is based) until the total first exceeds the difference between N/2 and its standard error and by linear interpolation obtain a value corresponding to this number. In a corresponding manner, add the standard error to N/2, cumulate the frequencies in the table, and obtain a value in the table on which the median is based corresponding to the sum of N/2 and its standard error. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the median would lie between these two values. The range for 19 chances out of 20 and for 99 in 100 can be computed in a similar manner by multiplying the standard error by the appropriate factors before subtracting from and adding to one-half the number reporting the characteristic. Interpolation to obtain the values corresponding to these numbers gives the confidence limits for the median.

The sampling variability of a mean, such as the number of children ever born per 1,000 women or mean income, presented in certain tables, depends on the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design, (for example, the use of house-

holds as the sampling unit), and the use of ratio estimates.

An approximation to the variability of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the standard deviation of the distribution on which the mean is based; divide this figure by the square root of one-fifth of the total units in the distribution; multiply this quotient by the factor from table F appropriate to the statistic and the actual sample rate on which the mean is based. distribution is not published in the detailed tables, calculate the standard deviation from a comparable distribution for a larger area or for a similar population group; divide by the square root of one-fifth of the units on which the mean of interest is based; multiply the quotient by the factor from table F.

TABLE D. Approximate Standard Error of Estimated Number Based on 20-Percent Sample (Range of 2 chances out of 3)

Estimated number (persons or housing units)	Standard error	Estimated number (persons or housing units)	Standard error	
50	20 30	1,000		

TABLE E. Approximate Standard Error of Estimated Percentage Based on 20-Percent Sample (Range of 2 chances out of 3)

Estimated percentage	Base of percentage (persons or housing units)					
Estimated percentage	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	10,000	15,000
2 or 98	1.3	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2
5 or 95	2.0	1.4	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.4
10 or 90	2.7	1.9	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.5
25 or 75	3.9	2.7	1.7	1.2	0.9	0.7
50	4.5	3.2	2.0	1.4	1.0	0.8

TABLE F. Factor to be Applied to Standard Errors

[Subjects marked with an asterisk were tabulated on a 100% basis for tables P-1, H-1, and H-3. Standard errors are not applicable to these tables]

Population	Sample rate		Housing	Sample rate	
subjects ¹	(percent)	Factor	subjects ¹	(percent)	Factor
*Race	20	1.6	*Tenure	20	0.2
*Age	20	0.8	*Rooms	20	1.0
*Household relationship	20	0.5	*Persons per room	20	0.4
*Family composition	20	0.6	*Value	20	1.0
Country of origin (including	i		Units in structure	20	8.0
Spanish heritage subjects)	15	1.6	Year structure built	20	0.9
Nativity and parentage	15	1.7	Heating equipment	20	8.0
School enrollment	15	1.0	Basement	20	0.9
Years of school completed	20	1.0	Source of water	15	1.0
Residence in 1965	15	2.0	Sewage disposal	15	1.0
Employment status	20	0.8	Air conditioning	15	1.1
Place of work	15	1.3	Year moved into unit	15	1.1
Means of transportation		!	Gross rent	20	0.9
to work	15	1.3	All other -20 percent	20	1.0
Occupation	20	1.1	15 percent	15	1.2
Industry	20	1.1	1		
Class of worker	20	1.1			ĺ
Income—persons	20	1.0	1		1
families	20	1.0	1	ļ	1
Poverty status—persons	20	1.9		,	1
—families	20	1,0			ĺ
All other 20 percent	20	1,0	1	1	ĺ
-15 percent	15	1.2		1	1

¹Tabulations of data for persons of Spanish heritage are based on the 15-percent sample. For subjects shown in this table as based on the 20-percent sample, the factor for persons of Spanish heritage is obtained by multiplying the appropriate factor in this table by 1.2. For subjects shown as based on the 15-percent sample, the factor in this table can be used directly.

Appendix D.—PUBLICATION AND COMPUTER SUMMARY TAPE PROGRAM

The results of the 1970 Census of Population and Housing are being issued in the form of printed reports, microfiche copies of the printed reports, computer summary tapes, computer printouts, and microfilm. Listed below are short descriptions of the final report series and computer tapes, as currently planned. More detailed information on this program can be obtained by writing to the Publications Distribution Section, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

Population Census Reports

Volume 1.

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION

This volume will consist of 58 "parts"—number 1 for the United States, numbers 2 through 52 for the 50 States and the District of Columbia in alphabetical order, and numbers 53 through 58 for Puerto Rico, Guam, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Canal Zone, and Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, respectively. Each part, which will be a separate clothbound book, will contain four chapter (for each of the 58 areas) will first be issued as an individual paperbound report in four series designated as PC(1)-A, B, C, and D, respectively. The 58 PC(1)-A reports will be specially assembled and issued in a clothbound book, designated as Part A.

Series PC(1)-A. NUMBER OF INHABITANTS.

Final official population counts are presented for States, counties by urban and rural residence, standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's), urbanized areas, county subdivisions, all incorporated places, and unincorporated places of 1,000 inhabitants or more.

Series PC(1)-B. GENERAL POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics on age, sex, race, marital status, and relationship to head of household are presented for States, counties by urban and rural residence, SMSA's, urbanized areas, county subdivisions, and places of 1,000 inhabitants or more.

Series PC(1)-C. GENERAL SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics are presented on nativity and parentage, State or country of birth, Spanish origin, mother tongue, residence 5 years ago, year moved into present house, school enrollment (public or private), years of school completed, vocational training, number of children ever born, family composition, disability, veteran status, employment status, place of work, means of transportation to work, occupation group, industry group, class of worker, and income (by type) in 1969 of families and individuals. Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas: States, counties (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, and places of 2,500 inhabitants or more.

■ Series PC(1)-D. DETAILED CHARACTERISTICS

These reports will cover most of the subjects shown in Series PC(1)-C, above, presenting the data in considerable detail and cross-classified by age, race, and other characteristics. Each subject will be shown for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, and large cities.

Volume !!. SUBJECT REPORTS

Each report in this volume, also designated as Series PC(2), will concentrate on a particular subject. Detailed information and cross-relationships will generally be provided on a national and regional level; in some reports, data for States or SMSA's will also be shown. Among the characteristics to be covered are national origin and race, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, unemployment, occupation, industry, and income.

Housing Census Reports

Volume I. HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS FOR STATES, CITIES, AND COUNTIES

This volume will consist of 58 "parts"—number 1 for the United States, numbers 2 through 52 for the 50 States and the District of Columbia in alphabetical order, and numbers 53 through 58 for Puerto Rico, Guam, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Canal Zone, and Irust Territory of the Pacific Islands, respectively. Each part, which will be a separate clothbound book, will contain two chapters designated as A and B. Each chapter (for each of the 58 areas) will first be issued as an individual paperbound report in two series designated as HC(1)-A and B, respectively.

Series HC(1)-A. GENERAL HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics on tenure, kitchen facilities, plumbing facilities, number of rooms, persons per room, units in structure, mobile home, telephone, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are presented for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban and rural residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, places of 1,000 inhabitants or more, and counties.

Series HC(1)·B. DETAILED HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics are presented on a more detailed basis for the subjects included in the Series HC(1)-A reports, as well as on such additional subjects as year moved into unit, year structure built, basement, heating equipment, fuels, air conditioning, water and sewage, appliances, gross rent, and ownership of second home. Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, places of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and counties (by rural and rural-farm residence).

Volume II. METROPOLITAN HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

These reports, also designated as Series HC(2), will cover most of the 1970 census housing subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. There will be one report for each SMSA, presenting data for the SMSA and its central cities and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more, as well as a national summary report.

Volume III. BLOCK STATISTICS

One report, under the designation Series HC(3), is issued for each urbanized area showing data for individual blocks on selected housing and population subjects. The series also includes reports for the communities outside urbanized areas which have contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics from the 1970 census.

COMPONENTS OF INVENTORY CHANGE

This volume will contain data on the disposition of the 1960 inventory and the source of the 1970 inventory, such as new construction, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses. Cross-tabulations of 1970 and 1960 characteristics for units that have not changed and characteristics of the present and previous residence of recent movers will also be provided. Statistics will be shown for 15 selected SMSA's and for the United States and regions.

Volume V. RESIDENTIAL FINANCE

This volume will present data regarding the financing of privately owned nonfarm residential properties. Statistics will be shown on amount of outstanding mortgage debt, manner of acquisition of property, homeowner expenses, and other owner, property, and mortgage characteristics for the United States and regions.

Volume VI. ESTIMATES OF "SUBSTANDARD" HOUSING

This volume will present counts of "substandard" housing units for counties and cities, based on the number of units lacking plumbing facilities combined with estimates of units with all plumbing facilities but in "dilapidated" condition.

Volume VII. SUBJECT REPORTS

Each report in this volume will concentrate on a particular subject. Detailed information and cross-classifications will generally be provided on a national and regional level; in some reports, data for States or SMSA's may also be shown. Among the subjects to be covered are housing charactristics by household composition, housing of minority groups and senior citizens, and households in mobile homes.

Joint Population-Housing Reports

Series PHC(1). CENSUS TRACT REPORTS

This series contains one report for each SMSA, showing data for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1970 census.

Series PHC(2).

GENERAL DEMOGRAPHIC TRENDS FOR METROPOLITAN AREAS, 1960 to 1970

This series consists of one report for each State and the District of Columbia, as well as a national summary report, presenting statistics for the State and for SMSA's and their central cities and constituent counties. Comparative 1960 and 1970 data are shown on population counts by age and race and on such housing subjects as tenure, plumbing facilities, value, and contract rent.

Series PHC(3). EMPLOYMENT PROFILES OF SELECTED LOW-INCOME AREAS

This series will consist of approximately 70 reports, each presenting statistics on the social and economic characteristics of the residents of a particular low-income area. The data relate to low-income neighborhoods in 54 cities and seven rural poverty areas. Each report will provide statistics on employment and unemployment, education, vocational training, availability for work, job history, and income, as well as on value or rent and number of rooms in the housing unit.

Additional Reports

Series PHC(E). EVALUATION REPORTS

This open series will present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1970 census program, and relating to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

Series PHC(R). PROCEDURAL REPORTS

This open series presents information on various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1970 census, and will include a comprehensive procedural history of the 1970 census. The first report issued focuses on the forms and procedures used in the data collection phase of the census.

Computer Summary Tapes

The major portion of the results of the 1970 census will be produced in a set of six tabulation counts. To help meet the needs of census users, these counts are being designed to provide data with much greater subject and geographic detail than it is feasible or desirable to publish in printed reports. The data so tabulated will generally be available—subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality—on magnetic computer tape, printouts, and microfilm, at the cost of preparing the copy.

First Count—source of the PC(1)-A reports; contains about 400 cells of data on the subjects covered in the PC(1)-B and HC(1)-A reports and tabulated for each of the approximately 250,000 enumeration districts in the United States.

Second Count—source of the PC(1)-B, HC(1)-A, and part of the PHC(1) reports; contains about 3,500 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for the approximately 35,000 tracts and 35,000 county subdivisions in the United States.

Third Count—source of the HC(3) reports; contains about 250 cells of data on the subjects covered in the PC(1)-B and HC(1)-A reports and tabulated for approximately 1,500,000 blocks in the United States

Fourth Count—source of the PC(1)-C, HC (1)-B, and part of the PHC(1) reports; contains about 13,000 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for the approximately 35,000 tracts and 35,000 county subdivisions in the United States; also contains about 30,000 cells of data for each county.

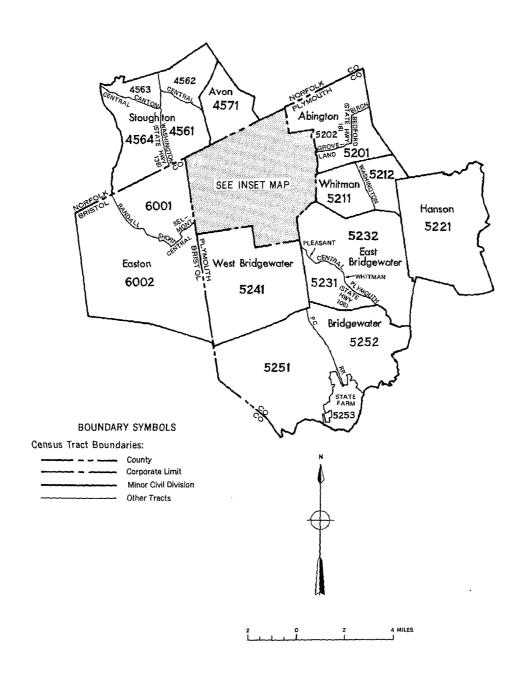
Fifth Count—will contain approximately 800 cells of population and housing data for 5-digit ZIP code areas in SMSA's and 3-digit ZIP code areas outside SMSA's; the ZIP code data will be available only on tape.

Sixth Count—source of the PC(1)-D and HC(2) reports; will contain about 260,000 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for States, SMSA's, and large cities.

The tapes will generally be organized on a State basis. To use the First Count and Third Count tapes, it will be necessary to purchase the appropriate enumeration district and block maps.

The term "cells" used herein to indicate the scope of subject content of the several counts refers to each figure or statistic in the tabulation for a specific geo-graphic area. For example, in the Third Count, there are six cells for a crossclassification of race by sex: three cate-gories of race (white, Negro, other race) by two categories of sex (male, female). In addition to the above-mentioned summary tapes, the Census Bureau will make available for purchase certain sample tape files containing population and houstape files containing population and flowing characteristics as shown on individual census records. These files will contain no names or addresses, and the geographic identification will be sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality. There will be six files, each containing a 1-percent national sample of persons and housing units. Three of the files will be drawn from the population covered by the census 15-percent sample and three from the population in the census 5-per-cent sample. Each of these three files will provide a different type of geographic information: One will identify individual large SMSA's and, for the rest of the country, groups of counties; the second will identify individual States and, where they are sufficiently large, will provide urban-rural and metropolitan-nonmetro-politan detail; and the third will identify State groups and size of place, with each individual record showing selected characteristics of the person's neighborhood.

CENSUS TRACTS IN THE BROCKTON, MASS. SMSA



CENSUS TRACTS IN THE BROCKTON, MASS. SMSA INSET MAP - BROCKTON

